

DUAL LVCMOS / LVTTL-TODIFFERENTIAL HSTL TRANSLATOR

ICS85222-01

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



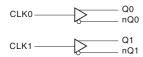
The ICS85222-01 is a Dual LVCMOS / LVTTL-to-Differential HSTL translator and a member of the HiPerClocks[™] family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The ICS85222-01 has two single ended clock inputs. The single ended

clock input accepts LVCMOS or LVTTL input levels and translates them to HSTL levels. The small outline 8-pin SOIC package makes this device ideal for applications where space, high performance and low power are important.

FEATURES

- Two differential HSTL outputs
- CLK0, CLK1 LVCMOS/LVTTL clock inputs
- CLK0 and CLK1 can accept the following input levels: LVCMOS or LVTTL
- Maximum output frequency: 350MHz
- Part-to-part skew: 375ps (maximum)
- Propagation delay: 1075ps (maximum)
- V_{OH}: 1.4V (maximum)
- Full 3.3V and 2.5V operating supply voltage
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Industrial temperature information available upon request
- Available in both standard and lead-free RoHS-compliant packages

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT

Q0 □ 1	8	□Vdd
nQ0 ☐ 2	7	□ CLK0
Q1 🗆 3	6	□CLK1
nQ1 ☐ 4	5	□GND

ICS85222-01

8-Lead SOIC 3.90mm x 4.92mm x 1.37mm body package M Package Top View

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Ту	уре	Description
1, 2	Q0, nQ0	Output		Differential output pair. HSTL interface levels.
3, 4	Q1, nQ1	Output		Differential output pair. HSTL interface levels.
5	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
6	CLK1	Input	Pullup	LVCMOS / LVTTL clock input.
7	CLK0	Input	Pullup	LVCMOS / LVTTL clock input.
8	V _{DD}	Power		Positive supply pin.

NOTE: Pullup refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

NOTE: Unused output pairs must be terminated.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{DD} 4.6V

Inputs, V_{I} -0.5V to V_{DD} + 0.5V

Outputs, I_{\odot}

Continuous Current 50mA Surge Current 100mA

Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA} 112.7°C/W (0 Ifpm) Storage Temperature, T_{STG} -65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Table 3A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $TA = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{DD}	Positive Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DD}	Positive Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current				35	mA

Table 3B. LVCMOS / LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	CLK0, CLK1		2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	CLK0, CLK1		-0.3		1.3	V
I _{IH}	Input High Current	CLK0, CLK1	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 2.625V$			5	μΑ
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	CLK0, CLK1	$V_{DD} = 3.465, V_{IN} = 0V$ $V_{DD} = 2.625, V_{IN} = 0V$	-150			μΑ

Table 3C. HSTL DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		1		1.4	V
V		$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	0		0.4	V
V _{OL}		$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	0		0.55	V
V	Dook to Dook Output Voltage Swing	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	0.6		1.4	V
V _{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing	$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	0.45		1.4	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to GND.

Table 4A. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f _{MAX}	Output Frequency				350	MHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1		700		1075	ps
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 3				375	ps
t _R / t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	150		800	ps
		<i>f</i> ≤ 150MHz	48		52	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	150 < f ≤ 250MHz	46		54	%
		250 < f ≤ 350MHz	45		55	%

NOTE 1: Measured from V_{DD}/2 of the input to the differential output crossing point.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

Table 4B. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, Ta = 0°C to 70°C

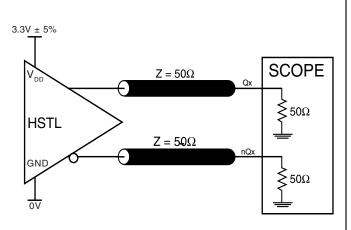
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f _{MAX}	Output Frequency				350	MHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1		700		1200	ps
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 3				475	ps
t_{R}/t_{F}	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	150		800	ps
ada	Output Duty Cycle	<i>f</i> ≤ 150MHz	48		52	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$150 < f \le 350 \text{MHz}$	46		54	%

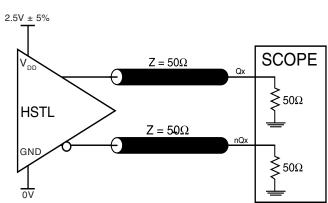
NOTE 1: Measured from $V_{\tiny DD}/2$ of the input to the differential output crossing point.

