

< Silicon RF Power Modules >

# RA45H8994M1

RoHS Compliance, 896-941MHz 45W 12.8V, 2 Stage Amp. For MOBILE RADIO

## DESCRIPTION

The RA45H8994M1 is a 45-watt RF MOSFET Amplifier Module for 12.8-volt mobile radios that operate in the 896- to 941-MHz range. The battery can be connected directly to the drain of the enhancement-mode MOSFET transistors. Without the gate voltage 1 and the gate voltage 2 ( $V_{GG1}=V_{GG2}=0V$ ), only a small leakage current flows into the drain and the nominal output signal ( $P_{out}=45W$ ) attenuates up to 60 dB. When fixed i.e. 3.4V, is supplied to the gate voltage 1, the output power and the drain current increase as the gate voltage 2 increases. The output power and the drain current increase substantially with the gate voltage 2 around 0V (minimum) under the condition when the gate voltage 1 is kept in 3.4V. The nominal output power becomes available at the state that  $V_{GG2}$  is 4V (typical) and 5V (maximum). At this point,  $V_{GG1}$  has to be kept in 3.4V. At  $V_{GG1}=3.4V$  &  $V_{GG2}=5V$ , the typical gate currents are 0.4mA. This module is designed for non-linear FM modulation, but may also be used for linear modulation by setting the drain quiescent current with the gate voltages and controlling the output power with the input power.

## FEATURES

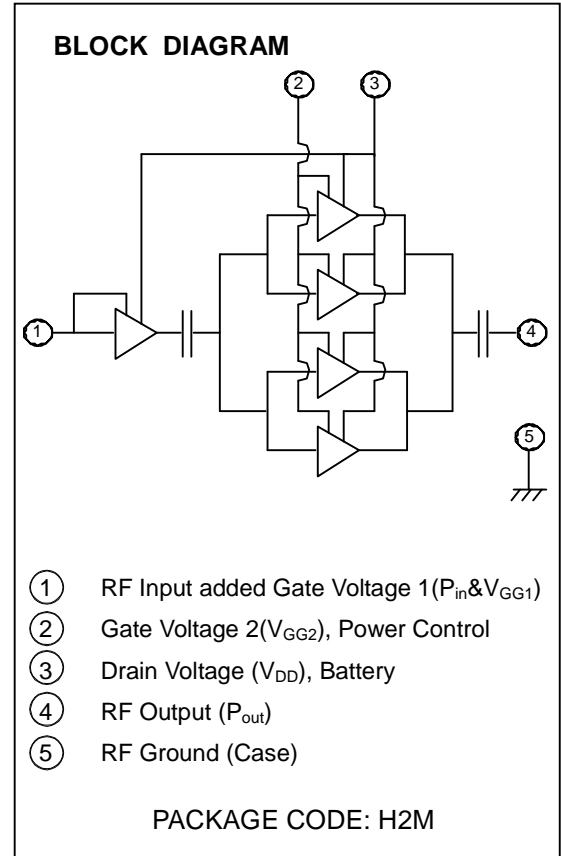
- Enhancement-Mode MOSFET Transistors  
( $I_{DD}=0$  @  $V_{DD}=12.8V$ ,  $V_{GG1}=V_{GG2}=0V$ )
- $P_{out}>45W$ ,  $\eta_T>33\%$  @  $V_{DD}=12.8V$ ,  $V_{GG1}=3.4V$ ,  $V_{GG2}=5V$ ,  $P_{in}=50mW$
- Broadband Frequency Range: 896-941MHz
- Metal cap structure that makes the improvements of RF radiation simple
- Low-Power Control Current  $I_{GG1}+I_{GG2}=0.4mA$ (typ) @  $V_{GG1}=3.4V$ ,  $V_{GG2}=5V$
- Module Size: 67 x 19.4 x 9.9 mm
- Linear operation is possible by setting the quiescent drain current with the gate voltages and controlling the output power with the input power.

## RoHS COMPLIANCE

- RA45H8994M1 is a RoHS compliant product.
- RoHS compliance is indicate by the letter "G" after the Lot Marking.
- This product include the lead in the Glass of electronic parts and the lead in electronic Ceramic parts.  
However, it is applicable to the following exceptions of RoHS Directions.
  - 1.Lead in the Glass of a cathode-ray tube, electronic parts, and fluorescent tubes.
  - 2.Lead in electronic Ceramic parts.

