

AH0120/AH0130/AH0140/AH0150/AH0160 Series Analog Switches

General Description

The AH0100 series represents a complete family of junction FET analog switches. The inherent flexibility of the family allows the designer to tailor the device selection to the particular application. Switch configurations available include dual DPST, dual SPST, DPDT, and SPDT. $r_{ds(ON)}$ ranges from 10 ohms through 100 ohms. The series is available in both 14-lead and 14-lead cavity DIP. Important design features include:

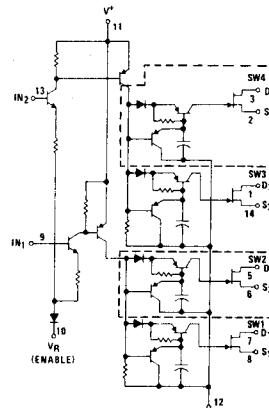
- TTL/DTL and RTL compatible logic inputs
- Up to 20 V_{P-P} analog input signal
- $r_{ds(ON)}$ less than 10Ω (AH0140, AH0141, AH0145, AH0146)
- Analog signals in excess of 40 MHz

- "OFF" power less than 1 mW
- Gate to drain bleed resistors eliminated
- Fast switching, t_{ON} is typically 0.4 μs, t_{OFF} is 1.0 μs
- Operation from standard op amp supply voltages, ±15V, available (AH0150/AH0160 series)
- Pin compatible with the popular DG 100 series

The AH0100 series is designed to fulfill a wide variety of analog switching applications including commutators, multiplexers, D/A converters, sample and hold circuits, and modulators/demodulators. The AH0100 series is guaranteed over the temperature range -55°C to +125°C; whereas, the AH0100C series is guaranteed over the temperature range -25°C to +85°C.

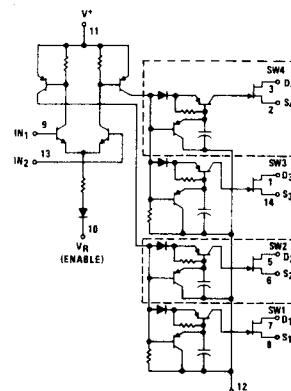
Schematic Diagrams

DUAL DPST and DUAL SPST



Note: Dotted line portions are not applicable to the dual SPST.

DPDT (diff.) and SPDT (diff.)

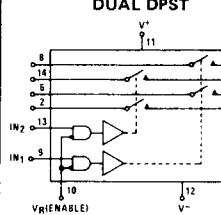


Note: Dotted line portions are not applicable to the SPDT (differential).

Order any of the devices below using the part number with a D suffix. See Package D14C.
Additionally, AH0133C, AH0134C, AH0151C, and AH0152C are available with N suffix. See Package N14A.

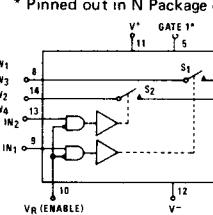
Logic and Connection Diagrams

DUAL DPST

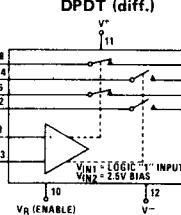


* Pinned out in N Package only.

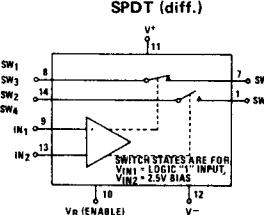
DUAL SPST



DPDT (diff.)



SPDT (diff.)



