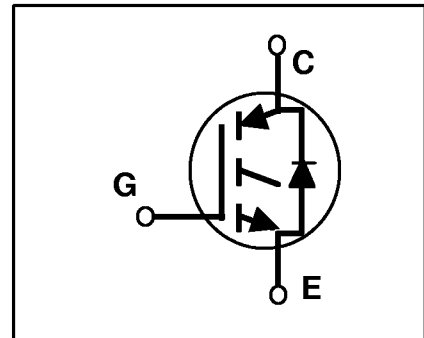
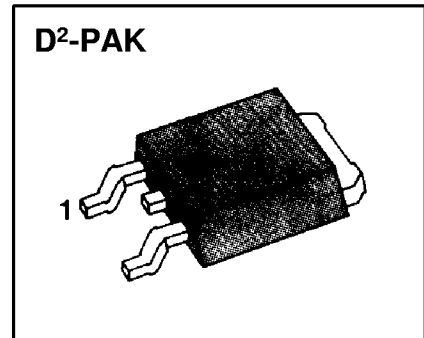


FEATURES

- * High Speed Switching
- * Low Saturation Voltage
: $V_{CE(sat)} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ (at $I_C=6.5\text{A}$)
- * High Input Impedance
- * CO-PAK, IGBT with FRD
: $T_{rr} = 37\text{nS}$ (Typ)

APPLICATIONS

- * AC & DC Motor controls
- * General Purpose Inverters
- * Robotics , Servo Controls
- * Power Supply
- * Lamp Ballast



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Characteristics		Rating	Unit
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage		600	V
V_{GE}	Gate - Emitter Voltage		± 20	V
I_C	Continuous Collector Current	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	13	A
		$T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$	6.5	
$I_{CM(1)}$	Pulsed Collector Current		52	A
I_F	Diode Continuous Forward Current	$T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$	8	A
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current		56	
P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	60	W
		$T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$	24	
T_j	Operating Junction Temperature		-55 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			
T_L	Maximum Lead Temp. For Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds		300	$^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:(1) Repetitive rating : Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (IGBT PART)

(T_j=25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Characteristics	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
BV _{CES}	C - E Breakdown Voltage	V _{GE} = 0V , I _C = 250μA	600			V
ΔV _{CES} / ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	V _{GE} = 0V , I _C = 1mA		0.6		V/°C
V _{GE(th)}	G - E threshold voltage	I _C = 250μA , V _{CE} = V _{GE}	3.5	5.5	7.5	V
I _{CES}	Collector cutoff Current	V _{CE} = V _{CES} , V _{GE} = 0V			250	μA
I _{GES}	G - E leakage Current	V _{GE} = V _{GES} , V _{CE} = 0V			100	nA
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector to Emitter saturation voltage	V _{GE} = 15V, I _C =6.5A V _{GE} = 15V, I _C =13A		2.2 2.8	3.0	V
C _{ies}	Input capacitance	V _{GE} = 0V , f = 1MHz		350		pF
C _{oes}	Output capacitance	V _{CE} = 30V		35		pF
C _{res}	Reverse transfer capacitance			12		pF
t _{on}	Turn on time	V _{CC} = 480V , I _C = 6.5A		17		ns
t _r	Turn on rise time	V _{GE} = 15V		20		ns
t _{off}	Turn off time	R _G = 50Ω		70	95	ns
t _f	Turn off fall time	Inductive Load		120	280	ns
E _{on}	Turn on Switching Loss			0.14		mJ
E _{off}	Turn off Switching Loss			0.24		mJ
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss			0.38	0.6	mJ
Q _g	Total Gate Charge	V _{CC} = 480V		19	26	nC
Q _{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge	V _{GE} = 15V		6	8.8	nC
Q _{gc}	Gate-Collector Charge	I _C = 6.5A		7.3	11.5	nC
L _e	Internal Emitter Inductance	Measured 5mm from PKG		7.5		nH