## ORDERING INFORMATION:

ORDER NUMBER	SUPPLY FORM
RA45H8994M1-101	Antistatic tray, 10 modules/tray



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**MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_{case}=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $Z_G=Z_L=50\Omega$ , unless otherwise specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
$V_{DD}$	Drain Voltage	$V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V} \pm 7\%$ , $V_{GG2}<5\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=0\text{W}$	17	V
$V_{GG1}$	Gate Voltage 1	$V_{GG2}<5\text{V}$ , $V_{DD}<12.8\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=50\text{mW}$	4.5	V
$V_{GG2}$	Gate Voltage 2	$V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V} \pm 7\%$ , $V_{DD}<12.8\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=50\text{mW}$	6	V
$P_{in}$	Input Power	$f=896\text{-}941\text{MHz}$ , $V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V} \pm 7\%$ , $V_{GG2}<5\text{V}$	100	mW
$P_{out}$	Output Power		60	W
$T_{case(OP)}$	Operation Case Temperature Range		-30 to +100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range		-40 to +110	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

The above parameters are independently guaranteed.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{case}=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $Z_G=Z_L=50\Omega$ , unless otherwise specified)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
F	Frequency Range		896	-	941	MHz
$P_{out1}$	Output Power 1	$V_{DD}=12.8\text{V}$ , $V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V}$ , $V_{GG2}=5\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=50\text{mW}$	45	-	-	W
$\eta_T$	Total Efficiency	$V_{DD}=12.8\text{V}$	33	-	-	%
$2f_o$	2 <sup>nd</sup> Harmonic	$V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V}$	-	-	-40	dBc
$3f_o$	3 <sup>rd</sup> Harmonic	$V_{GG2}=5\text{V}$	-	-	-40	dBc
$\rho_{in}$	Input VSWR	$P_{in}=50\text{mW}$	-	-	3:1	—
$I_{DD}$	Leakage Current	$V_{DD}=17\text{V}$ , $V_{GG1}=V_{GG2}=0\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=0\text{W}$	-	-	1	mA
$P_{out2}$	Output Power 2*	$V_{DD}=15.2\text{V}$ , $V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V}$ , $V_{GG2}=1\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=4\text{dBm}$	-	-	2	W
—	Stability	$V_{DD}=10.0\text{-}15.2\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=1\text{-}100\text{mW}$ , $1.5 < P_{out} < 50\text{W}$ ( $V_{GG2}$ control, $V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V}$ ), Load VSWR=3:1	No parasitic oscillation			—
—	Load VSWR Tolerance	$V_{DD}=15.2\text{V}$ , $P_{in}=50\text{mW}$ , $P_{out}=45\text{W}$ ( $V_{GG2}$ control, $V_{GG1}=3.4\text{V}$ ), Load VSWR=20:1	No degradation or destroy			—