HIGH LEVEL (+10V)

AH0140 (10Ω)
AH0129 (30Ω)
AH0126 (80Ω)

MEDIUM LEVEL (+7.5V)

AH0153 (15Ω)
AH0154 (50Ω)

HIGH LEVEL (+10V)

AH0141 (10Ω)
AH0133 (30Ω)
AH0134 (80Ω)

MEDIUM LEVEL (+7.5V)

AH0151 (15Ω)
AH0152 (50Ω)

HIGH LEVEL (+10V)

AH0145 (10Ω)
AH0139 (30Ω)
AH0142 (80Ω)

MEDIUM LEVEL (+7.5V)

AH0163 (15Ω)
AH0164 (50Ω)

HIGH LEVEL (+10V)

AH0146 (10Ω)
AH0144 (30Ω)
AH0143 (80Ω)

MEDIUM LEVEL (+7.5V)

AH0161 (15Ω)
AH0162 (50Ω)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	High Level	Medium Level
Total Supply Voltage ($V^+ - V^-$)	36V	34V
Analog Signal Voltage ($V^+ - V_A$ or $V_A - V^-$)	30V	25V
Positive Supply Voltage to Reference ($V^+ - V_R$)	25V	25V
Negative Supply Voltage to Reference ($V_R - V^-$)	22V	22V
Positive Supply Voltage to Input ($V^+ - V_{IN}$)	25V	25V
Input Voltage to Reference ($V_{IN} - V_R$)	$\pm 6V$	$\pm 6V$
Differential Input Voltage ($V_{IN} - V_{IN2}$)	$\pm 6V$	$\pm 6V$
Input Current, Any Terminal	30 mA	30 mA
Power Dissipation	See Curve	
Operating Temperature Range	AH0100 Series	-55°C to +125°C
	AH0100C Series	-25°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range		-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)		300°C

Electrical Characteristics for "HIGH LEVEL" Switches (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICE TYPE				CONDITIONS		LIMITS		UNITS
		DUAL DPST	DUAL SPST	DPDT (DIF)	SPDT (DIF)	$V^+ = 12.0V, V^- = -18.0V, V_R = 0.0V$	TYP	MAX		
Logic "1" Input Current	I _{H(ON)}		All Circuits			Note 2	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over Temp. Range	2.0	60	μA
Logic "0" Input Current	I _{H(OFF)}		All Circuits			Note 2	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over Temp. Range	.01	.1	μA
Positive Supply Current Switch ON	I _(ON)		All Circuits			One Driver ON Note 2	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over Temp. Range	2.2	3.0	mA
Negative Supply Current Switch ON	I _(ON)		All Circuits			One Driver ON Note 2	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over Temp. Range	-1.0	-1.8	mA
Reference Input (Enable) ON Current	I _{R(ON)}		All Circuits			One Driver ON Note 2	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ Over Temp. Range	-1.0	-1.4	mA
Positive Supply Current Switch OFF	I _(OFF)		All Circuits				$V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = 0.8V$	1.0	10	μA
Negative Supply Current Switch OFF	I _(OFF)		All Circuits				$V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = 0.8V$	-1.0	-10	μA
Reference Input (Enable) OFF Current	I _{R(OFF)}		All Circuits				$V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = 0.8V$	-1.0	-10	μA
Switch ON Resistance	r _(ON)	AH0126	AH0134	AH0142	AH0143		$V_D = 10V$ $I_D = 1mA$	45	80	Ω
Switch ON Resistance	r _(ON)	AH0129	AH0133	AH0139	AH0144		$V_D = 10V$ $I_D = 1mA$	25	30	Ω
Switch ON Resistance	r _(ON)	AH0140	AH0141	AH0145	AH0146		$V_D = 10V$ $I_F = 1mA$	8	10	Ω
Driver Leakage Current	(I _D + I _{S(ON)})	All Circuits					$V_D = V_S = -10V$.01	1	nA
Switch Leakage Current	I _{S(OFF)} OR I _{D(OFF)}	AH0126	AH0134	AH0142	AH0143		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ $V_{DS} = \pm 20V$	100	100	nA
Switch Leakage Current	I _{S(OFF)} OR I _{D(OFF)}	AH0129	AH0133	AH0139	AH0144		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ $V_{DS} = \pm 20V$	0.8	1	nA
Switch Turn-ON Time	t _{ON}	AH0140	AH0141	AH0145	AH0146		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ See Test Circuit $V_A = \pm 10V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	4	10	nA
Switch Turn-ON Time	t _{ON}	AH0126	AH0134	AH0142	AH0143		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ See Test Circuit $V_A = \pm 10V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.5	0.8	μs
Switch Turn-ON Time	t _{ON}	AH0129	AH0133	AH0139	AH0144		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ See Test Circuit $V_A = \pm 10V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.8	1.0	μs
Switch Turn-OFF Time	t _{OFF}	AH0126	AH0134	AH0142	AH0143		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ See Test Circuit $V_A = \pm 10V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.9	1.6	μs
Switch Turn OFF Time	t _{OFF}	AH0129	AH0133	AH0139	AH0144		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ See Test Circuit $V_A = \pm 10V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	1.1	2.5	μs