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (DIODE PART)

(Tj=25 °C, Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Characteristics	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _F =8.0A I _F =8.0A , T _j =150°C		1.4 1.3	1.7 1.6	V	
T _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F =8.0A, V _R =200V di/dt=200A/uS	T _j =25°C		37 55	nS	
			T _j =125°C		55 90		
I _{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current		T _j =25°C		3.5 4.5	5.0 8.0	A
			T _j =125°C				
Q _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge		T _j =25°C		65 124	138 360	nC
			T _j =125°C				

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Typ	Max	Units
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-Case(IGBT)			2.0	°C/W
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-Case(DIODE)			3.5	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-Ambient, (PCB Mount)			40	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-Ambient, Typical socket mount			80	°C/W

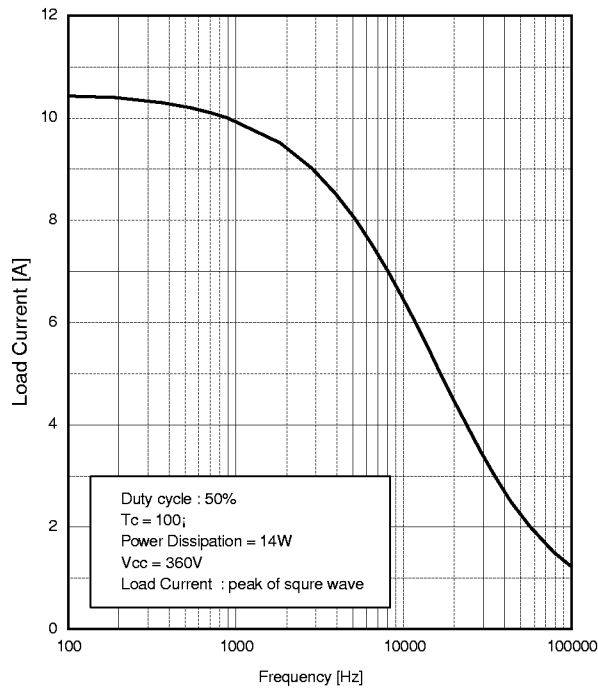


Fig.1 Typical Load Current vs. Frequency

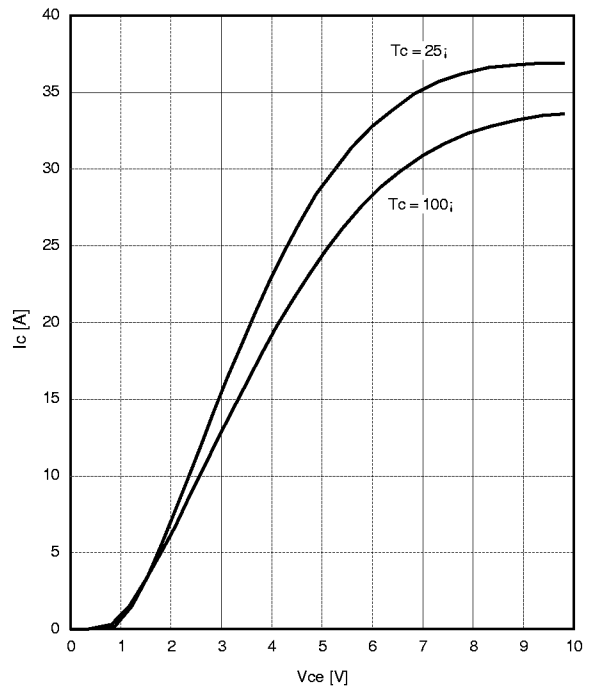


Fig.2 Typical Output Characteristics