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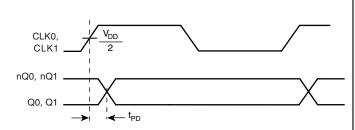
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

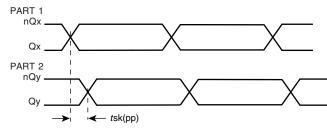




3.3V CORE/3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT

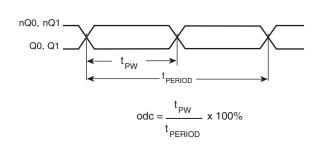
2.5V CORE/2.5V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT

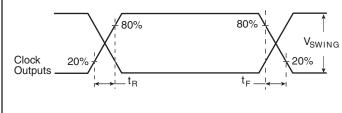




PROPAGATION DELAY

PART-TO-PART SKEW





OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD

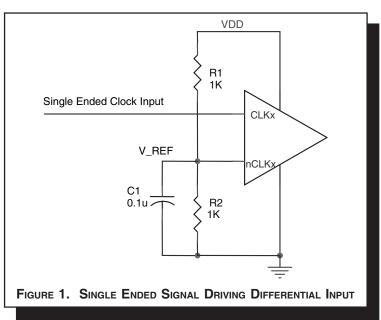
OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME

APPLICATION INFORMATION

WIRING THE DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO ACCEPT SINGLE ENDED LEVELS

Figure 1 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage $V_REF = V_{DD}/2$ is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin. The ratio

of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to position the V_REF in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.3V, V_REF should be 1.25V and R2/R1 = 0.609.



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR UNUSED INPUT AND OUTPUT PINS

INPUTS: OUTPUTS:

CLK INPUT:

For applications not requiring the use of a clock input, it can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a $1k\Omega$ resistor can be tied from the CLK input to ground.

HSTL OUTPUT

All unused LVHSTL outputs can be left floating. We recommend that there is no trace attached. Both sides of the differential output pair should either be left floating or terminated.

SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

Figure 2 shows a schematic example of ICS85222-01. In this example, the inputs are driven by 7Ω output LVCMOS drivers with series terminations. The decoupling capacitors should be

physically located near the power pin. For ICS85222-01, the unused output need to be terminated.

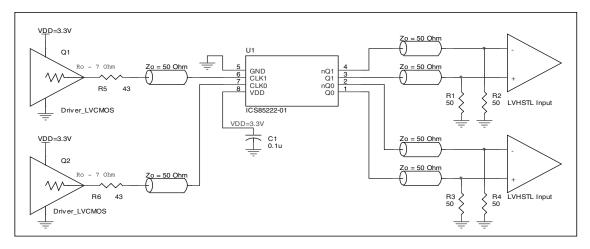


FIGURE 2. ICS85222-01 HSTL BUFFER SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS85222-01. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS85222-01 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{DD MAX} * I_{DD MAX} = 3.465V * 35mA = 121.3mW
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = 82.34mW/Loaded Output pair
 If all outputs are loaded, the total power is 2 * 82.34mW = 164.68mW

Total Power $_{\text{MAX}}$ (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = 121.3mW + 164.68mW = 285.98mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS TM devices is 125 $^{\circ}$ C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj = θ_{IA} * Pd_total + T_A

Tj = Junction Temperature

 θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total device power dissipation (example calculation is in Section 1 above)

 $T_A = Ambient Temperature$

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance $\theta_{\rm JA}$ must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 103.3°C/W per Table 5 below. Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 70°C with all outputs switching is:

 $70^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.286\text{W} * 103.3^{\circ}\text{C/W} = 99.5^{\circ}\text{C}$. This is well below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

Table 5. Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} for 8-Pin SOIC, Forced Convection

	0	202	F00
	Ü	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	153.3°C/W	128.5°C/W	115.5°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	112.7°C/W	103.3°C/W	97.1°C/W

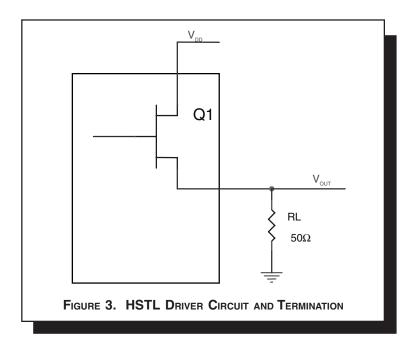
NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

 $\theta_{\text{\tiny IA}}$ by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

HSTL output driver circuit and termination are shown in Figure 3.



To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load.

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

 $\label{eq:pd_L} \textit{Pd}_\textit{L} \ \textit{is the power dissipation when the output drives low}.$

$$\begin{aligned} & Pd_H = (V_{OH_MAX}/R_L) * (V_{DD_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) \\ & Pd_L = (V_{OL_MAX}/R_L) * (V_{DD_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) \end{aligned}$$

$$Pd_H = (1.4V/50\Omega) * (3.465V - 1.4V) =$$
57.82mW $Pd_L = (0.4V/50\Omega) * (3.465V - 0.4V) =$ **24.52mW**

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = Pd_H + Pd_L = 82.34mW

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

Table 6. $\theta_{\text{JA}} \text{vs. Air Flow Table 8 Lead SOIC}$

θ_{AA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)

 O
 200
 500

 Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards
 153.3°C/W
 128.5°C/W
 115.5°C/W

 Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards
 112.7°C/W
 103.3°C/W
 97.1°C/W

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS85222-01 is: 443

PACKAGE OUTLINE - M SUFFIX FOR 8 LEAD SOIC

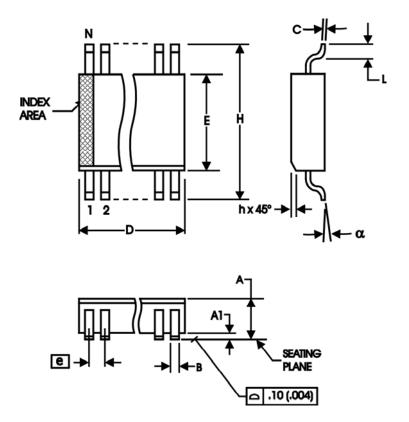


TABLE 7. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

CYMPOL	Millin	neters
SYMBOL	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
N	1	8
Α	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
В	0.33	0.51
С	0.19	0.25
D	4.80	5.00
Е	3.80	4.00
е	1.27 [BASIC
Н	5.80	6.20
h	0.25	0.50
L	0.40	1.27
α	0°	8°

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-012

TABLE 8. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Package	Temperature
ICS85222AM-01	5222A01	8 Lead SOIC	tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS85222AM-01T	5222A01	8 Lead SOIC	2500 tape & reel	0°C to 70°C
ICS85222AM-01LF	5222A01L	8 Lead "Lead-Free" SOIC	tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS85222AM-01LFT	5222A01L	8 Lead "Lead-Free" SOIC	2500 tape & reel	0°C to 70°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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	REVISION HISTORY SHEET						
Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date			
Α		6	Added Application Note, "Wiring the Differential Input to Accept Single Ended Levels".	1/11/05			
, ,	Т8	11	Ordering Information Table - added Lead-Free part number.	1711700			
		1	Added lead-free bullet.				
Α		6	Added Recommendations for Unused Input and Output Pins.	11/15/05			
A		8-9	Corrected Power Considerations, Power Dissipation calculation.	11/15/05			
	T8	12	Ordering Information Table - added tape & reel quantity and lead-free note.				

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