Note 1: Unless otherwise specified, these limits apply for -55°C to +125°C for the AH0100 series and -25°C to +85°C for the AH0100C series. All typical values are for $T_A = 25^\circ C$.

Note 2: For the DPST and Dual DPST, the ON condition is for $V_{IN} = 2.5V$; the OFF condition is for $V_{IN} = 0.8V$. For the differential switches and SW1 and 2 ON, $V_{IN2} = 2.5V$, $V_{IN1} = 3.0V$. For SW3 and 4 ON, $V_{IN2} = 2.5V$, $V_{IN1} = 2.0V$.

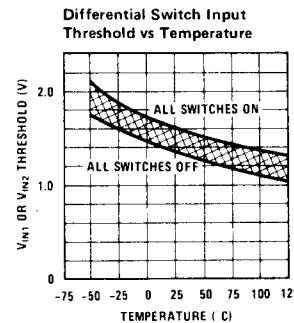
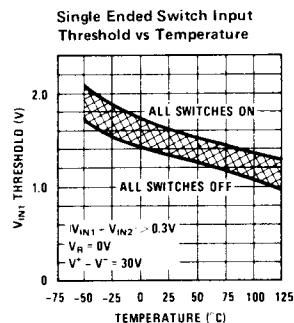
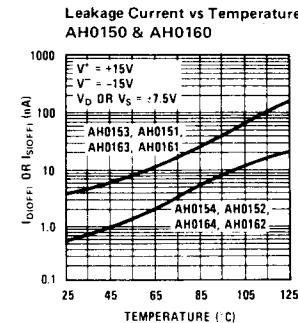
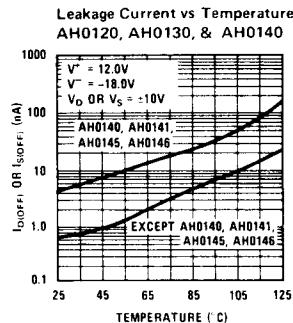
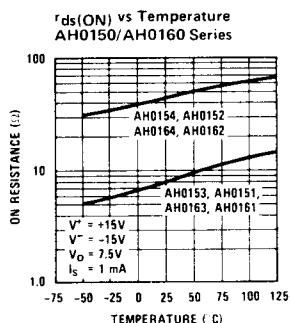
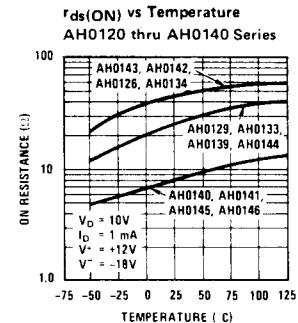
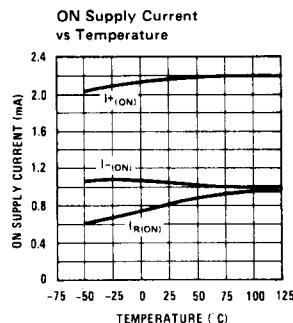
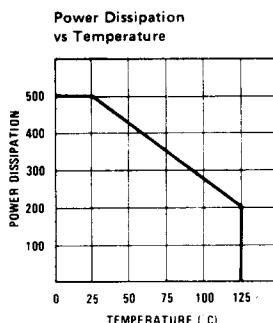
Electrical Characteristics for "MEDIUM LEVEL" Switches (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DEVICE TYPE				CONDITIONS		LIMITS		UNITS
		DUAL DPST	DUAL SPST	DUAL DPDT	SPDT (DIFF)	V ⁺ = +15.0V, V ⁻ = -15V, V _R = 0V	TYP	MAX		
Logic "1" Input Current	I _{IN1ON}		All Circuits			Note 2	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	20	60	μA
Logic "0" Input Current	I _{IN1OFF}		All Circuits			Note 2	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	.01	0.1	μA
Positive Supply Current Switch ON	I ⁺ _{ION}		All Circuits			One Driver ON Note 2	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	2.2	3.0	mA
Negative Supply Current Switch ON	I ⁻ _{ION}		All Circuits			One Driver ON Note 2	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	-1.0	-1.8	mA
Reference Input (Enable) ON Current	I _{RION}		All Circuits			One Driver ON Note 2	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	-1.0	-1.4	mA
Positive Supply Current Switch OFF	I ⁺ _{IOFF}		All Circuits		V _{IN1} , V _{IN2} = 0.8V	V _D = 7.5V I _D = 1 mA	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	1.0	10	μA