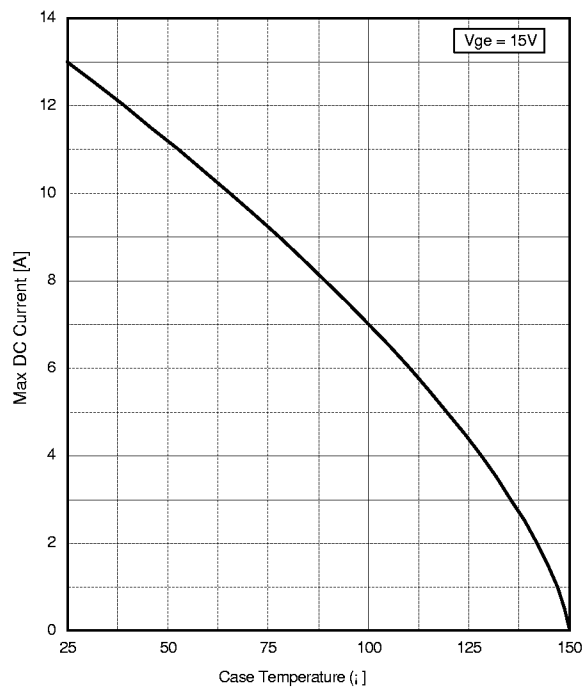


Fig.3 Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

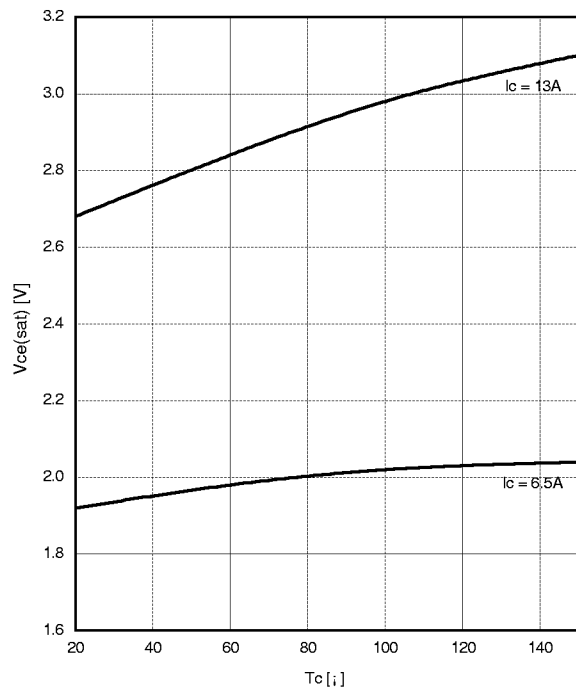


Fig.4 Collector to Emitter Voltage vs. Case Temperature

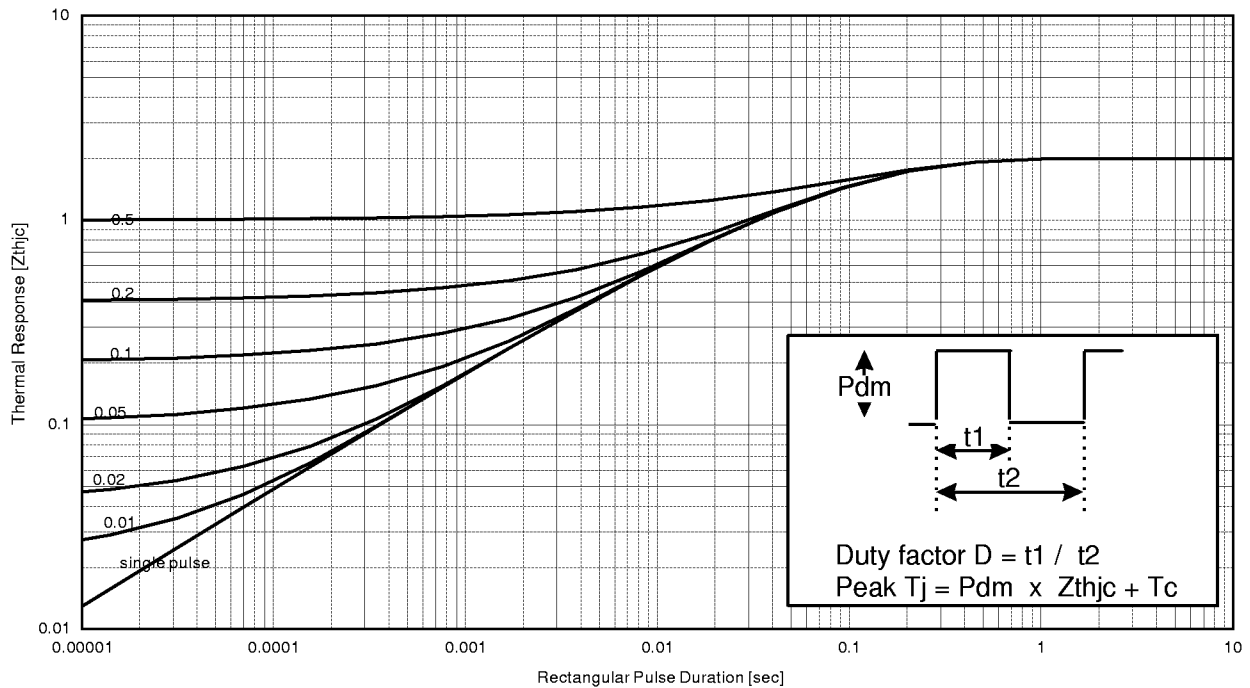


Fig.5 Maximum IGBT Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction to Case

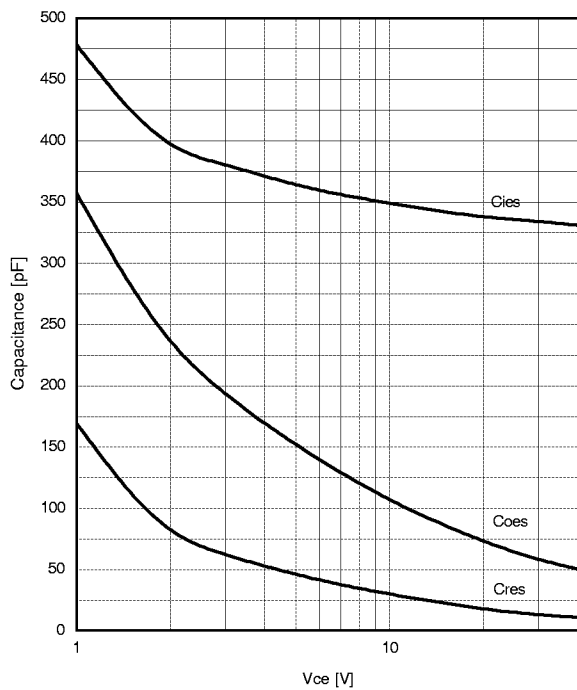


Fig.6 Typical Capacitance vs. Collector to Emitter Voltage

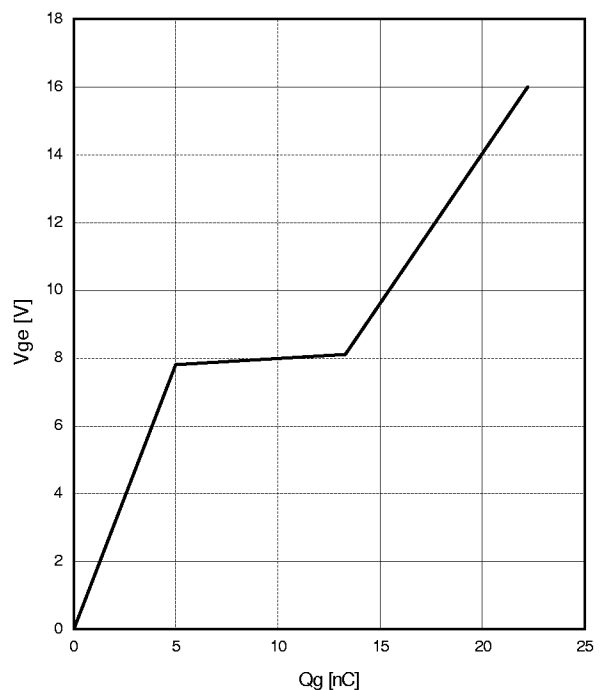


Fig.7 Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate to Emitter Voltage

