



UM91214/15 Series

Tone/Pulse Dialer

Features

- One touch redial operation
- Tone/Pulse switchable
- 32-digit capacity for redialing
- Automatic mixed redialing (last number redial) of pulse to DTMF with multiple automatic access pauses
- PABX auto-pause is 2.2 seconds
- DTMF Timing:
Manual dialing: minimum duration for bursts and pauses
Redialing: calibrated timing
- Hands-Free control function
- Wide operating voltage range: 2V to 5.5V

- Key-in beep tone output
- Digits dialed manually after redialing are cascable and stored as additional digits for the next redialing
- Uses inexpensive ceramic resonator (3.58 MHz)
- Two versions for different telephone systems
- Built-in power up reset circuit
- Four extra function keys: flash, pause, redial and DP or DTMF mixed dialing
- Four-by-four (or 2 of 8) keyboard can be used
- Low standby current

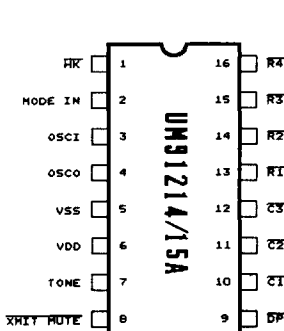
General Description

The UM91214/15 is a single-chip, silicon gate, CMOS integrated circuit with an on-chip oscillator for a 3.58 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator. It provides dialing pulse (DP) or dual tone multi-frequency (DTMF) dialing. A standard 4x4 matrix keyboard can be used to support either DP or DTMF modes. Up to 32

digits can be saved in the on-chip RAM for redialing. In the DTMF mode, minimum tone duration and minimum intertone pause provide for rapid dialing. Maximum tone duration is dependent upon the key depression time in manual dialing.

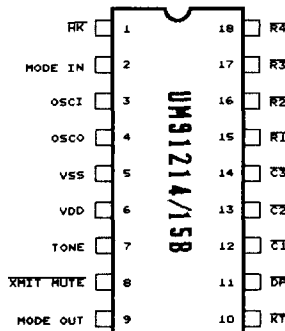
Pin Configurations

a. 16-Pin Package

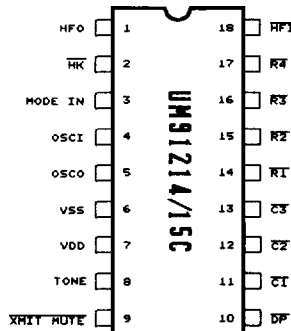


b. 18-Pin Package

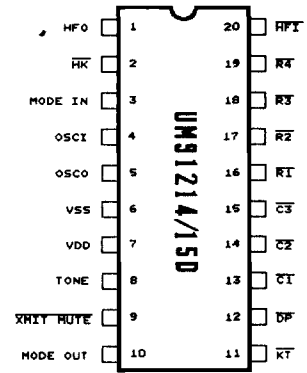
(i) Key tone output



(ii) Hands-Free control



c. 20-Pin Package





Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Supply Voltage (VDD) ≤ 6.0V
 Input Voltage (VIN) VSS -0.3V to VDD +0.3V
 Output Voltage (VOUT) VSS -0.3V to VDD +0.3V
 Output Voltage (VOUT) (DP, XMIT MUTE) ≤1.2V
 Tone Output Current (ITONE) ≤ 50 mA
 Power Dissipation (Pd) ≤ 500 mW
 Operating Temperature (TOP) -20°C to +70°C
 Storage Temperature (TSTG) -40°C to +125°C