Negative Supply Current Switch OFF	I ⁻ _{IOFF}		All Circuits		V _{IN1} , V _{IN2} = 0.8V	V _D = 7.5V I _D = 1 mA	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	-1.0	-10	μA
Reference Input (Enable) OFF Current	I _{RIOFF}		All Circuits		V _{IN1} , V _{IN2} = 0.8V	V _D = 7.5V I _D = 1 mA	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	-1.0	-10	μA
Switch ON Resistance	R _{ON}	AH0153	AH0151	AH0163	AH0161	V _D	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	10	15	Ω
Switch ON Resistance	R _{ON}	AH0154	AH0152	AH0164	AH0162	V _D	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	45	50	Ω
Driver Leakage Current	(I _D + I _S) _{ON}		All Circuits		V _D , V _S = -7.5V	V _D , V _S = -7.5V	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	.01	2	nA
Switch Leakage Current	I _{D OFF} , OR I _{S OFF}	AH0153	AH0151	AH0163	AH0161	V _{DS}	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	5	10	μA
Switch Leakage Current	I _{D OFF} , OR I _{S OFF}	AH0154	AH0152	AH0164	AH0162	V _{DS}	T _A = 25°C Over Temp. Range	1.0	2.0	nA
Switch Turn-ON Time	t _{ON}	AH0153	AH0151	AH0163	AH0161		See Test Circuit V _A = ±7.5V T _A = 25°C	0.8	1.0	μs
Switch Turn-ON Time	t _{ON}	AH0154	AH0152	AH0164	AH0162		See Test Circuit V _A = ±7.5V T _A = 25°C	0.5	0.8	μs
Switch Turn-OFF Time	t _{OFF}	AH0153	AH0151	AH0163	AH0161		See Test Circuit V _A = ±7.5V T _A = 25°C	1.1	2.5	μs
Switch Turn-OFF Time	t _{OFF}	AH0154	AH0152	AH0164	AH0162		See Test Circuit V _A = ±7.5V T _A = 25°C	0.9	1.5	μs

Note 1: Unless otherwise specified, these limits apply for -55°C to +125°C for the AH0100 series and -25°C to +85°C for the AH0100C series. All typical values are for T_A = 25°C.

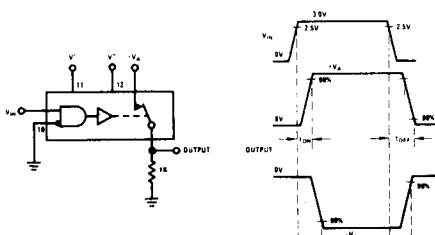
Note 2: For the DPST and Dual DPST, the ON condition is for V_{IN} = 2.5V; the OFF condition is for V_{IN} = 0.8V. For the differential switches and SW1 and 2 ON, V_{IN2} = 2.5V, V_{IN1} = 3.0V. For SW3 and 4 ON, V_{IN2} = 2.5V, V_{IN1} = 2.0V.