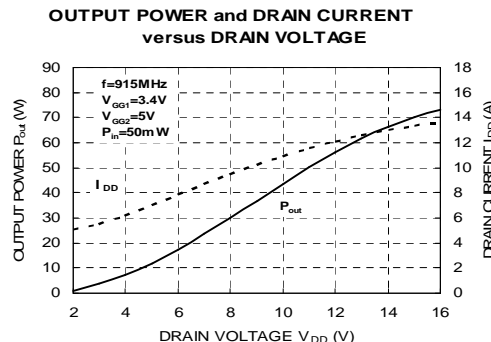
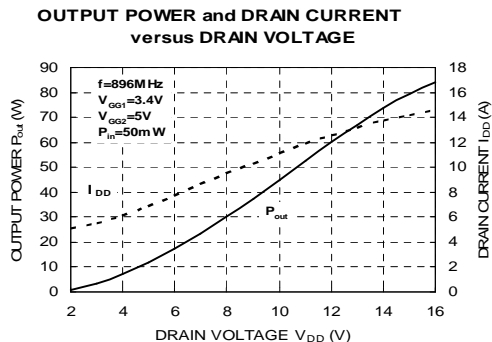
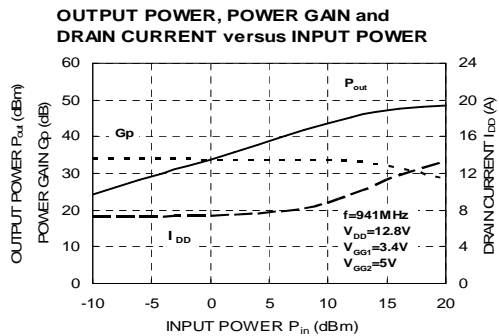
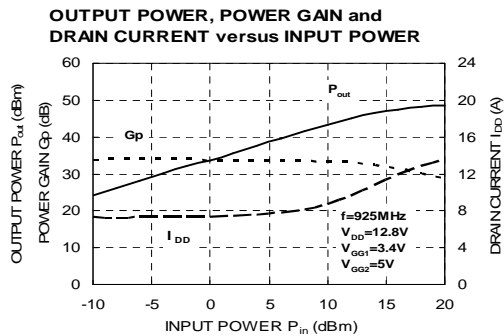
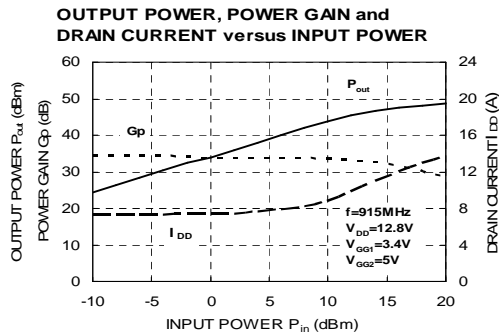
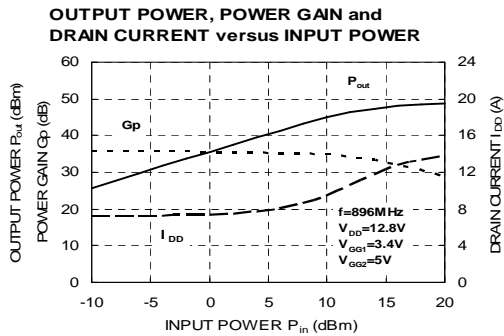
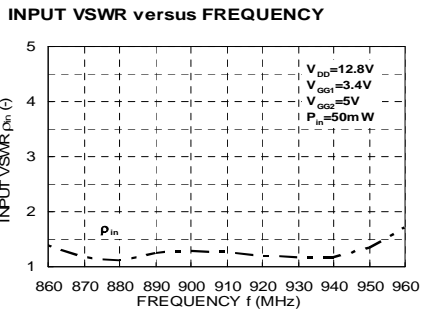
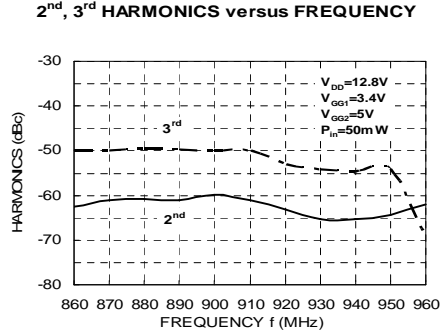
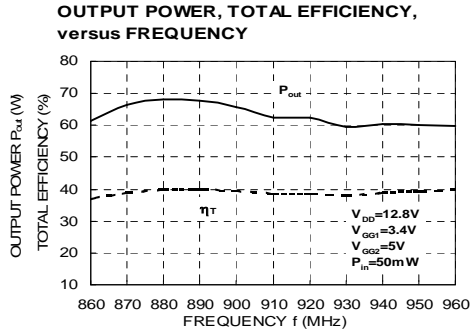
\*: This is guaranteed as design value.

All parameters, conditions, ratings, and limits are subject to change without notice.

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## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (T<sub>case</sub>=+25°C, Z<sub>G</sub>=Z<sub>L</sub>=50Ω, unless otherwise specified)

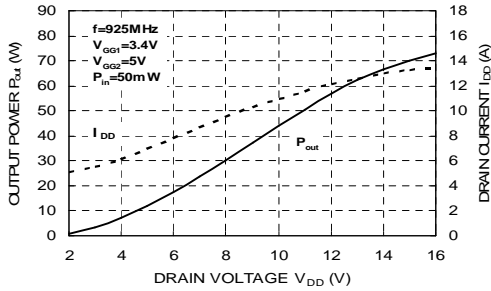


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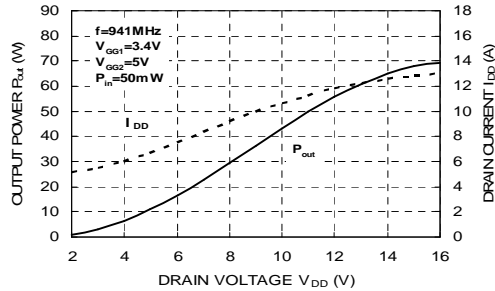
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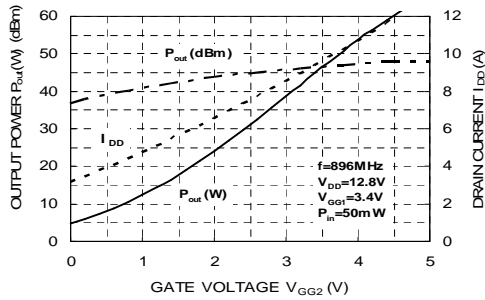
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus DRAIN VOLTAGE**



