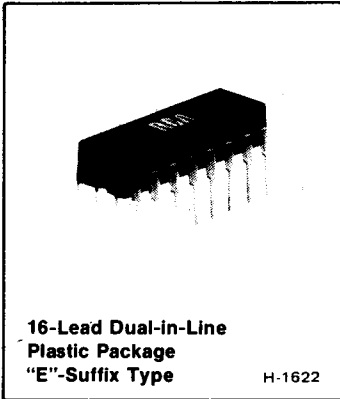




TV Chroma Amplifier/ Demodulator

Provides Complete System for Processing Chroma
When Used with RCA-CA3070 or CA3170

FEATURES:

- Excellent linearity in dc chroma gain-controlled circuit
- Improved filtering resulting in reduced 7.2-MHz output from the color demodulators
- Current limiting for short-circuit protection
- High tolerance to B+ supply variations
- High temperature coefficient stability

The RCA-CA3221E is a monolithic silicon integrated circuit chroma amplifier/demodulator with ACC, saturation control, and killer control for use in NTSC color TV receivers. It is designed to function compatibly with the CA3070 or CA3170 in a 2-package chroma system. The CA3221E is functionally identical to the industry standard

CA3121, but has a modified saturation control as well as a modified color difference matrix.

The CA3221E is supplied in the 16-lead dual-in-line plastic package.

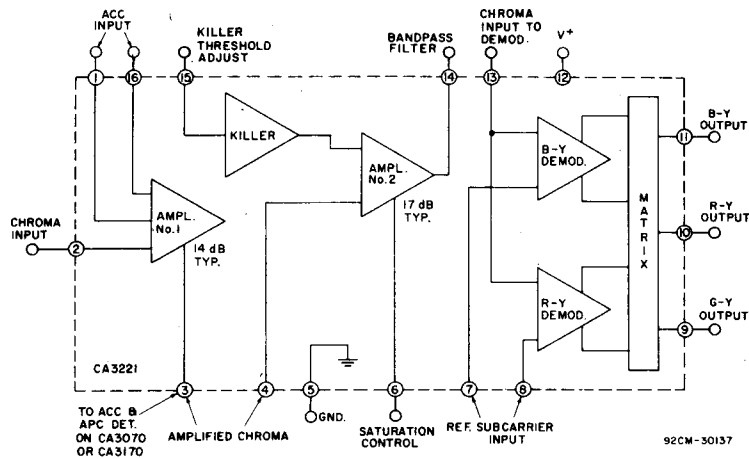


Fig. 1 — Functional block diagram of the CA3221E.

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CA3221E

MAXIMUM RATINGS at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Supply Voltage	30 V
Device Dissipation:	
Up to $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$	1 W
Above $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$	derate linearly 10.5 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150 $^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (During Soldering)	+265 $^\circ\text{C}$
At distance 1/16" $\pm$ 1/32" (1.59 $\pm$ 0.79 mm) from case for 10 s max.	

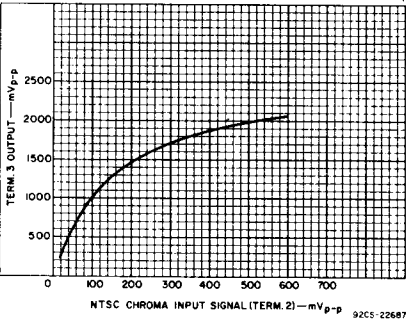


Fig. 2 — Typical ACC plot for the CA3221E when used with the CA3070.

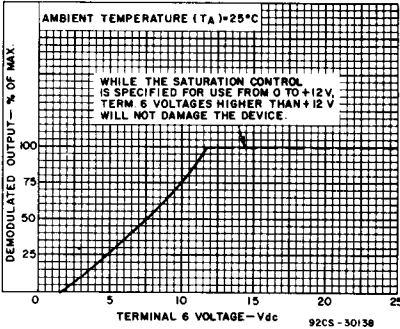


Fig. 3 — Saturation control characteristic.

