7910 Series

Multi-Melody IC

- ● **Clear Electronic Sound**
- ● **Usable for Wide-ranged Application**
- ● **Low Power Dissipation & Supply Voltage**
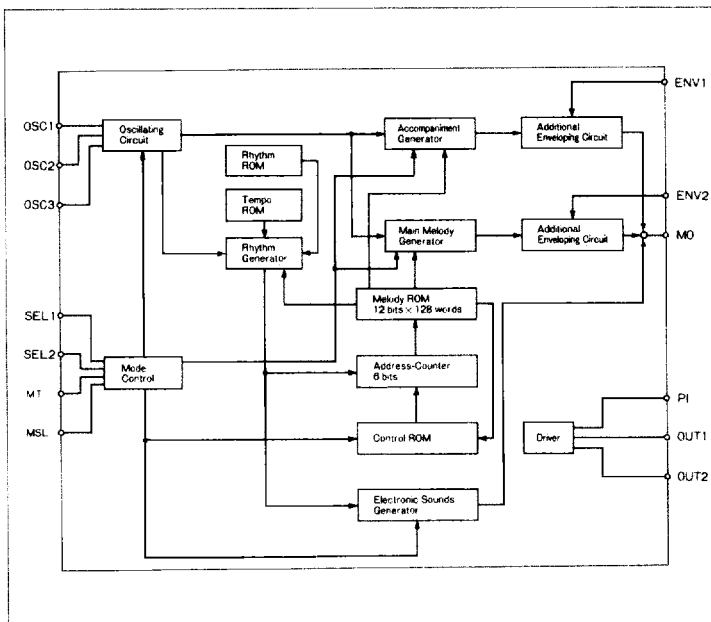
Low Voltage Operation Products

■DESCRIPTION

The series 7910 is a CMOS IC which plays prearranged melodies and alarm sounds electronically. Built-in oscillation circuit generates acoustic pulses, then melodies and alarm sounds are formed with only a few external diserete parts including resistor, capacitor, speaker etc. Thus the 7910 can enjoy various applications such as replacement for conventional music box and alarm sound generator.
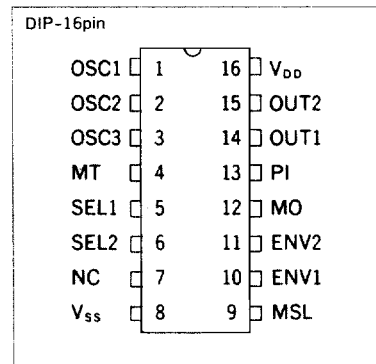
NOTE: These are ongoing user service products.

■FEATURES

- ●Melody ·············· 2 or 1
- ●Musical interval ····· Temperament or pure temperament
- ●Sound ·············· 2 series, 2.5 octave
  Compound interval or accompaniment are possible. (One octave interval)
- ●Tempo ·············· 16 kinds (Prest to Largo). Two tempos in one piece.
- ●Note ·············· Basic note ♩ ♩. ♩ ♪ ♪ ♪, and also possible for ♪ ♩. ♩. ♩. ♪
- ●Rest ·············· According to note
- ●Repeat ·············· Continuous performance of pieces, and repeats (8 times at most) of a piece.
- ●Beginning ·············· Always starts at the beginning of piece.
- ●Alarm chime ·········· Two (not always equipped)
- ●Input signal ·········· 1 start signal, 3 selective signals.
- ●Envelope ·············· External CR (2 series)
- ●Volume control ····· From external circuit (volume etc.)
- ●Oscillation ·········· C, R oscillator (C, R external connection)
- ●Voltage ·············· 1.5V
- ●Package ·············· DIP-16pin (plastic)

■BLOCK DIAGRAM

■PIN CONFIGURATION

DIP-16pin

OSC1	1	16	V_{DD}
OSC2	2	15	OUT2
OSC3	3	14	OUT1
MT	4	13	PI
SEL1	5	12	MO
SEL2	6	11	ENV2
NC	7	10	ENV1
V_{SS}	8	9	MSL

7910 Series

■PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	Pin No.	Functions	Pin Name	Pin No.	Functions
OSC1 OSC2 OSC3	1 2 3	Connected with capacitor (Co), resistor (R_3, R_4) regulates the oscillation frequency.	ENV1 ENV2	10 11	Connected with C_1, R_1, C_2 and R_2, regulates the time-constant of envelope.
MT	4	Performance starts on setting this terminal Hi.	MO	12	Un-amplified output of melody.
			PI	13	Input the pulse from MO into pre-amplifier.
SEL1 SEL2 MSL	5 6 9	Input switches for selecting melodies.	OUT1 OUT2	14 15	Output terminals of pre-amplifier. Connected to the bipolar transistors for speaker drive.