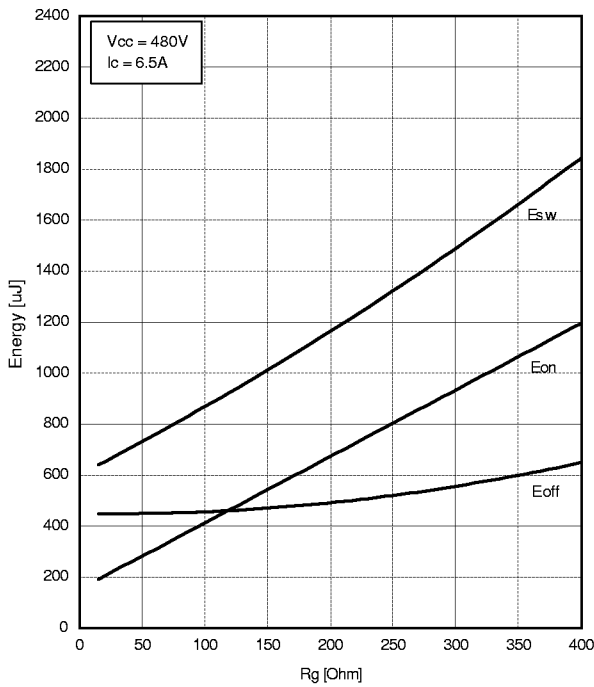


Fig.8 Typical Switching Loss vs. Gate Resistance

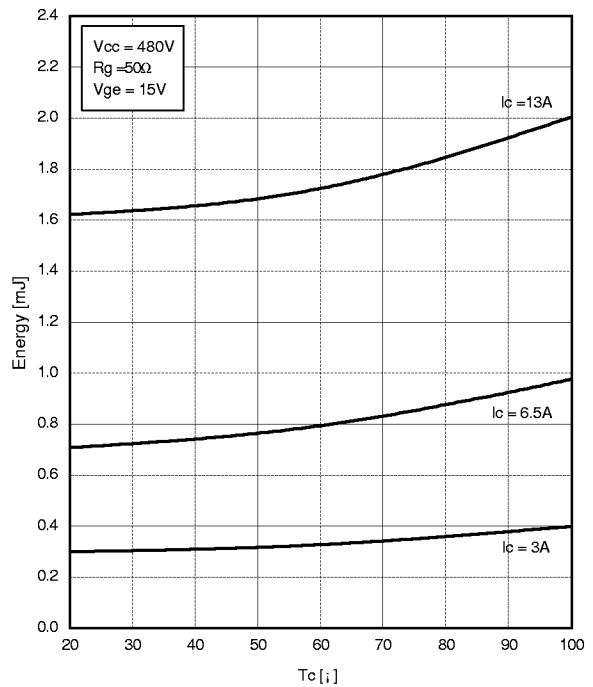


Fig.9 Typical Switching Loss vs. Case Temperature

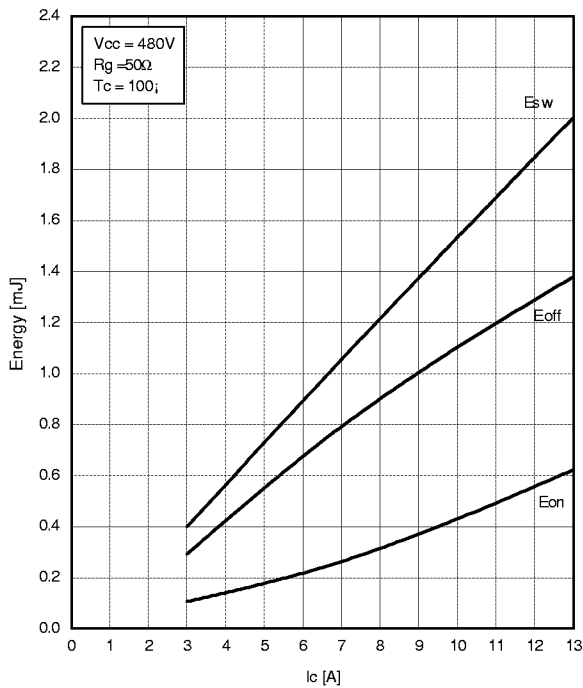


