SONY

CXA3225N

All Band TV Tuner IC (VHF-CATV-UHF)

Description

The CXA3225N is a TV tuner monolithic IC which integrates local oscillator and mixer circuits for VHF band, local oscillator and mixer circuits for UHF band, and an IF amplifier onto a single chip. This IC adopts a 20-pin SSOP package and is suitable for miniaturizing voltage synthesizer tuner.

Features

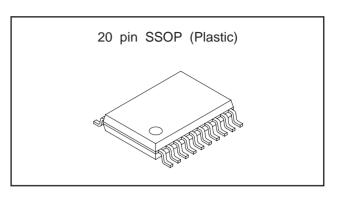
- Low power consumption (5 V, 46 mA typ.)
- Single 5 V power supply
- Superior cross modulation
- Balance-type UHF oscillator with good oscillation stability (4 pins)
- IF output can be selected from symmetrical or asymmetrical
- Double-tuned filter can be connected to MIX output
- SSOP 20-pin package

Applications

- TV tuners
- VCR tuners
- CATV tuners

Structure

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC



-Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25 °C)

- Supply voltage Vcc1 -0.3 to +5.5 V
- Storage temperature Tstg -55 to +150 °C
- Allowable power dissipation

PD 465 mW

(when mounted on a printed circuit board)

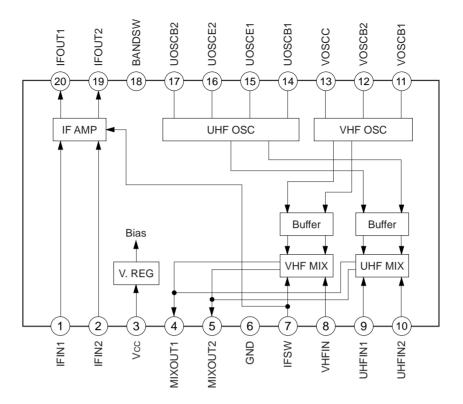
Operating Conditions

 Sup 	oply v	oltage	Vcc1	4.75 to	5.30	V
-			_			

Operating temperature Topr –20 to +75 °C

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Block Diagram and Pin Configuration



Pin Description and Equivalent Circuit

Pin No.	Symbol	Typical pin voltage (V)	Equivalent circuit	Description
1	IFIN1	2.4		IF amplifier input.
2	IFIN2	2.4	5k \$ 1 W W 5 \$ 5k	
3	Vcc	5.0		Power supply.
4	MIXOUT1	4.4 during VHF reception 4.3 during UHF reception		Mixer outputs. These pins are output with open collector, and they must
5	MIXOUT2	4.4 during VHF reception 4.3 during UHF reception		be connected to the power supply via the load.
6	GND	0		GND.
7	IFSW	0.8 (when open)	3 ₹20k ₹20k ₹20k ₹20k ₹20k	Switching of VHF input ground and IF symmetrical/ asymmetrical output. Asymmetrical output is selected for open state; symmetrical output for grounding. When used as an asymmetrical output, ground this pin with a capacitor.
8	VHFIN	2.4 during VHF reception 2.6 during UHF reception	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	VHF inputs. Input format is asymmetrical input.
9	UHFIN1	2.6 during VHF reception 2.3 during UHF reception		UHF inputs. Input the signal to Pins 9 and 10 symmetrically or ground Pin
10	UHFIN2	2.6 during VHF reception 2.3 during UHF reception		10 with a capacitor and input to Pin 9.