***Comments**

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied and exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Electrical Characteristics (VDD = 3.5V, VSS = 0V, Fosc = 3.579 MHz, TOP = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Test CKT.	
Operating Voltage	VDD	2.0		5.5	V	Pulse mode	A	
		2.0		5.5		Tone mode		
Memory Retention Voltage	VMR	1			V		-	
Memory Retention Current	IMR		0.05	0.4	μA	VDD = 1.0V, HK = VDD All outputs unloaded	-	
Operation Current	IDDP		0.32	1.0	mA	Pulse mode	All outputs unloaded	A
	IDDT		0.6	2.0		Tone mode		
Standby Current	ISO		0.03	0.05	μA	HK = VDD = 1.5V	All outputs unloaded, no key selected	A
			0.5	10		HK = VSS		
Input Voltage	VIH	0.8		1	VDD			
	VIL	0		0.2				
R1 - R4 Input Current	IR		115		μA		C	
Tone out Voltage	VOC	584	730	876	mVp-p	Column	VDD = 3.5V RL = 5K	D
	VOR	456	570	684		Row		
HFI Pull Low Current	IHFI		5		μA	VDD = 3.5V. (Note 1) HFI pin connected to 0V	B	

DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Test CKT.
HFO Source Current	IOH1	0.4	2		mA	VDD = 3.5V VOH = VDD - 0.4V	B
HFO, \overline{KT} , MODEOUT XMITMUTE Sink Current	IOL1	0.9	5.3		mA	VDD = 3.5V VOL = 0.4V	B
\overline{DP} Sink Current	IOL2	1.1	5.3		mA	VDD = 3.5V VOL = 0.4V	B
Distortion	DIS%		1	5	%	* Note 1	

Note 1:
$$DIS\% = \frac{100 \cdot (V_1^2 + V_2^2 + \dots + V_n^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(V_{IL}^2 + V_{IH}^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

- a. $V_1 \dots V_n$ are the intermodulation or the harmonic frequencies in the 500 Hz to 3400 Hz band, and
 b. V_{IL} and V_{IH} are the individual frequency components of the DTMF signal.

AC Characteristics (VDD = 3.5V, VSS = 0V, Fosc = 3.579 MHz, TOP = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Make Time	TM		33.3		ms	10 pps	M/B = 1/2
			40.0				M/B = 2/3
			16.7			20 pps	M/B = 1/2
			20.0				M/B = 2/3
Break Time	TB		66.6		ms	10 pps	M/B = 1/2
			60.0				M/B = 2/3
			33.3			20 pps	M/B = 1/2
			30.0				M/B = 2/3
Inter Digit Pause Time	TIDP		824		ms	10 pps	
			458			20 pps	
Pause Time	TPAU		2.2		sec		



AC Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Auto-redial Break Time	TAOBK		2.2		sec	* Optional
Delay time Key valid to Signal out	TD		0		ms	
Key-in Debounce	TKD		21		ms	
Key Release Debounce Time	TKLD		5.2		ms	
Key-in Tone Duration	TKTD		23		ms	
Key-in Tone Frequency	FKT		437		Hz	
Minimum Tone Duration Time	TMFD		94		ms	
Min. Tone Inter-digit Pause	TTIDP		96		ms	
Redial Tone Duration	TMFDR		94		ms	
Redial Tone Inter-digit Duration	TTIDPR		96		ms	

Comparisons of Specified vs. Actual Tone Frequencies

R/C	Spec.	Actual	Error (%)	Unit	Conditions
$\bar{R}1$	697	699.1	+ 0.31	Hz	Fosc = 3.579 MHz
$\bar{R}2$	770	771.5	+ 0.19	Hz	
$\bar{R}3$	852	852.3	+ 0.03	Hz	
$\bar{R}4$	941	942.0	+ 0.10	Hz	
$\bar{C}1$	1,209	1,215.7	+ 0.57	Hz	
$\bar{C}2$	1,336	1,331.7	- 0.32	Hz	
$\bar{C}3$	1,477	1,471.9	- 0.35	Hz	