Typical Performance Characteristics

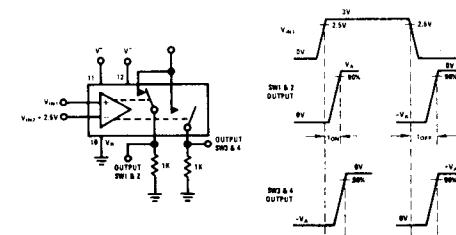


Switching Time Test Circuits

Single Ended Input



Differential Input



Applications Information

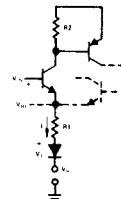
1. INPUT LOGIC COMPATIBILITY

A. Voltage Considerations

In general, the AH0100 series is compatible with most DTL, TTL, and RTL logic families. The ON-input threshold is determined by the V_{AE} of the input transistor plus the V_f of the diode in the emitter leg, plus $I_x \times R_1$, plus V_R . At room temperature and $V_R = 0V$, the nominal ON threshold is: $0.7V + 0.7V + 0.2V = 1.6V$. Over temperature and manufacturing tolerances, the threshold may be as high as 2.5V and as low as 0.8V. The rules for proper operation are:

$$V_{IN} - V_R \geq 2.5V \text{ All switches ON}$$

$$V_{IN} - V_R \leq 0.8V \text{ All switches OFF}$$



B. Input Current Considerations

$I_{IN(ON)}$, the current drawn by the driver with $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ is typically 20 μA at $25^\circ C$ and is guaranteed less than 120 μA over temperature. DTL, such as the DM930 series can supply 180 μA at logic "1" voltages in excess of 2.5V. TTL output levels are comparable at 400 μA . The DTL and TTL can drive the AH0100 series directly. However, at low temperature, DC noise margin in the logic "1" state is eroded with DTL. A pull-up resistor of 10 k Ω is recommended when using DTL over military temperature range.

If more than one driver is to be driven by a DM930 series (6K) gate, an external pull-up resistor should be added. The value is given by:

$$R_P = \frac{11}{N-1} \text{ for } N > 2$$

where:

R_P = value of the pull-up resistor in k Ω

N = number of drivers.

C. Input Slew Rate

The slew rate of the logic input must be in excess of 0.3V/ μs in order to assure proper operation of the analog switch. DTL, TTL, and RTL output rise times are far in excess of the minimum slew rate requirements. Discrete logic designs, however, should include consideration of input rise time.

2. ENABLE CONTROL

The application of a positive signal at the V_R

terminal will open all switches. The V_R (ENABLE) signal must be capable of rising to within 0.8V of $V_{IN(ON)}$ in the OFF state and of sinking $I_{R(ON)}$ millamps in the ON state (at $V_{IN(ON)} - V_R > 2.5V$). The V_R terminal can be driven from most TTL and DTL gates.

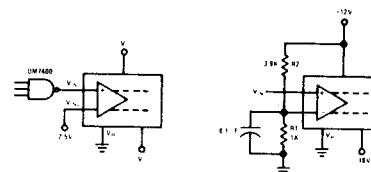
3. DIFFERENTIAL INPUT CONSIDERATIONS

The differential switch driver is essentially a differential amplifier. The input requirements for proper operation are:

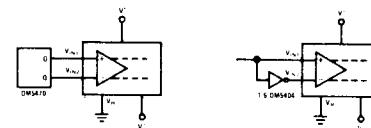
$$|V_{IN1} - V_{IN2}| \geq 0.3V$$

$$2.5 \leq (V_{IN1} \text{ or } V_{IN2}) - V_R \leq 5V$$

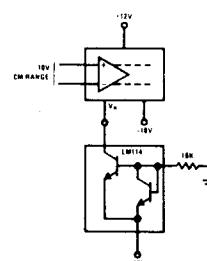
The differential driver may be furnished by a DC level as shown below. The level may be derived from a voltage divider to V^+ or the 5V V_{CC} of the DTL logic. In order to assure proper operation, the divider should be "stiff" with respect to I_{IN2} . Bypassing R_1 with a 0.1 μF disc capacitor will prevent degradation of t_{ON} and t_{OFF} .