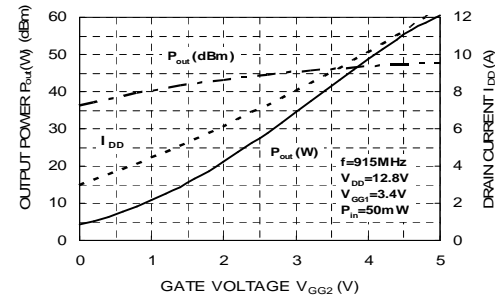
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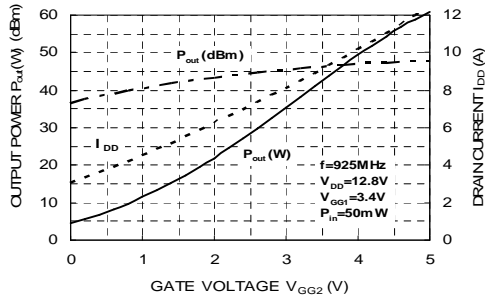
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



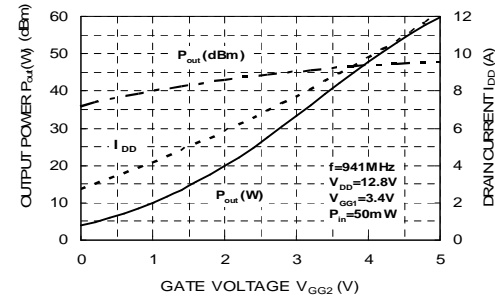
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



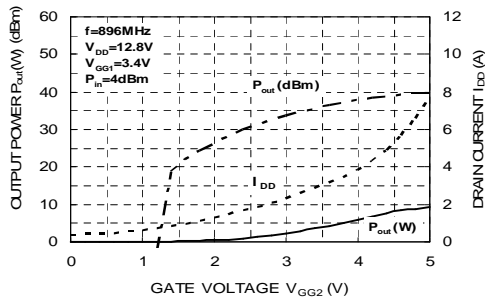
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



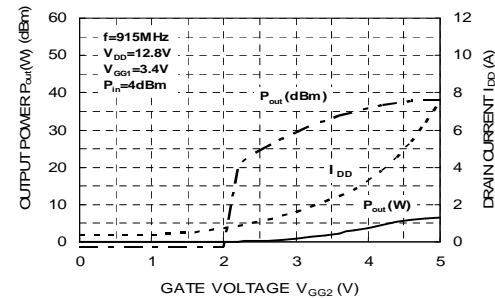
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



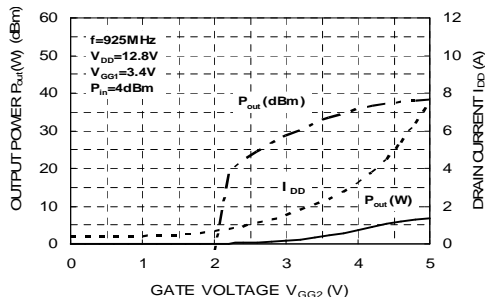
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



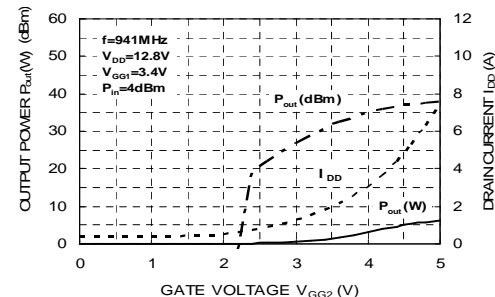
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