Pin No.	Symbol	Typical pin voltage (V)	Equivalent circuit	Description
11	VOSCB1	2.1 during VHF reception 2.2 during UHF reception		External resonance circuit
12	VOSCB2	2.1 during VHF reception 2.2 during UHF reception		connection for VHF oscillators. Pin 12 is grounded with a capacitor.
13	VOSCC	4.2 during VHF reception 5 during UHF reception	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
14	UOSCB1	2.3 during VHF reception 2.1 during UHF reception	→ → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	
15	UOSCE1	1.8 during VHF reception 1.5 during UHF reception		External resonance circuit
16	16 005CE2	1.8 during VHF reception 1.4 during UHF reception		connection for UHF oscillators.
17	UOSCB2	2.3 during VHF reception 2.1 during UHF reception		
18	BANDSW		3 Vcc 10k 10k 10k 10k 100k 100k 100k	Band switching. UHF operation for 3.0 V or more, and VHF operation for 0.5 V or less or open state.
19	IFOUT2	2.8 during symmetrical output	(3) Vcc ₹15	IF output during symmetrical output. The opposite phase signal to Pin 20 is output during
19		4.5 during asymmetrical output		symmetrical output. When asymmetrical output is selected, the signal is not output.

		Equivalent circuit	Typical pin voltage (V)	Symbol	Pin No.
20 IFOUT1 2.8 during symmetrical output 2.8 during asymmetrical output 15 15 15 1F output. 1F output.	IF output.		symmetrical output 2.8 during asymmetrical	IFOUT1	20

Electrical Characteristics

See the Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit

(Ta=25 °C, Vcc=5 V)

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Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	IccVU	VHF operation asymmetrical output no input signal	35	46	55	mA
Circuit current	IccVB	VHF operation symmetrical output no input signal	47	58	67	mA
One direction	IccUU	UHF operation asymmetrical output no input signal	39	50	59	mA
	IccUB	UHF operation symmetrical output no input signal	51	62	71	mA
	CG1U	VHF operation fre=50 MHz asymmetrical output	20	23	26	dB
	CG2U	VHF operation fRF=430 MHz asymmetrical output	20	23	26	dB
	CG3U	UHF operation fRF=430 MHz asymmetrical output	23	26	29	dB
	CG4U	UHF operation fRF=850 MHz asymmetrical output	23	26	29	dB
Conversion gain *1	CG1B *4	VHF operation fRF=50 MHz symmetrical output	29	32	35	dB
	CG2B *4	VHF operation fRF=430 MHz symmetrical output	29	32	35	dB
	CG3B *4	UHF operation fRF=430 MHz symmetrical output	32	35	38	dB
	CG4B *4	UHF operation fre=850 MHz symmetrical output	32	35	38	dB
	NF1	VHF operation fre=50 MHz asymmetrical output		12	16	dB
Noise figure	NF2	VHF operation fre=430 MHz asymmetrical output		13	17	dB
*1, *2	NF3	UHF operation fRF=430 MHz asymmetrical output		10	13	dB
	NF4	UHF operation fre=850 MHz asymmetrical output		12	15	dB
	CM1	VHF operation fD=50 MHz fUD=±12 MHz asymmetrical output	99	103		dBµ
1 % cross	CM2	VHF operation fD=430 MHz fUD=±12 MHz asymmetrical output	96	100		dBµ
modulation *1 *3	СМЗ	UHF operation fb=430 MHz fub=±12 MHz asymmetrical output	96	100		dBµ
	CM4	UHF operation fD=850 MHz fUD=±12 MHz asymmetrical output	95	99		dBµ
Maximum output power	Pomax (sat)	50 Ω load, asymmetrical output	7	10		dBm
	∆fsw1	VHF operation fosc=100 MHz ∆f from 3 seconds to 3 minutes after switch ON			±300	kHz
Switch ON drift	∆fsw2	VHF operation fosc=470 MHz Δf from 3 seconds to 3 minutes after switch ON			±600	kHz
	∆fsw3	UHF operation fosc=470 MHz ∆f from 3 seconds to 3 minutes after switch ON			±350	kHz
	∆fsw4	UHF operation fosc=895 MHz Δf from 3 seconds to 3 minutes after switch ON			±350	kHz

*1 Value measured with untuned input.

- *2 NF meter direct-reading value (DSB measurement).
- *3 Value with a desired reception signal input level of –30 dBm, an interference signal of 100 kHz/30 % AM, and an interference signal level where S/I=46 dB measured with a spectrum analyzer.
- *4 Value which is measured as 420 Ω load impedance and compensated loss by 180 Ω resistor connected to Pins 19 and 20.

Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	∆fst1	VHF operation fosc=100 MHz			±200	kHz
		Δf when Vcc 5 V ± 5 % variation			±200	KI IZ
	16-10	VHF operation fosc=470 MHz			±250	kHz
Supply voltage		Δf when Vcc 5 V ± 5 % variation			±250	κΠΖ
drift		UHF operation fosc=470 MHz			±150	kHz
		Δf when Vcc 5 V ± 5 % variation			±150	κΠΖ
		UHF operation fosc=895 MHz			±150	kHz
	Δ15(4	Δf when Vcc 5 V ± 5 % variation			±150	κΠΖ
Band switching	VswV	VHF operation	0		0.5	V
voltage	VswU	UHF operation	3		5.5	V

Description of Operation

(See the Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit.)

VHF oscillator circuit

This circuit is a differential amplifier-type oscillator circuit. Pin 13 is the output, Pin 11 is the input and Pin 12 is the GND.

Oscillation is performed by connecting an LC resonance circuit including a variable capacitance diode, to Pin 13 via coupled capacitance, inputting to Pin 11 with feedback capacitance, and applying positive feedback.

Note that if the capacitance across Pins 11 and 13 is too large, positive feedback may be applied via a parasitic capacitance causing undesired stray oscillation. The resistor connected Pin 11 prevents the parasitic oscillation.

VHF mixer circuit

The mixer circuit employs a double balanced mixer with little local oscillation signal leakage. The input format is the base input type. Pin 7 is grounded and the RF signal is input to Pin 8. The RF signal is converted to IF frequency by the signal supplied from the oscillator and then output to Pins 4 and 5. Pins 4 and 5 are open collectors, so the power must be supplied externally. The electric potential of Pins 4 and 5 at this time must be DC 4.0 V or more.

UHF oscillator circuit

This oscillator circuit is designed so that two collector ground type Colpitts oscillators perform the differential oscillation operation via an LC resonance circuit including a variable capacitance diode. The resonance capacitors which configure the Colppits oscillator are connected between Pins 14 and 15, 15 and 16, 16 and 17. The LC resonance circuit including the variable capacitance diode Di is connected between Pins 14 and 17.

UHF mixer circuit

This circuit employs a double balanced mixer like the VHF mixer circuit. The RF signal is input to Pins 9 and 10. There are two input methods; one is the symmetrical input where the signal is input to Pins 9 and 10 differentially and the other is the asymmetrical input where Pin 9 is grounded via a capacitor and the signal is input to Pin 10.

Pins 4 and 5 are the mixer outputs. Pins 4 and 5 are open collectors, so the power must be supplied externally. The electric potential of Pins 4 and 5 at this time must be DC 4.0 V or more.

IF amplifier circuit

The signals frequency converted by the mixer are output from Pins 4 and 5, and then they are input to the IF input Pins 1 and 2 via the external tuned circuit. As the IF tuned circuit, the single-tuned circuit shown in the Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit or double-tuned circuits can be connected. When used as the single-tuned filter, be sure to connect it via the capacitor so that the DC voltage may not be applied to Pins 1 and 2.

The signal amplified by the IF amplifier is output with symmetrical or asymmetrical output format. Selecting symmetrical or asymmetrical is performed at Pin 7. Asymmetrical output when Pin 7 is grounded via the capacitor; symmetrical output when it is directly grounded. During symmetrical output, SAW filter direct connection is possible and during asymmetrical output. During asymmetrical output, output is performed from Pin 20, and during symmetrical output, output is performed from Pins 19 and 20. The output impedance is approximately 30Ω .