Fig.10 Typical Switching loss vs. Collector to Emitter Current

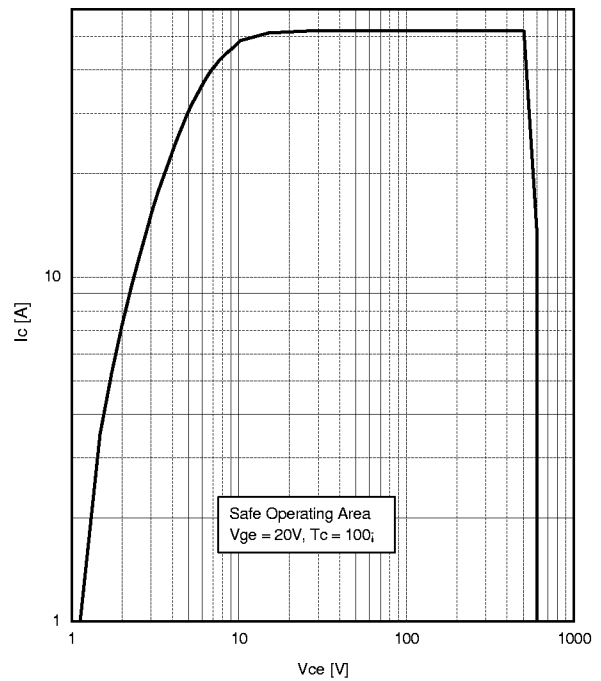


Fig.11 Turn-off SOA

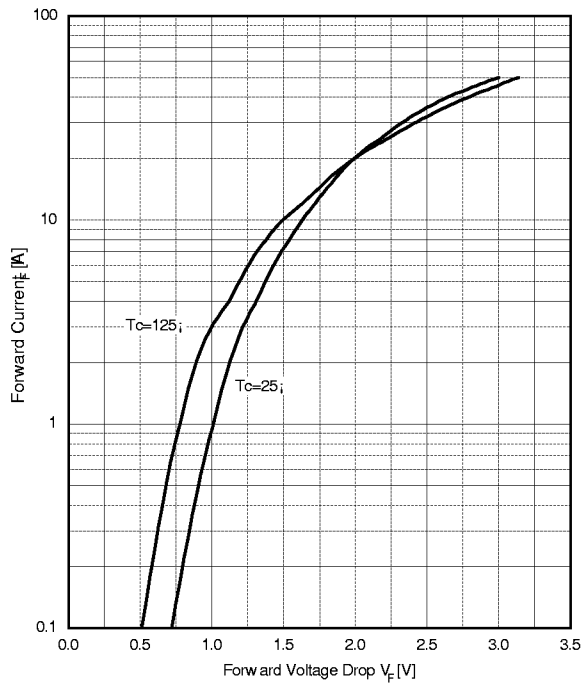


Fig.12 Typical Forward Voltage Drop vs. Forward Current

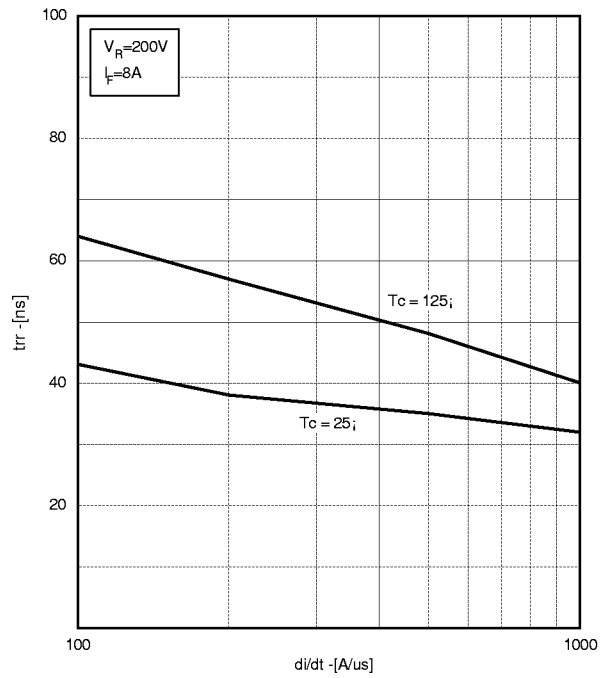