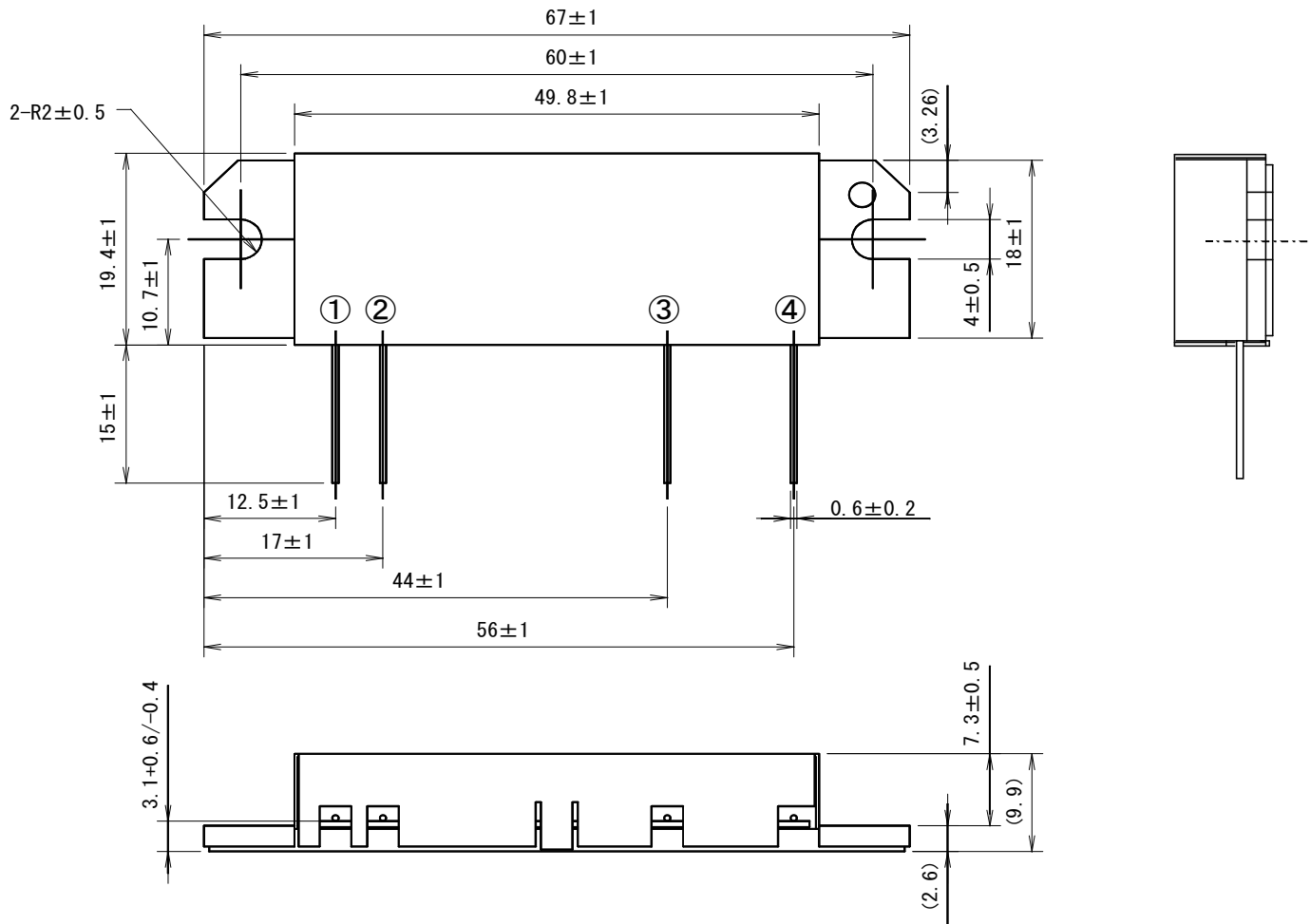
**OUTPUT POWER and DRAIN CURRENT versus GATE VOLTAGE2**



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## OUTLINE DRAWING (mm)