Pin Descriptions

Pin No.				Designation	I/O	Description																																
UM91215A UM91214A	UM91215B UM91214B	UM91215C UM91214C	UM91215D UM91214D																																			
3 4	3 4	4 5	4 5	OSCI OSCO	I	Oscillator Input and Output pins The time base for the UM91214/15 is a crystal controlled on-chip oscillator, which is completed by connecting a 3.58 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator between the OSCI and OSKO pins																																
2	2	3	3	MODE IN	I, Z	<p>Tri-State mode select pin There are two versions of the UM91214/15</p> <p>a. UM91215 Series is for European and American Systems</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MODE IN</th> <th>Tone/ Pulse</th> <th>Dial Rate</th> <th>M/B Ratio</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VDD</td> <td>Pulse</td> <td>10pps</td> <td>2/3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VSS</td> <td>Tone</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Floating</td> <td>Pulse</td> <td>10pps</td> <td>1/2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>b. The UM91214 Series is for the Japanese system</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MODE IN</th> <th>Tone/ Pulse</th> <th>Dial Rate</th> <th>M/B Ratio</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VDD</td> <td>Pulse</td> <td>10pps</td> <td>1/2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VSS</td> <td>Tone</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Floating</td> <td>Pulse</td> <td>20pps</td> <td>1/2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The mode selection pin is checked for tone/pulse dialing at each digit key entry. In pulse mode, the dialing rate is checked, along with the make/break ratio, at the first key entry</p>	MODE IN	Tone/ Pulse	Dial Rate	M/B Ratio	VDD	Pulse	10pps	2/3	VSS	Tone	-	-	Floating	Pulse	10pps	1/2	MODE IN	Tone/ Pulse	Dial Rate	M/B Ratio	VDD	Pulse	10pps	1/2	VSS	Tone	-	-	Floating	Pulse	20pps	1/2
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Pin Descriptions (continued)

Pin No.				Designation	I/O	Description
UM91215A UM91214A	UM91215B UM91214B	UM91215C UM91214C	UM91215D UM91214D			
1	1	2	2	HK	1	Hook switch input This inverter input pin detects the state of the hook switch contact. "Off Hook" is represented by a VSS condition. "On Hook" is represented by a VDD condition
(N.A.)	10	(N.A.)	11	KT	0	Key-in tone output This N-channel open drain pin sends out a "beep" tone for each pulse mode key entry, along with entries of accepted function keys (RD, T, F1 F2, and P keys). The tone output frequency is 437 Hz and tone duration is 23 ms
9	11	10	12	DP	0	Dialing pulse output This is an N-channel open drain output. The normal output will be "ON" during break and "OFF" during make in the pulse dialing mode



Pin Descriptions (continued)

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UM91215A UM91214A	UM91215B UM91214B	UM91215C UM91214C	UM91215D UM91214D																																											
(N.A.)	(N.A.)	1	1	HFO	O	<p>Hands-Free Control I/O pins These pins enable and disable the Hands-Free Control function. When input pin HFI goes low, the Hands-Free Control state is toggled on. Status of the Hands-Free Control state is listed in the following table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Current State</th> <th colspan="3">Next State</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Hook sw.</th> <th>HFO</th> <th>Input</th> <th>HFO</th> <th>Dialing?</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-</td> <td>Low</td> <td>HFI $\overline{\text{L}}$</td> <td>High</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>On Hook</td> <td>High</td> <td>HFI $\overline{\text{L}}$</td> <td>Low</td> <td>No</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Off Hook</td> <td>High</td> <td>HFI $\overline{\text{L}}$</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>On Hook</td> <td>-</td> <td>Off Hook</td> <td>Low</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Off Hook</td> <td>Low</td> <td>On Hook</td> <td>Low</td> <td>No</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Off Hook</td> <td>High</td> <td>On Hook</td> <td>High</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Current State		Next State			Hook sw.	HFO	Input	HFO	Dialing?	-	Low	HFI $\overline{\text{L}}$	High	Yes	On Hook	High	HFI $\overline{\text{L}}$	Low	No	Off Hook	High	HFI $\overline{\text{L}}$	Low	Yes	On Hook	-	Off Hook	Low	Yes	Off Hook	Low	On Hook	Low	No	Off Hook	High	On Hook	High	Yes
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		On Hook	-	Off Hook	Low		Yes																																							
		Off Hook	Low	On Hook	Low		No																																							
Off Hook	High	On Hook	High	Yes																																										
18	20	$\overline{\text{HFI}}$	I																																											
7	7	8	8	TONE	O	<p>Tone dialing output When a valid keypress is detected in the DTMF mode, appropriate low group and high group, frequencies are generated which hybridize the dual tone output. TONE output is in the "OFF" state in pulse mode</p>																																								