Fig.13 Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. di/dt

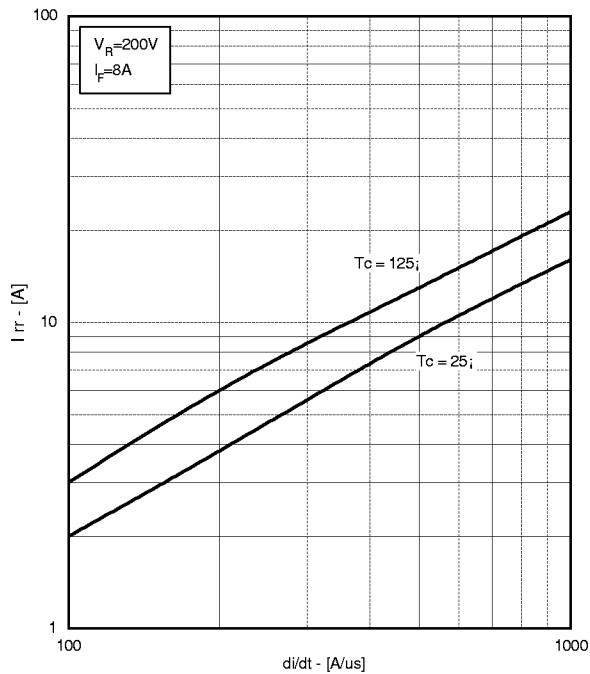


Fig.14 Typical Reverse Recovery Current vs. di/dt

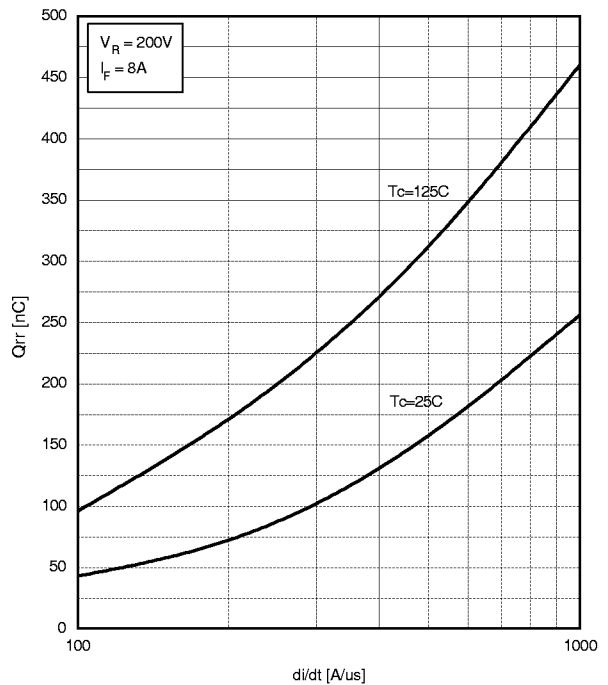


Fig.15 Typical Stored Charge vs. di/dt