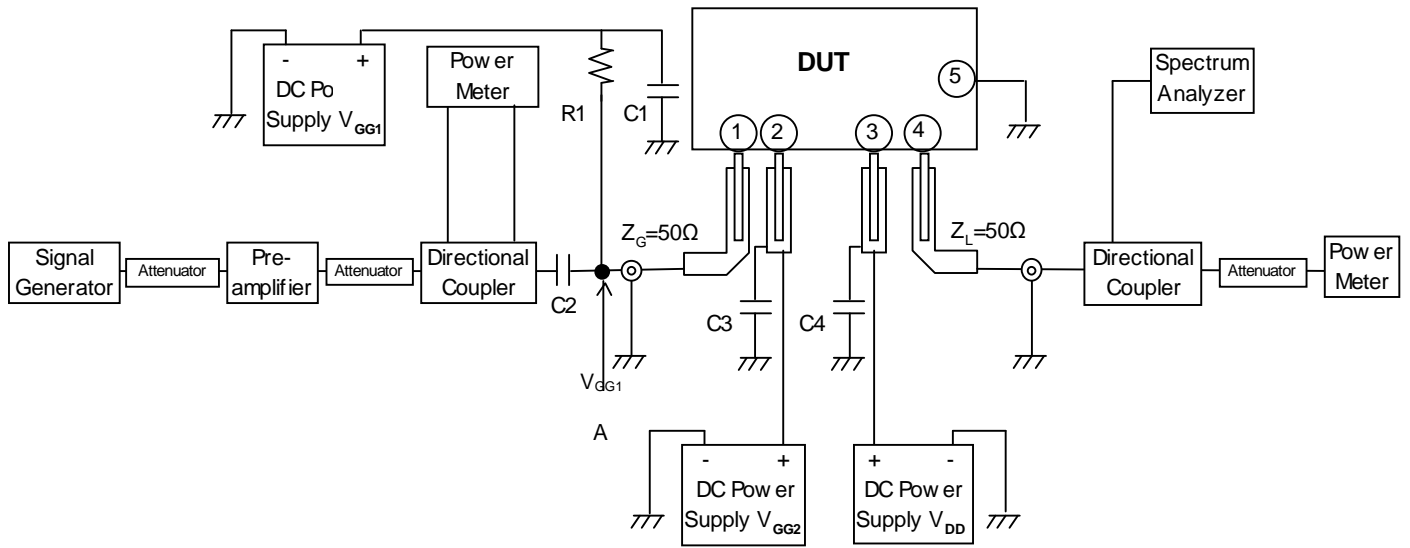


- ① RF Input added Gate Voltage 1 ( $P_{in}$  &  $V_{GG1}$ )
- ② Gate Voltage 2 ( $V_{GG2}$ )
- ③ Drain Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )
- ④ RF Output ( $P_{out}$ )
- ⑤ RF Ground (Case)

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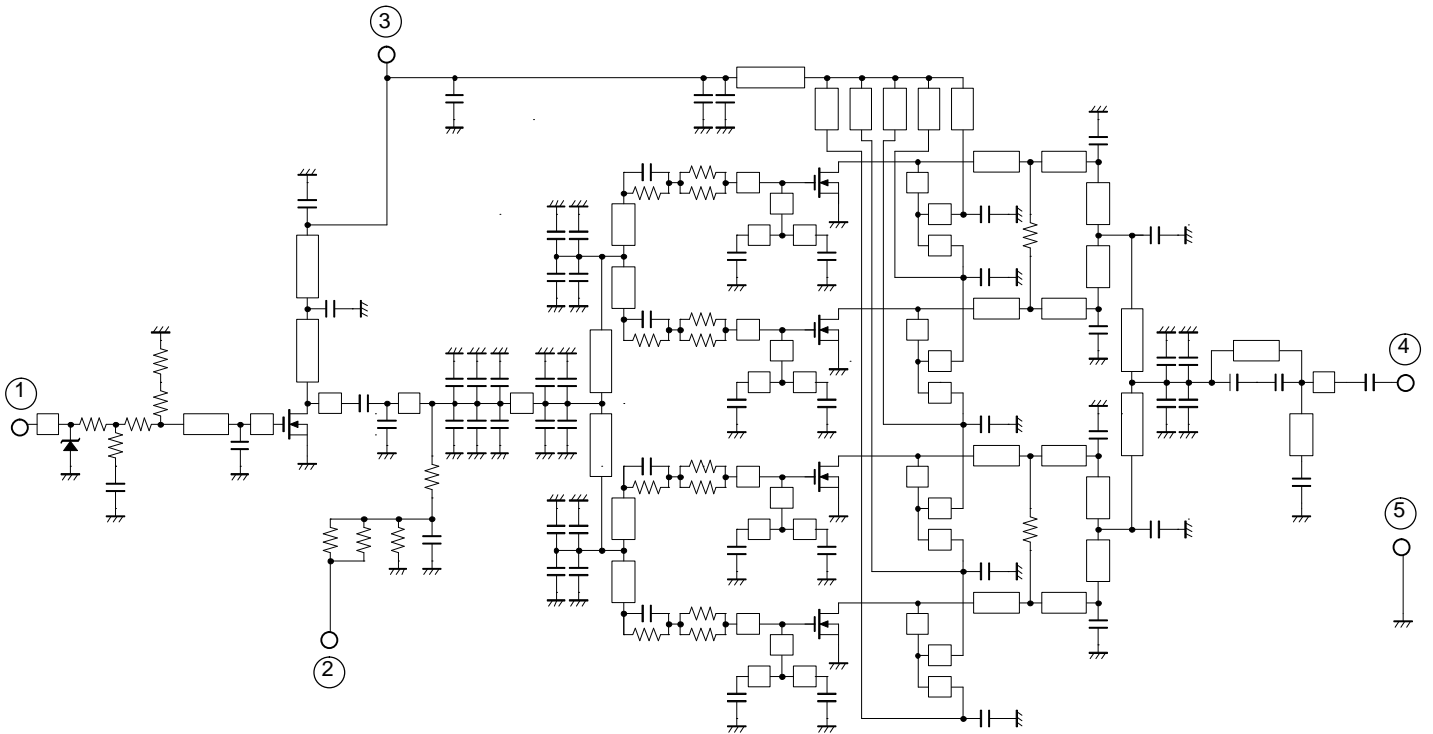
## TEST BLOCK DIAGRAM