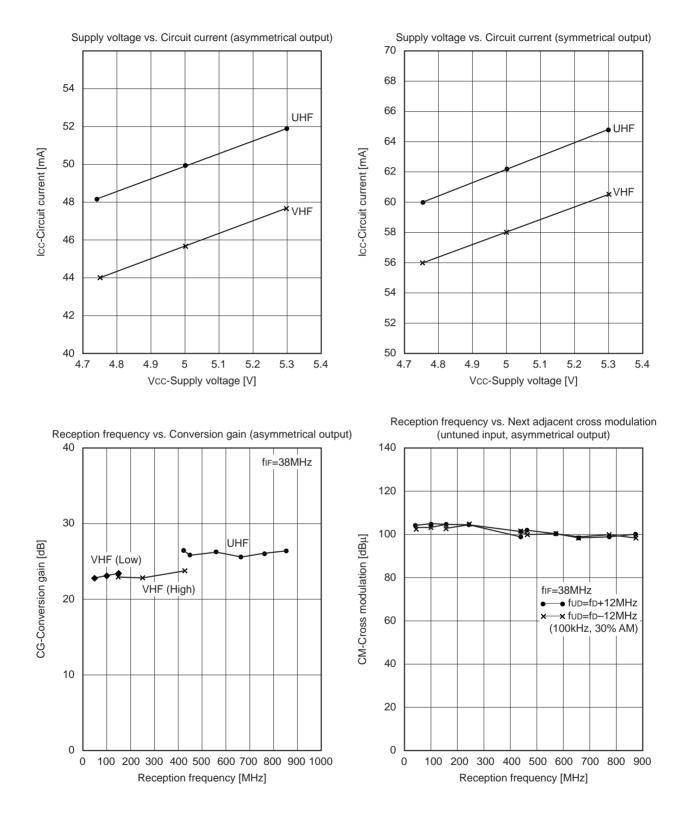
U/V switch circuit

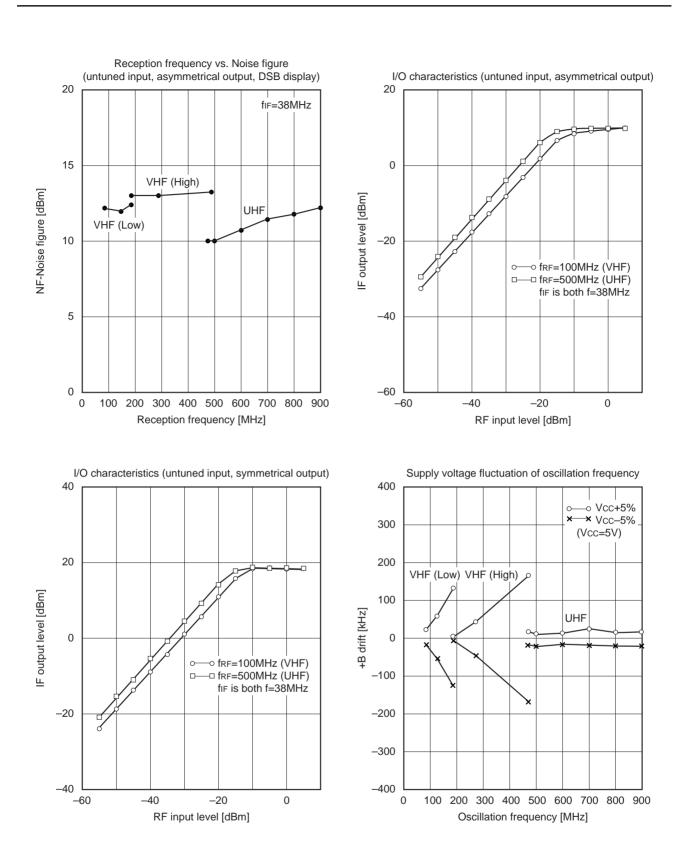
UHF operation is chosen by applying voltage of 3 V or more to Pin 18, VHF operation for 0 V or open.

