

# PUTs

Planar, TO-18, Hermetic

T-25-09

### FEATURES

- Hermetically Sealed TO-18 Metal Can
- Programmable  $\eta$ ,  $R_{BB}$ ,  $I_p$  and  $I_v$
- Maximum Peak Point Current: 150nA
- Minimum Valley Current to 1.5mA
- Nano-Amp Leakage
- Passivated Planar Construction for Maximum Reliability and Parameter Uniformity

### DESCRIPTION

Functionally equivalent to standard unijunction transistors, Unitrode's Programmable Unijunction Transistors offer the distinct advantage of versatile programming. External resistors can be added to meet the designer's needs in programming  $\eta$ ,  $R_{BB}$ ,  $I_p$  and  $I_v$  functions. This series also features a hermetically sealed TO-18 package for optimum reliability in all environmental conditions. Applications include pulse and timing circuits, SCR trigger circuits, relaxation oscillators and sensing circuits. For additional information see Unitrode Application Note U-66.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

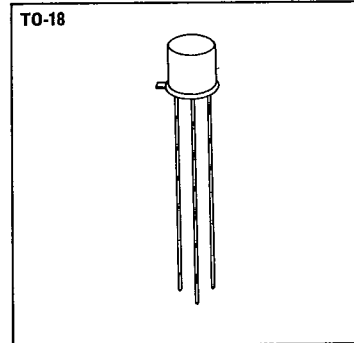
Anode-to-Cathode Voltage, $V_{AK}$	.....	$\pm 40V$
Gate-to-Cathode Forward Voltage, $V_{GK}$	.....	40V
Gate-to-Anode Reverse Voltage, $V_{GAR}$	.....	40V
Gate-to-Cathode Reverse Voltage, $V_{GKR}$	.....	-5V
Peak Recurrent Forward Current		
10 $\mu s$ , 1% Duty Cycle	.....	8A
100 $\mu s$ , 1% Duty Cycle	.....	5A
Power Dissipation		
25°C Ambient	.....	400mW
Derating Factor	.....	3.2mW/°C
Storage Temperature	.....	-55°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature Range	.....	-55°C to +125°C

### MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**2N6119-2N6120**

	INCHES	MILLIMETERS
A	178-195 DIA.	4 52-4 95 DIA
B	.170- 210	4 31-5 33
C	5 MIN.	12 70 MIN.
D	209- 230 DIA.	5 31-5 84 DIA
E	017 ± .002 DIA. 001 DIA	432 ± .051 .025
F	020 MAX.	.508 MAX.
G	.100± 010 DIA.	2 54± 254 DIA.
H	041± 005	1 04±.127
J	028-.048	.711-1.22

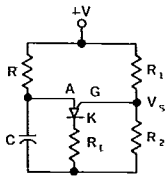
GATE CONNECTED TO CASE



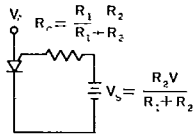
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (at 25°C unless noted)

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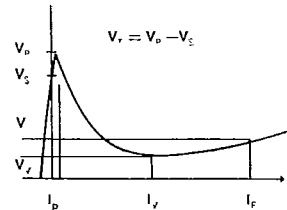
Test	Symbol	Fig.	2N6119		2N6120		Units	Test Conditions
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
Peak Current	$I_p$	1	—	5	—	1.0	$\mu A$	$R_G = 10k, V_S = 10V$ $R_G = 1 \text{ Meg.}$
Valley Current	$I_v$	1	70	—	25	—	$\mu A$	$R_G = 10k, V_S = 10V$ $R_G = 1 \text{ Meg.}$
Offset Voltage	$V_T$	1	—	1.5	—	1.0	mA	$R_G = 200\Omega$
Offset Voltage	$V_T$	1	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.6	V	$R_G = 10k, V_S = 10V$ $R_G = 1 \text{ Meg.}$
Gate-to-Anode Leakage	$I_{GAO}$	2	—	10	—	10	nA	$T = 25^\circ C, V_S = 40V$
Gate-to-Cathode Leakage	$I_{GKS}$	3	—	100	—	100	nA	$T = 75^\circ C$
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	4	—	1.0	—	1.0	V	$I_F = 50mA$
Pulse Output Voltage	$V_o$	5	9	—	9	—	V	
Pulse Output Rate of Rise	$t_r$	5	—	80	—	80	ns	