C1: 4700pF, C2: 1000pF, R1: suitable. Please refer the detail below.  
 C3, C4: 4700pF, 22uF in parallel  
 $V_{GG1}=3.4V$

- ① RF Input added Gate Voltage 1( $P_{in}$  &  $V_{GG1}$ )
- ② Gate Voltage 2( $V_{GG2}$ )
- ③ Drain Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )
- ④ RF Output ( $P_{out}$ )
- ⑤ RF Ground (Case)

## EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NOTE: Resistance between Gate Voltage 1, where RF is input, and ground equals to 15k ohm.

External resistance connected to  $V_{GG1}$ ; impedance between Pin& $V_{GG1}$  and ground needs to make high impedance that doesn't prevent RF characteristic on this module.

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## RECOMMENDATIONS and APPLICATION INFORMATION:

### Construction:

This module consists of a glass-epoxy substrate soldered onto a copper flange. For mechanical protection, a metal cap is attached (which makes the improvement of RF radiation easy). The MOSFET transistor chips are die bonded onto metal, wire bonded to the substrate, and coated with resin. Lines on the substrate (eventually inductors), chip capacitors, and resistors form the bias and matching circuits. Wire leads soldered onto the glass-epoxy substrate provide the DC and RF connection.

Following conditions must be avoided:

- a) Bending forces on the glass-epoxy substrate (for example, by driving screws or from fast thermal changes)
- b) Mechanical stress on the wire leads (for example, by first soldering then driving screws or by thermal expansion)
- c) Defluxing solvents reacting with the resin coating on the MOSFET chips (for example, Trichloroethylene)
- d) ESD, surge, overvoltage in combination with load VSWR, and oscillation

### ESD:

This MOSFET module is sensitive to ESD voltages down to 1000V. Appropriate ESD precautions are required.

### Mounting:

A thermal compound between module and heat sink is recommended for low thermal contact resistance.

The module must first be screwed to the heat sink, then the leads can be soldered to the printed circuit board.

M3 screws are recommended with a tightening torque of 4.0 to 3.0 kgf-cm.

### Soldering and Defluxing:

This module is designed for manual soldering.

The leads must be soldered after the module is screwed onto the heat sink.

The temperature of the lead (terminal) soldering should be lower than 350°C and shorter than 3 second.

Ethyl Alcohol is recommend for removing flux. Trichloroethylene solvents must not be used (they may cause bubbles in the coating of the transistor chips which can lift off the bond wires).

### Thermal Design of the Heat Sink:

At  $P_{out}=45W$ ,  $V_{DD}=12.8V$  and  $P_{in}=50mW$  each stage transistor operating conditions are:

Stage	$P_{in}$ (W)	$P_{out}$ (W)	$R_{th(ch-case)}$ (°C/W)	$I_{DD}$ @ $\eta_T=33\%$ (A)	$V_{DD}$ (V)
1 <sup>st</sup>	0.05	3.0	3.5	0.62	12.8
2 <sup>nd</sup>	3.0	45.0	0.6	9.96	

The channel temperatures of each stage transistor  $T_{ch} = T_{case} + (V_{DD} \times I_{DD} - P_{out} + P_{in}) \times R_{th(ch-case)}$  are:

$$T_{ch1} = T_{case} + (12.8V \times 0.62A - 3.0W + 0.05W) \times 3.5°C/W = T_{case} + 17.5 °C$$

$$T_{ch2} = T_{case} + (12.8V \times 9.96A - 45.0W + 3.0W) \times 0.6°C/W = T_{case} + 51.3 °C$$

For long-term reliability, it is best to keep the module case temperature ( $T_{case}$ ) below 90°C. For an ambient temperature  $T_{air}=60°C$  and  $P_{out}=45W$ , the required thermal resistance  $R_{th(case-air)} = (T_{case} - T_{air}) / ((P_{out} / \eta_T) - P_{out} + P_{in})$  of the heat sink, including the contact resistance, is:

$$R_{th(case-air)} = (90°C - 60°C) / (45W/33\% - 45W + 0.05W) = 0.33 °C/W$$

When mounting the module with the thermal resistance of 0.33 °C/W, the channel temperature of each stage transistor is:

$$T_{ch1} = T_{air} + 47.5 °C$$

$$T_{ch2} = T_{air} + 81.3 °C$$

The 175°C maximum rating for the channel temperature ensures application under derated conditions.