Notes on Operation

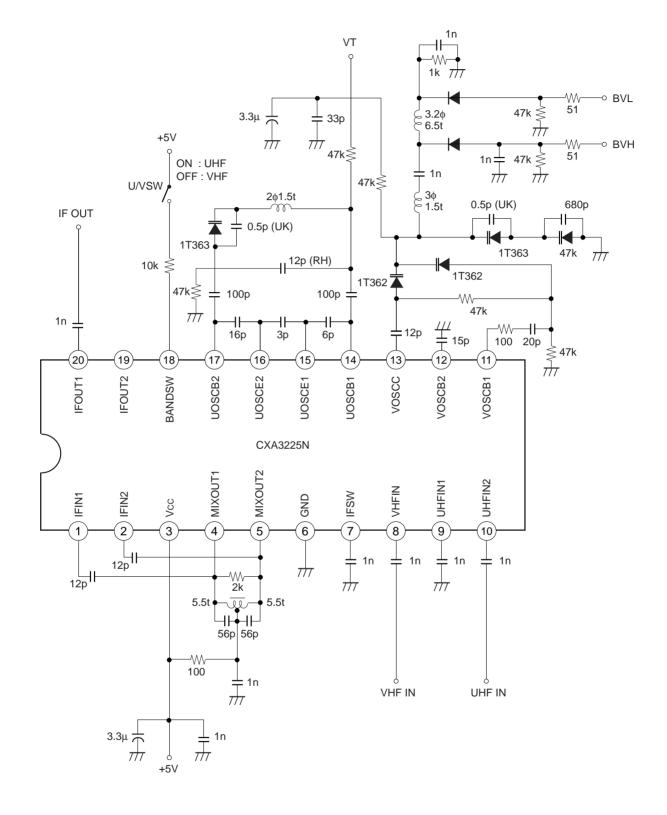
- 1. Care should be taken for grounding, etc. when placing external parts as the operating frequencies are high.
- 2. Be sure to design the printed circuit board considering the radiation of heat by placing the GND pattern at the bottom of the IC.
- 3. Care should also be taken to prevent electrostatic damage because of using high frequency process.