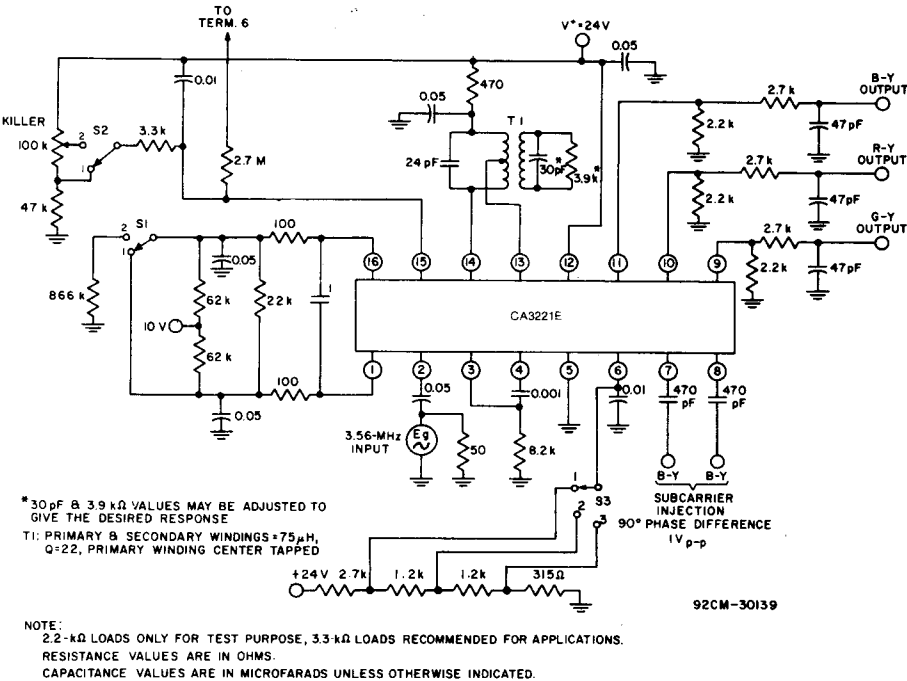


Fig. 4 — Typical characteristics test circuit for the CA3221E.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and Referenced to Test Circuit (Fig. 4)

CHARACTERISTIC, TERMINAL MEASURED, AND SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Supply Current, I_T	—	—	40	50	mA
Input Sensitivity, V_2	Vary E_g ; set V_{11} for 2 V RMS $S3 = 1$	4	12	20	mV RMS
Second-Stage Sensitivity, V_4	Vary E_g ; set V_{11} for 2 V RMS $S3 = 1$	30	53	75	mV RMS
Output Voltage (Killer off)	Switch Positions: $S1=2$, $S2=2$, $S3=1$ Adjust killer potentiometer until output drops	—	—	70	mV RMS
Saturation Control Characteristics: * V_{11}	Vary E_g ; set V_{11} for 2 V RMS with $S3 = 1$. Set $S3 = 2$ measure V_{11}	0.71	0.95	1.16	V RMS
50% Gain					
0% Gain	Same as above, $S3 = 3$	—	—	20	mV RMS
<u>Demodulator Characteristics:</u>					
Output Voltages, V_g , V_{10} , V_{11}	—	13.5	14.5	15.5	V
DC Output Balance (Between any 2 outputs)	—	-0.6	—	+0.6	V
Unbalance, V_g , V_{10} , V_{11}	$E_g=0$; Switch Position: $S1=1$, $S2=1$, $S3=1$	—	—	0.8	Vp-p
Relative Outputs— R-Y, V_{10}	Vary E_g ; set V_{11} for 2 V RMS, $S3 = 1$	1.75	1.85	1.95	V RMS
G-Y, V_g		0.6	0.7	0.8	V RMS
Relative Phase, — R-Y, V_{10}	Vary E_g ; set V_{11} for 2 V RMS; read phase of V_{10} and V_g	—	90	—	degrees
G-Y, V_g	with V_{11} as reference	—	244	—	degrees
Max. Output Voltage, V_{11}	$E_g = 750$ mV	2.8	—	—	V RMS

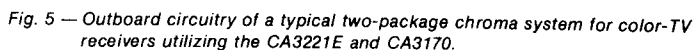
* See Fig. 3 for saturation control characteristic.

CIRCUIT OPERATION

The CA3221E consists of three basic circuit sections: (1) amplifier No. 1, (2) amplifier No. 2, and (3) demodulator. Amplifier No. 1 contains the circuitry for automatic chroma control (ACC) and color-killer sensing. The output of amplifier No. 1 (Terminal 3) is coupled to the Chroma Signal Processor (CA3070 or equivalent) for ACC and automatic phase control (APC) operation and to the input of amplifier No. 2 (Terminal 4) containing the chroma gain control circuitry. The signal from the color-killer circuit in amplifier No. 1 acts upon amplifier No. 2 to greatly reduce its gain under weak signal conditions.