### Output Power Control:

Depending on linearity, the following three methods are recommended to control the output power:

- a) Non-linear FM modulation at high power operating:

By the gate voltages ( $V_{GG1}$  and  $V_{GG2}$ ).

When the gate voltages are close to zero, the nominal output signal ( $P_{out}=45W$ ) is attenuated up to 60 dB and only a small leakage current flows from the battery into the drain. (On the following,  $V_{GG1}$  has to be kept in 3.4V.)

Around  $V_{GG2}=0V$ (minimum), the output power and drain current increases substantially.

Around  $V_{GG2}=4V$  (typical) to  $V_{GG2}=5V$  (maximum), the nominal output power becomes available.

- b) Linear AM modulation:

By RF input power  $P_{in}$ . (On the following,  $V_{GG1}$  has to be kept in 3.4V.)

$V_{GG2}$  is used to set the drain's quiescent current for the required linearity.

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## Oscillation:

To test RF characteristics, this module is put on a fixture with two bias decoupling capacitors each on gate and drain, a 4.700 pF chip capacitor, located close to the module, and a 22  $\mu$ F (or more) electrolytic capacitor.

When an amplifier circuit around this module shows oscillation, the following may be checked:

- a) Do the bias decoupling capacitors have a low inductance pass to the case of the module?
- b) Is the load impedance  $Z_L=50\Omega$ ?
- c) Is the source impedance  $Z_G=50\Omega$ ?

## ATTENTION:

1. High Temperature ; This product might have a heat generation while operation, Please take notice that have a possibility to receive a burn to touch the operating product directly or touch the product until cold after switch off. At the near the product, do not place the combustible material that have possibilities to arise the fire.
2. Generation of High Frequency Power ; This product generate a high frequency power. Please take notice that do not leakage the unnecessary electric wave and use this products without cause damage for human and property per normal operation.
3. Before use; Before use the product, Please design the equipment in consideration of the risk for human and electric wave obstacle for equipment.

## PRECAUTIONS FOR THE USE OF MITSUBISHI SILICON RF POWER DEVICES:

1. The specifications of mention are not guarantee values in this data sheet. Please confirm additional details regarding operation of these products from the formal specification sheet. For copies of the formal specification sheets, please contact one of our sales offices.
2. RA series products (RF power amplifier modules) and RD series products (RF power transistors) are designed for consumer mobile communication terminals and were not specifically designed for use in other applications. In particular, while these products are highly reliable for their designed purpose, they are not manufactured under a quality assurance testing protocol that is sufficient to guarantee the level of reliability typically deemed necessary for critical communications elements and In the application, which is base station applications and fixed station applications that operate with long term continuous transmission and a higher on-off frequency during transmitting, please consider the derating, the redundancy system, appropriate setting of the maintain period and others as needed. For the reliability report which is described about predicted operating life time of Mitsubishi Silicon RF Products , please contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Semiconductor product distributor.
3. RD series products use MOSFET semiconductor technology. They are sensitive to ESD voltage therefore appropriate ESD precautions are required.
4. In the case of use in below than recommended frequency, there is possibility to occur that the device is deteriorated or destroyed due to the RF-swing exceed the breakdown voltage.
5. In order to maximize reliability of the equipment, it is better to keep the devices temperature low. It is recommended to utilize a sufficient sized heat-sink in conjunction with other cooling methods as needed (fan, etc.) to keep the channel temperature for RD series products lower than 120deg/C(in case of  $T_{chmax}=150deg/C$ ), 140deg/C(in case of  $T_{chmax}=175deg/C$ ) under standard conditions.
6. Do not use the device at the exceeded the maximum rating condition. In case of plastic molded devices, the exceeded maximum rating condition may cause blowout, smoldering or catch fire of the molding resin due to extreme short current flow between the drain and the source of the device. These results causes in fire or injury.
7. For specific precautions regarding assembly of these products into the equipment, please refer to the supplementary items in the specification sheet.
8. Warranty for the product is void if the products protective cap (lid) is removed or if the product is modified in any way from it's original form.
9. For additional "Safety first" in your circuit design and notes regarding the materials, please refer the last page of this data sheet.
10. Please refer to the additional precautions in the formal specification sheet.

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## **Keep safety first in your circuit designs!**

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of non-flammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

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