Pin Descriptions (continued)

Pin No.				Designation	I/O	Description
UM91215A UM91214A	UM91215B UM91214B	UM91215C UM91214C	UM91215D UM91214D			
8	8	9	9	$\overline{\text{XMIT MUTE}}$	O	Dialing transmission mute output This is an N-channel open drain output The $\overline{\text{XMIT MUTE}}$ is normally "OFF" During pulse of DTMF dialing this output is "ON"
(N.A.)	9	(N.A.)	10	MODE OUT	O	Mode output pin This is an N-channel, open drain output It is "ON" during tone output and "OFF" during pulse output
13	15	14	16	$\overline{\text{R1}}$		Keyboard pins This input serves as the interface to an XY matrix keyboard. On a 4 x 4 matrix keyboard, the input from the fourth column, $\overline{\text{C4}}$, should be connected to VSS
14	16	15	17	$\overline{\text{R2}}$		
15	17	16	18	$\overline{\text{R3}}$		
16	18	17	19	$\overline{\text{R4}}$		
10	12	11	13	$\overline{\text{C1}}$		
11	13	12	14	$\overline{\text{C2}}$		
12	14	13	15	$\overline{\text{C3}}$		
6	6	7	7	VDD		Power supply pins These devices are designed to operate from 2.0V to 5.5V
5	5	6	6	VSS		



Operational Procedures

Symbol Definitions:

In the description below, signals are defined in terms of the key or switch which is activated.

Off Hook means the phone was taken off the hook.

On Hook means that the receiver is on the hook.

D1 stands for the first digit dialed in a string of digits.

Dn (**Dk**) stands for the last digit dialed in a string of digits.

Dn+1 stands for the beginning of a new string of digits.

Dn+m stands for the last digit in a new string of digits.

HFI ↓ stands for the switch that activates the Hands-Free dialing mode going low

***/T** is the Pulse-to-DTMF key.

RD is the Redial key.

0 is the Zero key.

P is the Pause key.

F is the Flash key.

Recommended Operation:

1. Pulse mode operation

a. **OffHook** **D1** . . . **Dn**

Pulse mode is defined as the initial mode, provided the first keyboard input is not the ***/T** key following the **OffHook** condition and the mode selection pin is floating (MODE IN = VDD or floating).

b. **On Hook** **HFI ↓** **D1** . . . **Dn**

Pulse mode is defined as the initial mode, provided the key input **D1** is not ***/T** while the mode selection pin is VDD or floating. The chip will pause for 824 ms automatically after it detects an **Off Hook** condition or the **HFI ↓** key is depressed. It then proceeds with pulse or DTMF dialing if any keys have been depressed.

The dialing rate or make/break ratio is decided at the first key entry by checking the MODE IN status and will not be altered. The MODE IN status can only switch the dialing mode from Pulse to DTMF after the first key entry.

2. DTMF mode operation

a. **OffHook** **D1** . . . **Dn** or

On Hook **HFI ↓** **D1** . . . **Dn**

DTMF mode is defined as the initial mode if the mode selection pin MODE IN is VSS.

b. **OffHook** ***/T** **D1** . . . **Dn** or

On Hook **HFI ↓** ***/T** **D1** . . . **Dn**

The initial mode is pulse mode if the mode selection pin, MODE IN, is VDD or floating. The ***/T** key can switch the dialing mode to tone mode. Unlike normal mode switching, the ***/T** key entry, as the first key pressed, will not produce any pause time. There are only 31 digits of redial memory available in the buffer to be used for operations a and b, since the mode switching key, ***/T**, will occupy one digit of space.

