

MITSUBISHI RF POWER TRANSISTOR 2SC1969

NPN EPITAXIAL PLANAR TYPE

DESCRIPTION

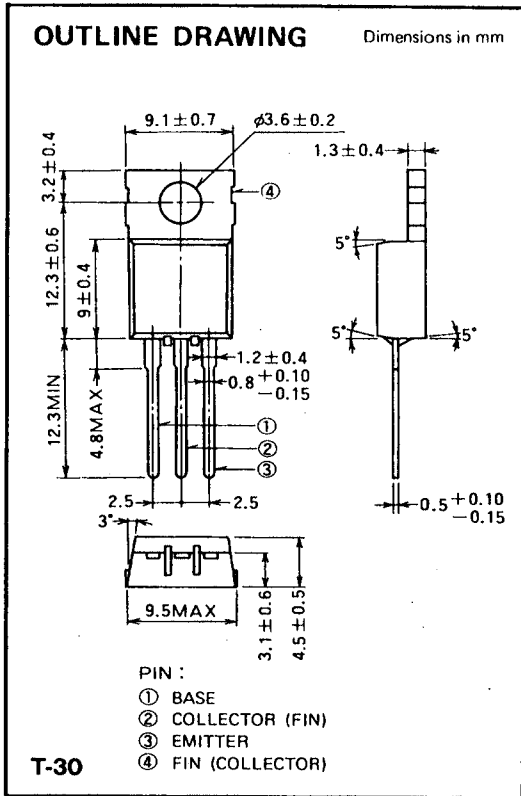
2SC1969 is a silicon NPN epitaxial planar type transistor designed for RF power amplifiers on HF band mobile radio applications.

FEATURES

- High power gain: $G_{pe} \geq 12\text{dB}$
@ $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $P_O = 16\text{W}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$
- Emitter ballasted construction for high reliability and good performances.
- TO-220 package similarly is convenient for mounting.
- Ability of withstanding infinite load VSWR when operated at $V_{CC} = 16\text{V}$, $P_O = 20\text{W}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$.
- Equivalent input/output series impedance:
 $Z_{in} = 3.4 - j2.4 \Omega$ @ $P_O = 17\text{W}$, $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$
 $Z_{out} = 5.5 - j5.6 \Omega$

APPLICATION

10 to 14 watts output power class AB amplifiers applications in HF band.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| V_{CBO} | Collector to base voltage | | 60 | V |
| V_{EBO} | Emitter to base voltage | | 5 | V |
| V_{CEO} | Collector to emitter voltage | $R_{BE} = \infty$ | 25 | V |
| I_C | Collector current | | 6 | A |
| P_C | Collector dissipation | $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.7 | W |
| | | $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 20 | W |
| T_j | Junction temperature | | 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature | | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| R_{th-a} | Thermal resistance | Junction to ambient | 73.5 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |
| R_{th-c} | | Junction to case | 6.25 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |

Note. Above parameters are guaranteed independently.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Limits | | | Unit |
|---------------|--|---|--------|-----|-----|---------------|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | |
| $V_{(BR)EBO}$ | Emitter to base breakdown voltage | $I_E = 5\text{mA}$, $I_C = 0$ | 5 | | | V |
| $V_{(BR)CBO}$ | Collector to base breakdown voltage | $I_C = 1\text{mA}$, $I_E = 0$ | 60 | | | V |
| $V_{(BR)CEO}$ | Collector to emitter breakdown voltage | $I_C = 10\text{mA}$, $R_{BE} = \infty$ | 25 | | | V |
| I_{CBO} | Collector cutoff current | $V_{CB} = 30\text{V}$, $I_E = 0$ | | | 100 | μA |
| I_{EBO} | Emitter cutoff current | $V_{EB} = 4\text{V}$, $I_C = 0$ | | | 100 | μA |
| h_{FE} | DC forward current gain* | $V_{CE} = 12\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{mA}$ | 10 | 50 | 180 | — |
| P_O | Output power | $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $P_{in} = 1\text{W}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$ | 16 | 18 | | W |
| η_C | Collector efficiency | | 60 | 70 | | % |

Note. *Pulse test, $P_W = 150\mu\text{s}$, duty=5%.