The output from amplifier No. 2 (Terminal 14) is applied, through a Bandpass Filter, to

the demodulator input (Terminal 13). The demodulator also receives the R-Y and B-Y demodulator subcarrier signals (Terminals 7 and 8) from the oscillator output of the chroma signal processor. The R-Y and B-Y demodulators and the matrix network contained in the demodulator section of the CA3221E reconstruct the G-Y signal to achieve the R-Y, G-Y, and B-Y color difference signals. These high-level output signals with low impedance outputs are suitable for driving high-level R, G, B output amplifiers. Internal capacitors are included on each output to filter out unwanted harmonics. For additional operating information and signal waveforms, refer to Television Chroma System (utilizing RCA-CA3070, CA3071, CA3072), File No. 468.

CA3221E

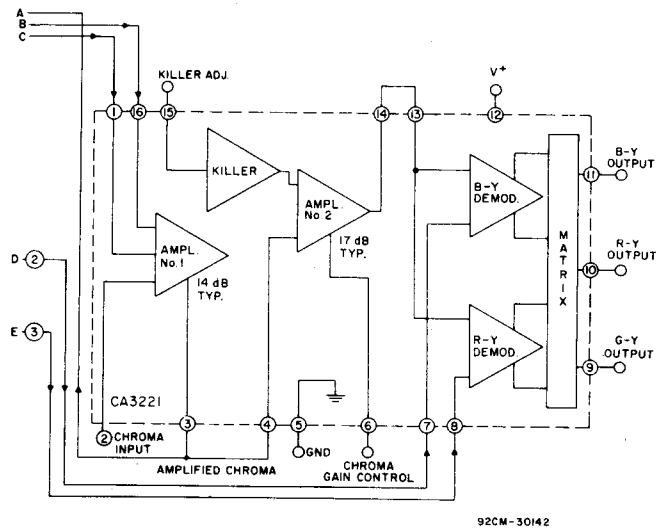
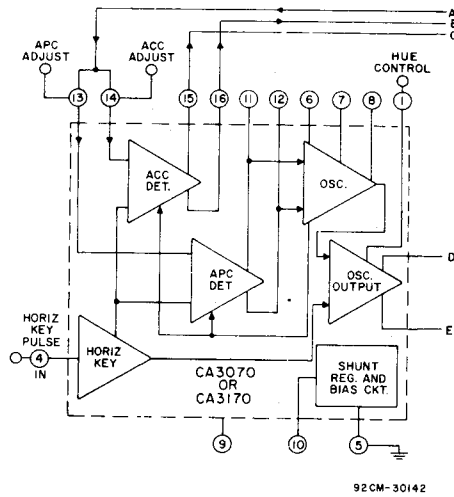


Fig. 6 — Simplified functional diagram of a two-package TV chroma system utilizing the CA3221E and CA3070 or CA3170.

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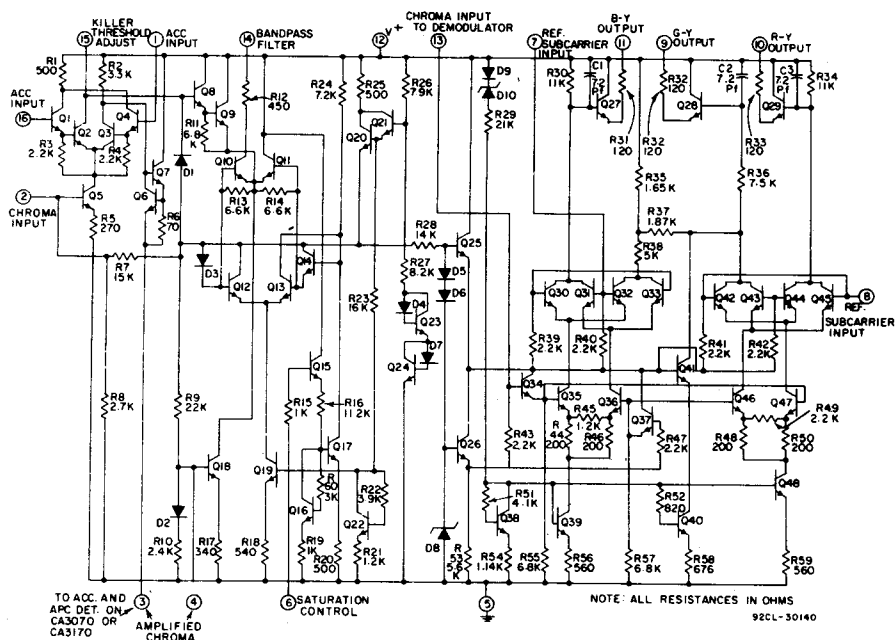


Fig. 7 -- Schematic diagram of CA3221E.