3. Manual dialing with automatic access pause

a. . . .

Pause key entries can be accepted and stored in the redial memory. Each is stored as a digit. Each key-in will provide a pause of 3.57 seconds, depending on which model you are using.

4. Redial

a. or

Up to 32 digits (in pulse mode) or 31 digits (in tone mode) can be dialed using the key. The key is disabled while pulse or tone signals are being transmitted. Redial will also be inhibited if the last number dialed exceeds 32 digits because the redial memory can only hold 32 digits.

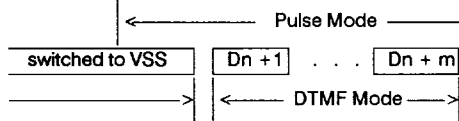
b. . . . or

. . .

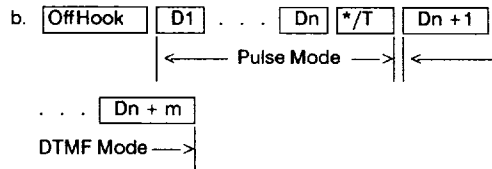
After pressing the key, we can add digits to the number in redial memory. When finished dialing, the redial memory will contain the original digits plus the digits dialed after pressing . Each time the redial key is pressed, the stored number will be dialed exactly the same as it was previously, regardless of the status of the MODE IN pin.

5. TONE/PULSE switching operation

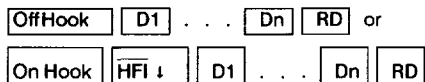
a. . . .



The mode selection pin is always checked for tone or pulse mode key entry. Dialing can be switched from pulse to tone mode, but not from tone to pulse mode. Switching the MODE IN pin to VSS will cause the chip to store a digit prior to the first tone digit in the redial memory and will automatically insert a 2.2 second pause before the tone digits are dialed out. After the mode has been switched, the status of the mode selection pin will no longer be checked. Therefore, it will not be possible to switch from tone to pulse mode.



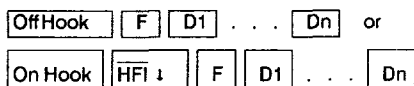
Pulse mode is initially defined with the mode selection pin, MODE IN, equal to VDD or floating. At this time, the mode can be switched to DTMF by pressing the key. DTMF mode will begin as soon as the last pulse has been transmitted. In this mode, through are sent through the TONE OUT pin as DTF signals. If a key entry is contained in the series of digits before or after the entry, or the MODE IN switch is depressed, 2.2 second pause will be added to the automatically inserted pause time, which is also 3.57 seconds. Both of the above switching modes can store as many as 31 digits in the redial memory.

6. One-Key redialing


If the dialing of D1 to Dn is finished, pressing RD will cause the pulse dialing pin to go low for 1.67 seconds of break time and an 824 ms pause will automatically be added. If the pulses of the number dialed with D1 to Dn have not finished, the pressing of the redial key will be ignored.

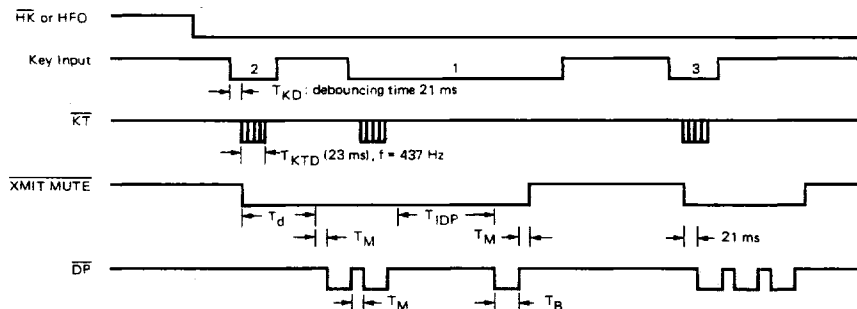
Pressing the flash keys, F1 or F2, will cause a break of 96 ms or 640 ms (or, 297 ms or 640 ms, depending on the model) on the \overline{DP} output pin. Then, it pauses for 824 ms and continues dialing the digits, D1 to Dn. These digits are then store in the redial memory.