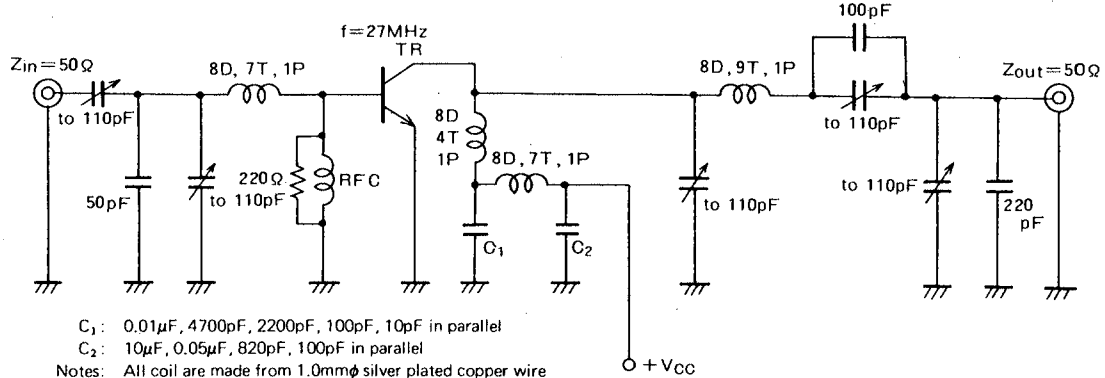
Above parameters, ratings, limits and conditions are subject to change.

| Item | X | A | B | C | D |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| h_{FE} | 10-25 | 20-45 | 35-70 | 55-110 | 90-180 |

MITSUBISHI RF POWER TRANSISTOR 2SC1969

NPN EPITAXIAL PLANAR TYPE

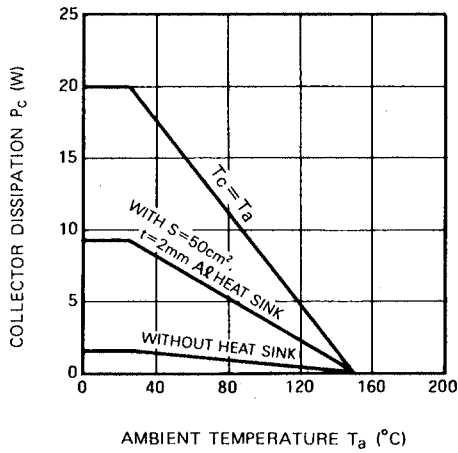
TEST CIRCUIT



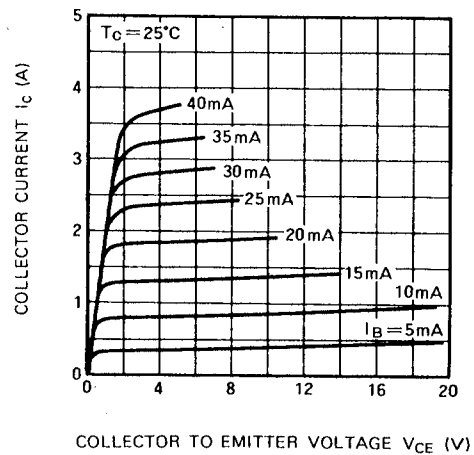
C_1 : 0.01 μ F, 4700pF, 2200pF, 100pF, 10pF in parallel
 C_2 : 10 μ F, 0.05 μ F, 820pF, 100pF in parallel
 Notes: All coils are made from 1.0mm ϕ silver plated copper wire
 Coil dimensions in millimeter
 D: Inner diameter of coil
 T: Turn number of coil
 P: Pitch of coil

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE DATA

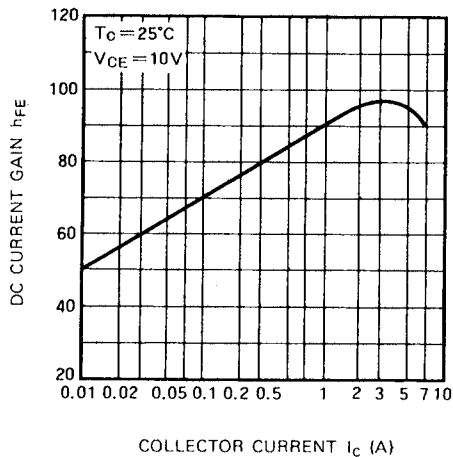
COLLECTOR DISSIPATION VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



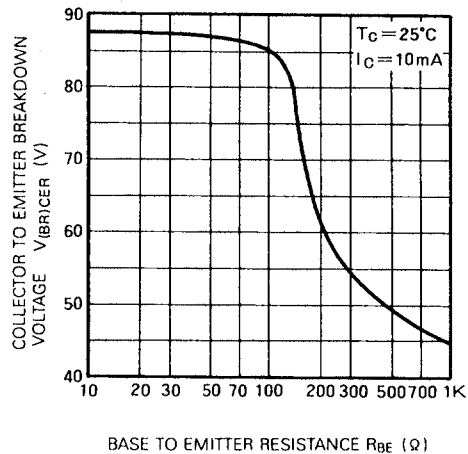
COLLECTOR CURRENT VS. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