Alternatively, the differential driver may be driven from a TTL flip-flop or inverter.



Connection of a 1 mA current source between V_R and V^- will allow operation over a $\pm 10V$ common mode range. Differential input voltage must be less than the 6V breakdown, and input threshold of 2.5V and 300mV differential overdrive still prevail.



4. ANALOG VOLTAGE CONSIDERATIONS

The rules for operating the AH0100 series at supply voltages other than those specified essentially breakdown into OFF and ON considerations. The OFF considerations are dictated by the maximum negative swing of the analog signal and the pinch off of the JFET switch. In the OFF state, the gate of the FET is at $V^- + V_{BE} + V_{SAT}$ or about 1.0V above the V^- potential. The maximum V_p of the FET switches is 7V. The most negative analog voltage, V_A , swing which can be accommodated for any given supply voltage is:

$$|V_A| \leq |V^-| - V_p - V_{BE} - V_{SAT} \text{ or}$$

$$|V_A| \leq |V^-| - 8.0 \text{ or } |V^-| \geq |V_A| + 8.0V$$

For the standard high level switches, $V_A \leq -18$ + 8 = -10V. The value for V^+ is dictated by the maximum positive swing of the analog input voltage. Essentially the collector to base junction of the turn-on PNP must remain reversed biased for all positive value of analog input voltage. The base of the PNP is at $V^+ - V_{SAT} - V_{BE}$ or $V^+ - 1.0V$. The PNP's collector base junction should have at least 1.0V reverse bias. Hence, the most positive analog voltage swing which may be accommodated for a given value of V^+ is:

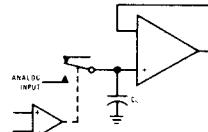
$$V_A \leq V^+ - V_{SAT} - V_{BE} - 1.0V \text{ or}$$

$$V_A \leq V^+ - 2.0V \text{ or } V^+ \geq V_A + 2.0V$$

For the standard high level switches, $V_A = 12 - 2.0V = +10V$.

5. SWITCHING TRANSIENTS

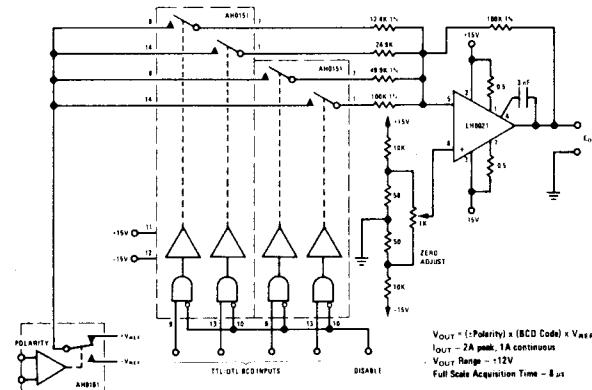
Due to charge stored in the gate-to-source and gate-to-drain capacitances of the FET switch, transients may appear in the output during switching. This is particularly true during the OFF to ON transition. The magnitude and duration of the transient may be minimized by making source and load impedance levels as small as practical.



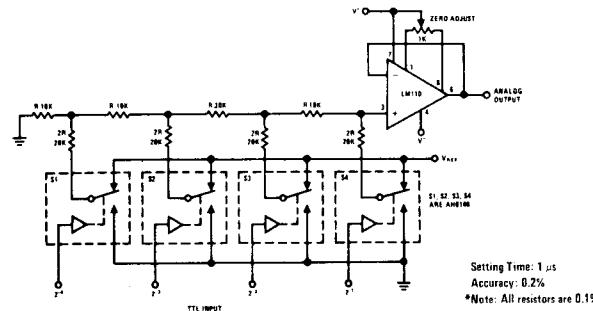
Furthermore, transients may be minimized by operating the switches in the differential mode; i.e., the charge delivered to the load during the ON to OFF transition is, to a large extent, cancelled by the OFF to ON transition.