Each time the flash key is pressed, the redial memory will be cleared to store a new entry. In addition, the **MODE IN** status will be checked again for the setting of the Tone/Pulse dialing mode.

7. Flash dialing


The flash keys emulate quick On-Off Hook operations.

Similarly, to make sure that the IC is working properly, new flash key inputs will be ignored as long as the digits that were dialed have not finished.

Timing Waveforms
1. Timing Waveform in Pulse Mode:


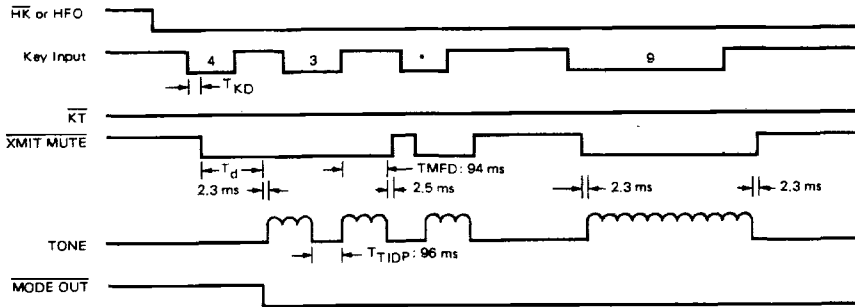
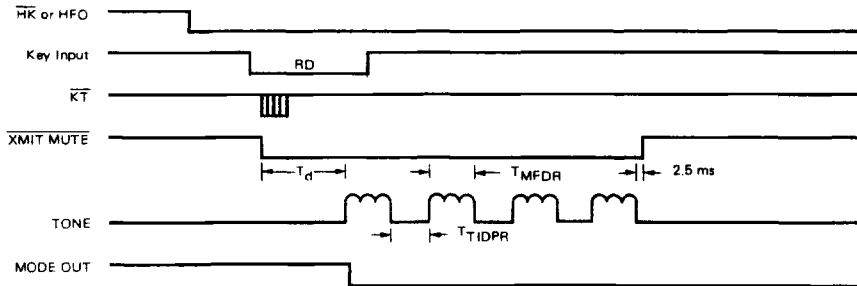
T_d : Delay time of Key valid to dialing signal out, typically 0ms

T_{IDP} : Inter digit pause time

T_{KTO} : Key in tone duration

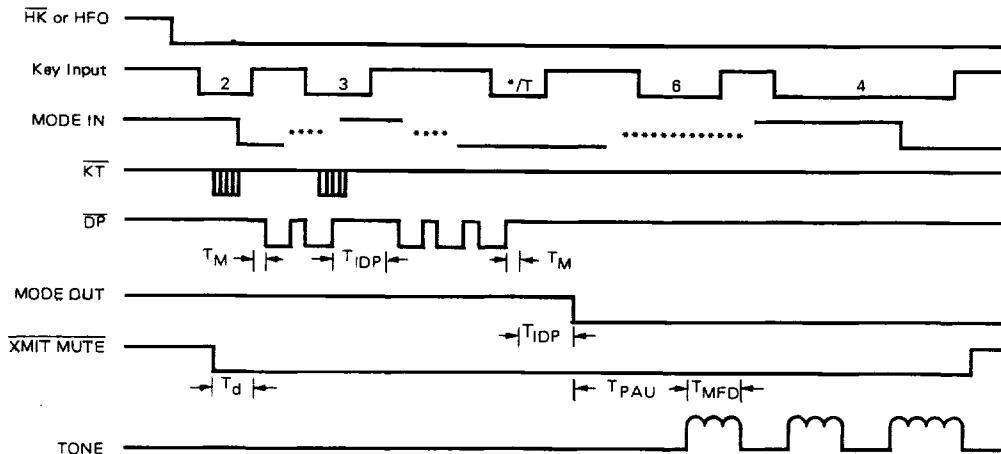
T_{KD} : Debouncing time

Note: "HK" or "HFO" indicates chip works when hook switch \overline{HK} goes low or hands free control output HFO goes high.