a) Typical Circuit



b) Equivalent Test Circuit



c) Characteristic Curve

Figure 1

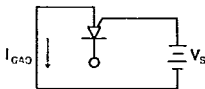


Figure 2

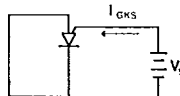


Figure 3

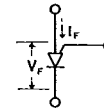


Figure 4

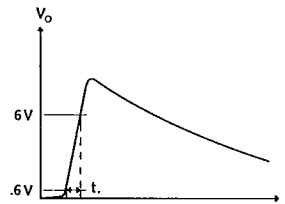
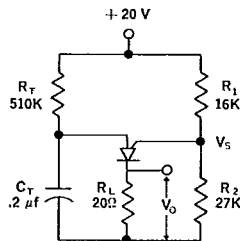
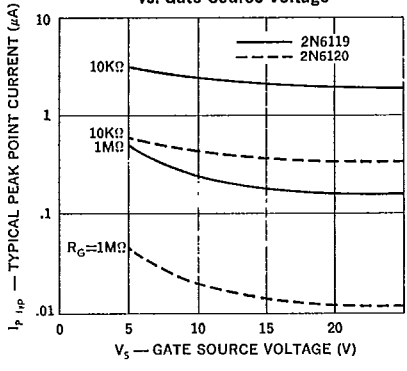


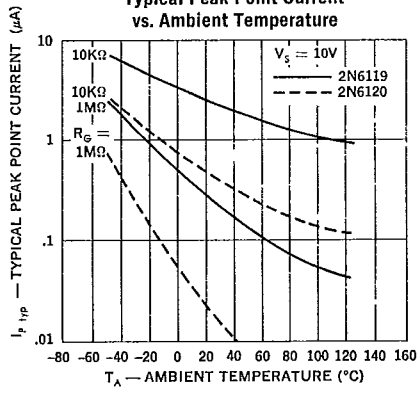
Figure 5

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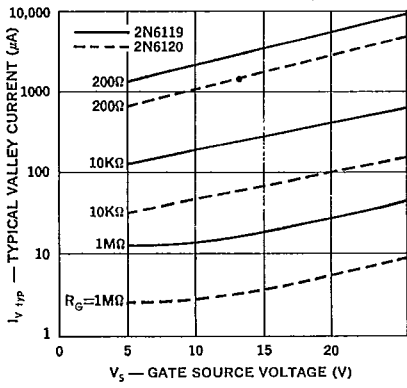
Typical Peak Point Current vs. Gate Source Voltage



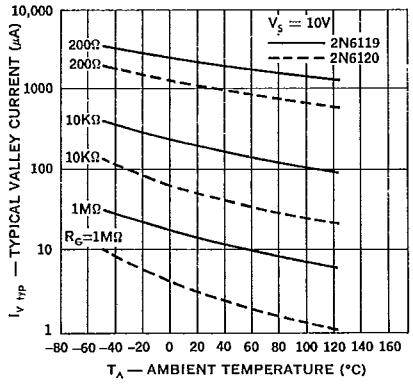
Typical Peak Point Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Typical Valley Current vs. Gate Source Voltage

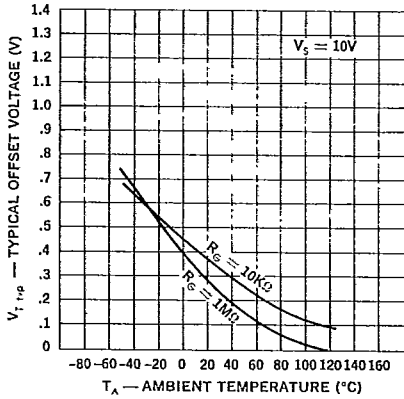


Typical Valley Current vs. Ambient Temperature

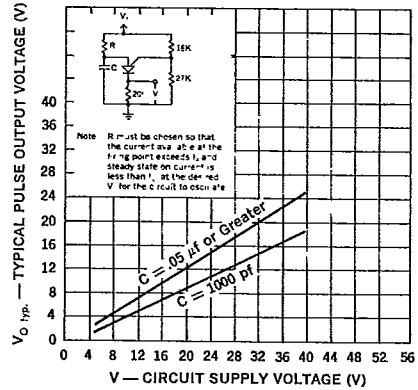


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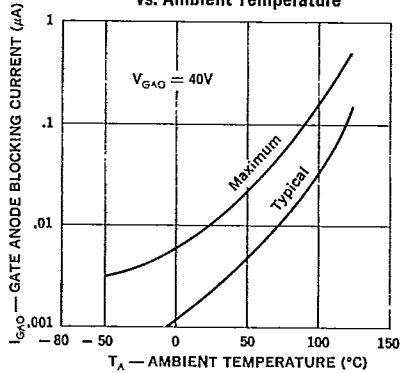
Typical Offset Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Typical Pulse Output vs. Circuit Supply Voltage



Gate-Anode Blocking Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Typical On-State Current vs. Voltage