Typical Applications

Programmable One Amp Power Supply

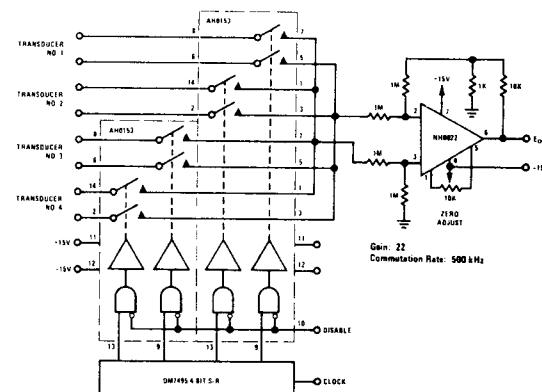


Four to Ten Bit D to A Converter (4 Bits Shown)

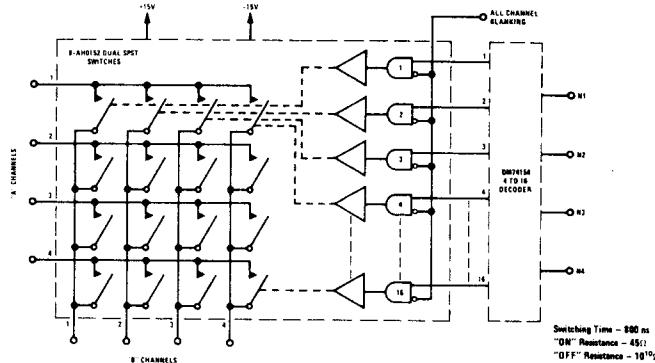


Typical Applications (Cont'd)

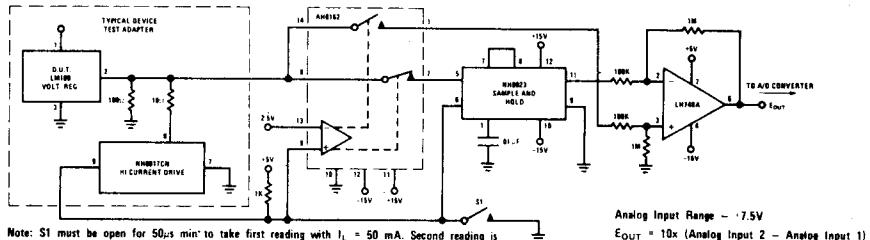
Four Channel Differential Transducer Commutator



4 x 4 Cross Point Analog Switch

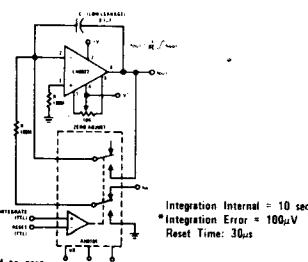


Delta Measurement System for Automatic Linear Circuit Tester



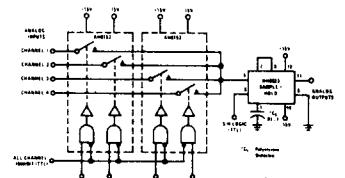
Note: S1 must be open for 50.0 min to take first reading with I_L = 50 mA. Second reading is taken with S2 closed. With S1 and other set-up forcing functions under computer control, system will measure line and load regulation on voltage regulators, voltage gain, offset current, CMRR and PSRR on op amps as well as other circuits requiring measurement of the change of a parameter with the change of a forcing function.

Precision Long Time Constant Integrator with Reset



*Note: V_{OS} adjusted to zero

Four Channel Commutator



Analog Signal Range: 15V_{p-p}
Sample Rate: 1 MHz
Acquisition Time: 20us
Drift Rate: 0.5 mV/sec