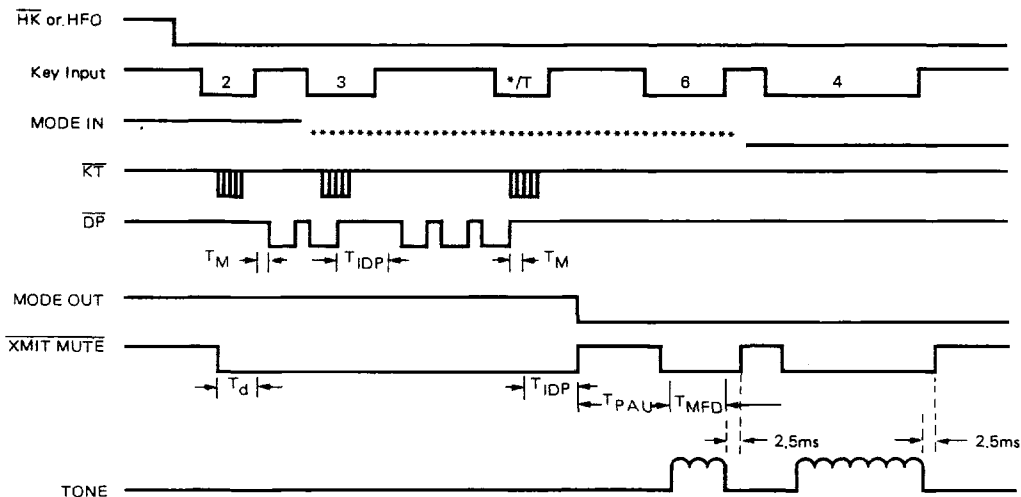
Timing Waveforms (continued)
2. Timing Waveform in Tone Mode:
(i) Normal Dialing

(ii) After (i), Redialing


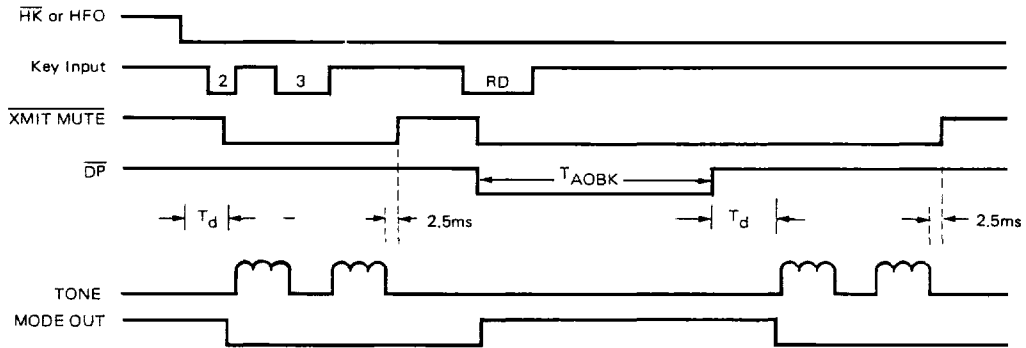
Timing Waveforms (continued)
3. Timing Waveform for Switching Mode Operation:

(i) By mode selection pin switches

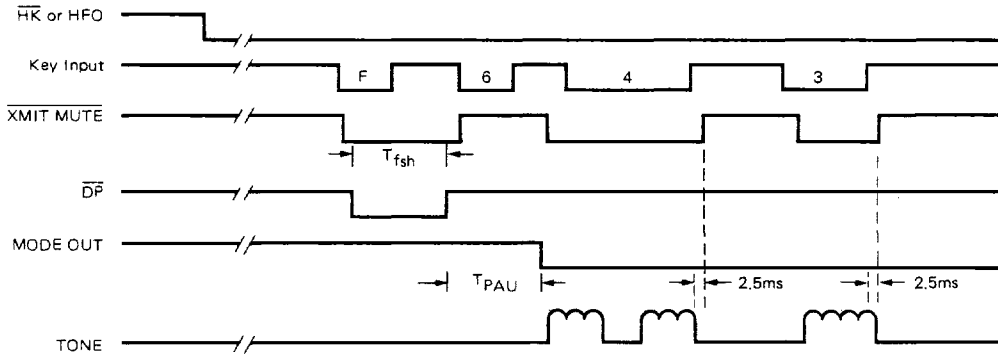


(ii) By */T key entry


 T_{PAU} : Pause time (2.2 secs)

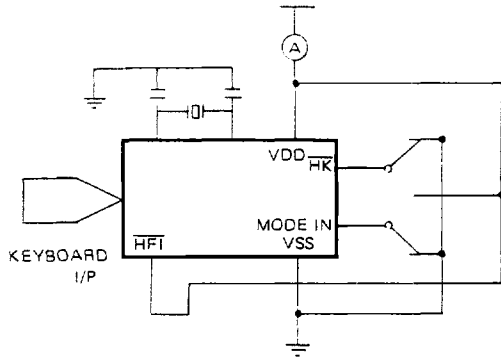
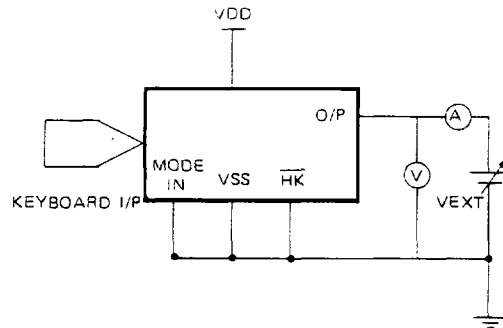
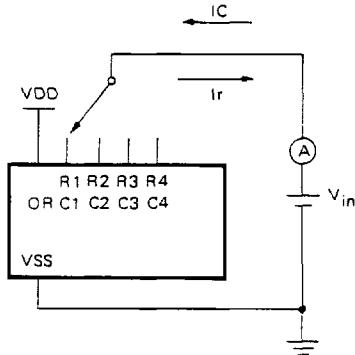
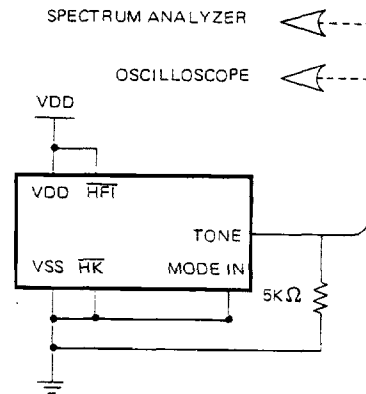
Timing Waveforms (continued)
4. One Key Redial (DTMF mode used as example):


T_{AOBK} : Break time (2.2 secs)

5. Flash Dialing (DTMF mode used as example):


T_{fsh} : flash time 96 or 640 ms (F1 or F2 respectively) for UM91215
 flash time 297 or 640 ms (F1 or F2 respectively) for UM91214



Test Circuits
(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)


OSCILLOSCOPE: TEKTRONIX 468
SPECTRUM ANALYZER: HP 3585A



Ordering Information

Part No.	Key Tone	Hands Free Control	Dial Rate	M/B Ratio	Flash		Package
					F1	F2	
UM91214A	N.A.	N.A.	10/20 pps	1/2	297 ms	640 ms	16L DIP
UM91214B	A	N.A.					18L DIP
UM91214C	N.A.	A					18L DIP
UM91214D	A	A					20L DIP
UM91215A	N.A.	N.A.	10 pps	1/2 2/3 selectable	96 ms	640 ms	16L DIP
UM91215B	A	N.A.					18L DIP
UM91215C	N.A.	A					18L DIP
UM91215D	A	A					20L DIP