Example of Representative Characteristics



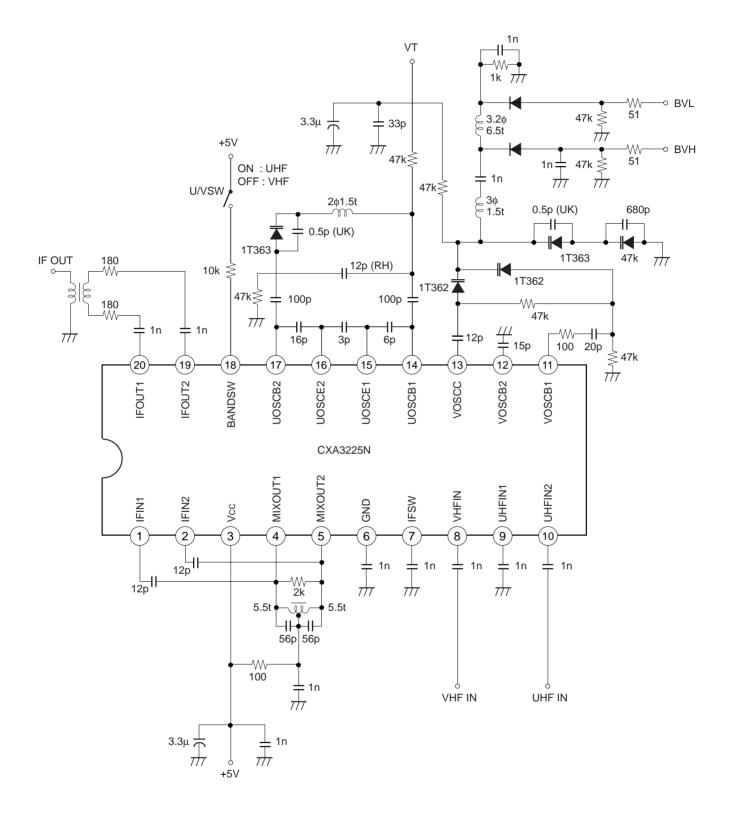


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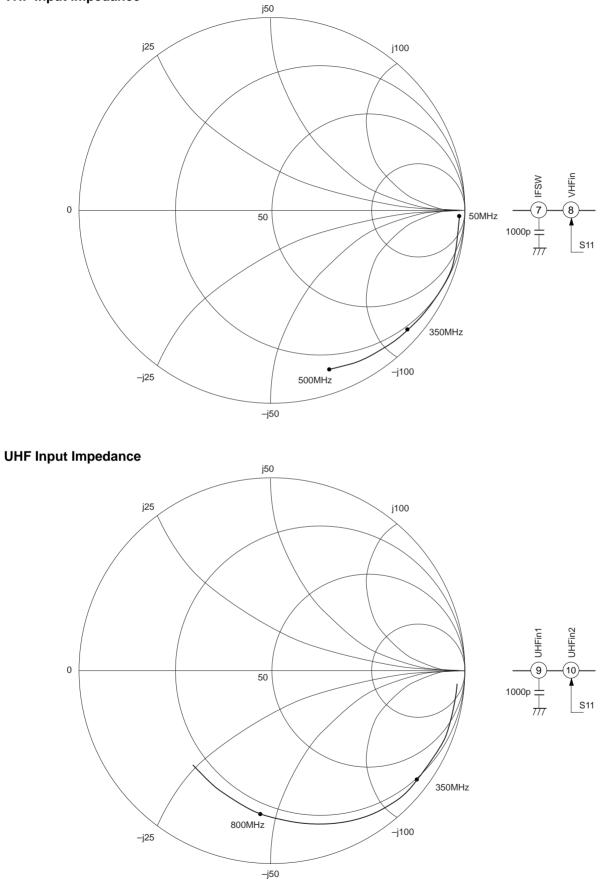


Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit (asymmetrical output)



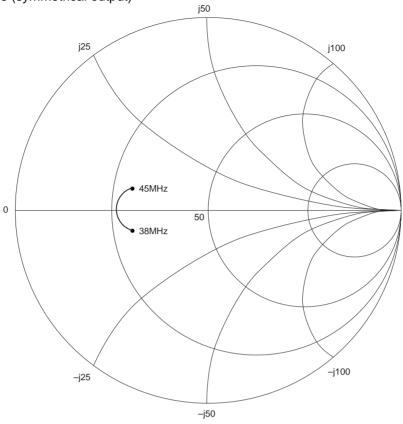


VHF Input Impedance

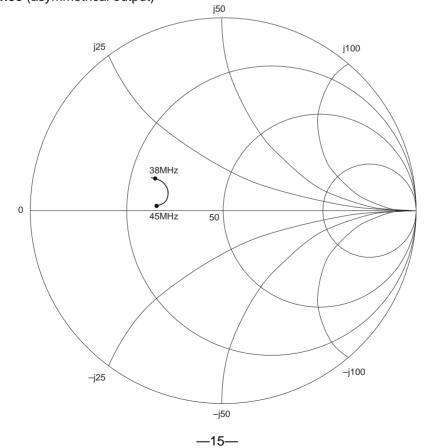




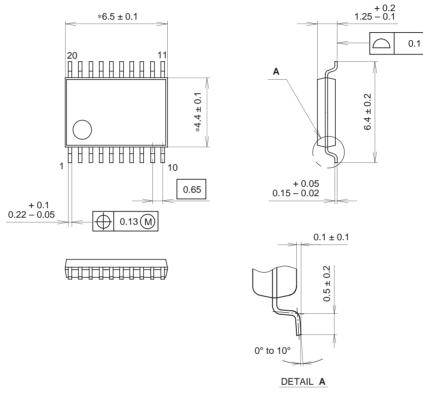
IF Output Impedance (symmetrical output)



IF Output Impedance (asymmetrical output)



Package Outline Unit : mm



20PIN SSOP (PLASTIC)

NOTE: Dimension "*" does not include mold protrusion.

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

SONY CODE	SSOP-20P-L01
EIAJ CODE	SSOP020-P-0044
JEDEC CODE	

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER / PALLADIUM PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42/COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	0.1g

NOTE : PALLADIUM PLATING This product uses S-PdPPF (Sony Spec.-Palladium Pre-Plated Lead Frame).