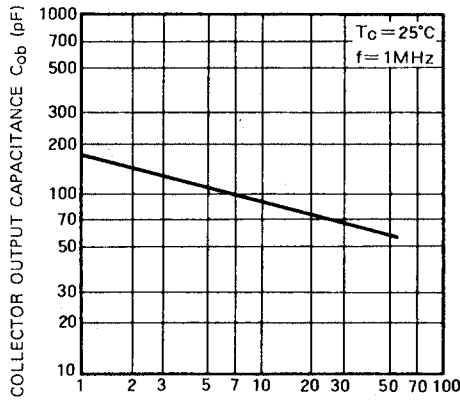
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE VS. BASE TO EMITTER RESISTANCE



MITSUBISHI RF POWER TRANSISTOR 2SC1969

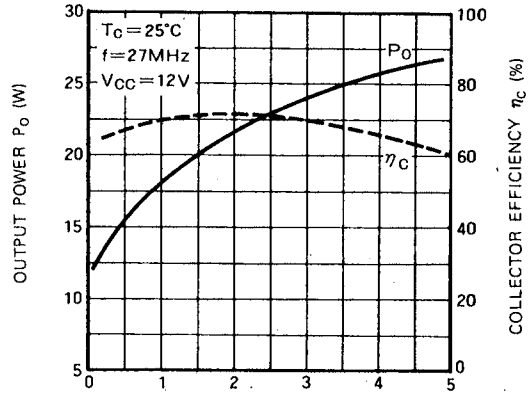
NPN EPITAXIAL PLANAR TYPE

COLLECTOR OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VS. COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS



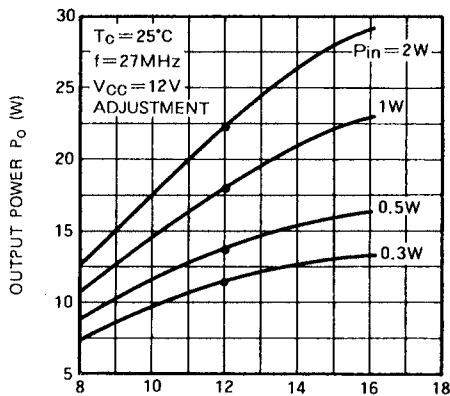
COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE V_{CB} (V)

OUTPUT POWER, COLLECTOR EFFICIENCY VS. INPUT POWER



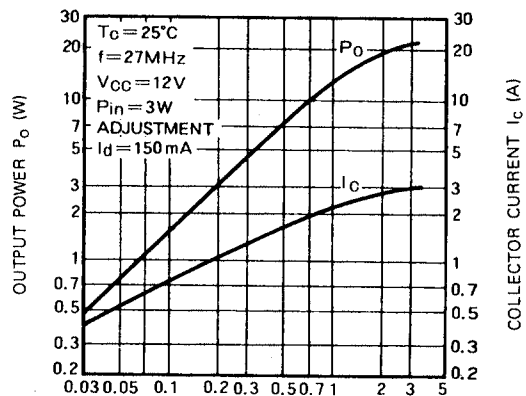
INPUT POWER P_{in} (W)

OUTPUT POWER VS. COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



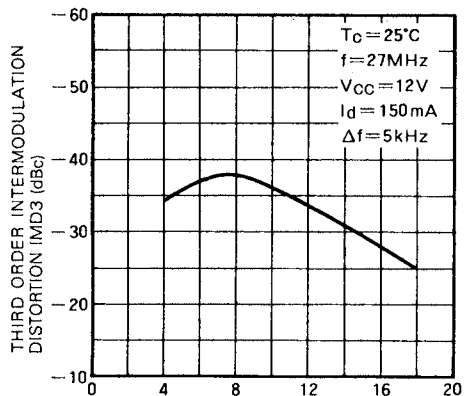
COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE V_{CC} (V)

IN CASE AB OPERATING OUTPUT POWER COLLECTOR CURRENT VS. INPUT POWER



INPUT POWER P_{in} (W)

THIRD ORDER INTERMODULATION DISTORTION VS. OUTPUT POWER



OUTPUT POWER LEVEL (PEP) (W)