■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

($V_{SS} = 0V$)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	-0.3 to 5.0	V
Input/Output voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.2 to $V_{DD}+0.2$	V
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-20 to 65 ($V_{DD}=1.5V$)	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 to 150	°C
Soldering temperature and time	T_{sol}	260°C, 10s (at lead)	—

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{SS} = 0V$, $Ta = 25$°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	—	1.25	1.5	2	V
High level input voltage (1)	V_{IH1}	MSL, SEL1, SEL2	$V_{DD}-0.1$	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	V
High level input voltage (2)	V_{IH2}	MT	$V_{SS}+1$	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	V
Low level input voltage	V_{IL}	—	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	$V_{SS}+0.1$	V
High level input current	I_{IH}	$V_{DD}=1.5V$ $V_{IH}=V_{DD}$	1.5	—	15	μA
Low level input current	I_{IL}	$V_{DD}=1.5V$ $V_{IL}=V_{SS}$	—	—	0.05	μA
Low level output current	I_{OL}	$V_{DD}=1.25V$ $V_{OL1}=0.5V$	150	—	—	μA
High level output current	I_{OH}	$V_{DD}=1.25V$ $V_{OH1}=0.7V$	150	—	—	μA
Scatter of output current	$\dfrac{I_{OH}}{I_{OL}}$	$V_{DD}=1.25V$	0.2	—	5	—
Rise time of enveloping circuit	t_r	$V_{DD}=1.5V$ $C_1=C_2=4.7\mu F$ $R_1=R_2=120k\Omega$	—	—	5	ms
Average operating current	I_{DDO}	$MI=V_{DD}=1.5V$ OUT1, OUT2 Terminal open	—	70	100	μA
Stand-by current (oscillation halting)	I_{DDS}	$V_{DD}=1.5V$	—	2	20	μA
Delay time for play-start	t_1	$f_{OSC}=47.5kHz$ $V_{DD}=1.5V$	—	—	0.4	s
Delay time for play-stop	t_2	$f_{OSC}=47.5kHz$ $V_{DD}=1.5V$	0.2	—	0.5	s
Chattering period of switch	t_{ch}	$f_{OSC}=47.5kHz$ $V_{DD}=1.5V$	—	—	one beat	—

■OSCILLATION CHARACTERISTICS

$(V_{SS}=0V, \quad Ta=25°C)$

Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Oscillation frequency	f_{OSC}	Standard constant $V_{DD}=1.5V$	—	47.5	—	kHz
Oscillation self-start voltage	V_{STA}	Standard constant	1.25	—	—	V
Oscillation stop voltage	V_{STP}	Standard constant	—	—	1.25	V

■FUNCTIONS

MELODY IC 7910 Series has 3 kinds of tune selection methods charted as follows.

Starting performance, MT terminal to be V_{DD} level always.

● 1. Spec. of IC⋯⋯⋯2 tunes + 2 electronic sounds

Type : 7910I, 7910CE, 7910CF, 7910CG, 7910CH, 7910CN, 7910CP, 7910CR, 7910CS, 7910CU, 7910CV
7910CW, 7910CQ

	SEL1	SEL2	MSL
Tune 1	OP	OP	L
Tune 2	OP	OP	H
Electronic sound 1 (Buzzer)	OP	H	—
Electronic sound 2 (Chime)	H	OP	—
Tune 1 test performance	H	H	L
Tune 2 test performance	H	H	H

● 2. Spec. of IC⋯⋯⋯2 tunes + no electronic sound

Type : 7910G, 7910K, 7910N, 7910O, 7910P, 7910Q

	SEL1	SEL2
Tune 1	OP	OP
Tune 2	OP	H
Tune 1 test performance	H	H
Tune 2 test performance	H	OP

*Connection of SEL1 is not necessary
if test performance is not need.

● 3. Spec. of IC⋯⋯⋯1 tune + 2 electronic sounds

Type : 7910C, 7910T

	SEL1	SEL2
Tune	OP	OP
Electronical sound 1 (Buzzer)	OP	H
Electronical sound 2 (Chime)	H	OP
Tune test performance	H	H

Notes :
1. In case of spec. 2 and 3, connection of MSL terminal is not necessary.
2. Explanation of Mark
   OP : Terminal is open, H : V_{DD} level, L : V_{SS} level
3. Function of input terminals
   1. The terminals SEL1 and SEL2 are always pulled down to V_{SS} level.
   2. When SEL1 and SEL2 are Hi, it operates as TEST MODE. In this case tempo of performance is accelerated eight times as fast as normal one.
   3. As the terminal MSL is an open input terminal and has neither Pull-up nor Pull-down, they always must be kept at V_{SS} or V_{DD} level.

7910 Series

■PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Plastic DIP-16pin

Unit : mm
(inch)

■ BASIC EXTERNAL CONNECTION

Attention

1. Oscillation frequency (fosc) changes according to variation of R_3, R_4, C_0 but stability of frequency will be worse.
2. In case of Values of R_3, R_4, C_0 are fixed, difference of (fosc) among discrete circuit will happen.
3. We feel melody differently variation of C_1, C_2, R_1, R_2.
4. Value adjustment is done by V_r.
5. If C_4 and C_5 are too small, there will be oscillation at the   of low frequency amplifier circuit.
6. It is possible that fluctuation of oscillation frequency become larger with increase of battery impedance. In that case, connecting condenser between V_{DD} and V_{SS} is desirable.
7. Putting C_8 or and C_9 into the circuit, the sounds get softer, whereas volume gets smaller.

〈Recommendable conditions of discrete parts〉

Symbol of parts	Recommendable value	Unit
C_0	51	pF
C_1, C_2	4.7	μF
R_1, R_2	120	kΩ
R_3, R_4	131	kΩ
C_3	0.047 to 0.1	μF
R_V	Variable resistance to 50	kΩ
R_5	51 to 150	kΩ
R_6	510	kΩ
C_4	0.01 to 0.047	μF
C_5	0.001 or nothing	μF
Tr_1	(PNP)2SA 683(2SA684)	—
Tr_2	(NPN)2SC 1383(2SC1384)	—
C_6	100 to 300	μF
C_7	0.1	μF
C_8, C_9	0.001	μF

■CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

●Oscillation characteristics

●Output frequency characteristics