

# **Pythagoras Processor**

Supersedes version September 1996, DS3884 - 1.3

DS3884 - 2.1 November 1998

The PDSP16330 is a high speed digital CMOS IC that converts Cartesian data (Real and Imaginary) into Polar form (Magnitude and Phase), at rates up to 20MHz. Cartesian 16+16 bit 2's complement or Sign-Magnitude data is converted into 16 bit Phase format. The Magnitude output may be scaled in amplitude by powers of 2. The Phase output represents a full 2 x  $\pi$  field to eliminate phase ambiguities.

Polyimide is used as an inter-layer dielectric and as glassivation.

The PDSP16330 is offered in three speed grades: a basic 10MHz part (PDSP16330), a 20MHz version (PDSP16330A) and a 25MHz version (PDSP16330). A MIL-STD-883 version is also detailed in a separate datasheet.

#### **FEATURES**

- 25MHz Cartesian to Polar Conversion
- 16-Bit Cartesian Inputs
- 16-Bit Magnitude Output
- 12-Bit Phase Output
- 2's Complement or Sign-Magnitude Input Formats
- Three-state Outputs and Independent Data Enables Simplify System Interfacing
- Magnitude Scaling Facility with Overflow Flag
- Less than 400 mW Power Dissipation at 10MHz
  - 84-pin PGA or 100 pin QFP Package or 84 LCC

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Digital Signal Processing
- Digital Radio
- Radar Processing
- Sonar Processing
- Robotics

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

## Commercial (0°C to +70°C)

PDSP16330A CO AC (20MHZ - PGA Package) PDSP16330B CO AC (25MHZ - PGA Package)

Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)

PDSP16330A BO AC 20MHZ - PGA Package PDSP16330A/IG/GC1R 20MHZ - GC Package PDSP16330B BO AC 25MHZ - PGA Package

Military (-55°C to +125°C)

PDSP16330A AO AC 20MHZ - PGA Package PDSP16330/MC/GC1R 10MHz - GC Package Mil 883C Screened

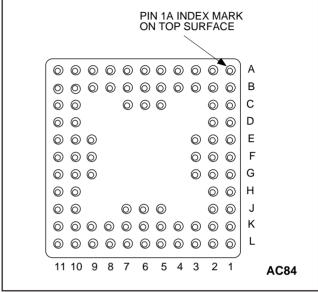


Fig.1 Pin connections - bottom view (PGA)

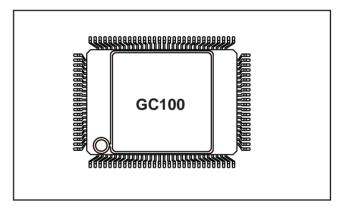


Fig.2 Pin connections - QFP Package

#### **ASSOCIATED PPODUCTS**

PDSP16112 16 X 12 Complex Multiplier PDSP16116 16 X 16 Complex Multiplier PDSP16318 Complex Accumulator PDSP16350 I/Q Splitter and NCO PDSP16510A Stand Alone FFT Processor

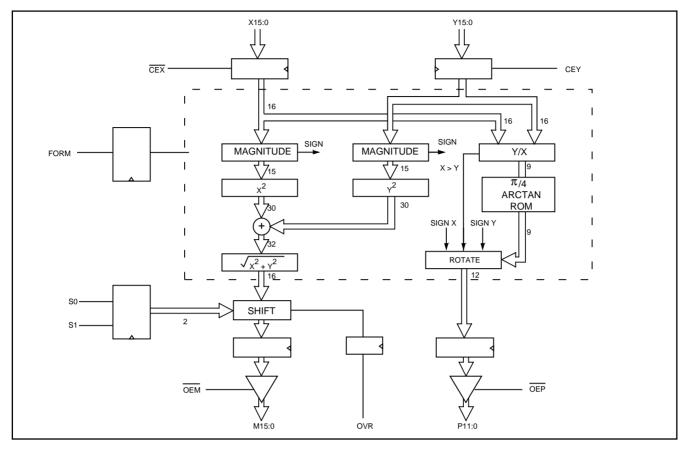


Fig.2 Block diagram

# **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The PDSP16330 converts incoming Cartesian Data into the equivalent Polar Values. The device accepts new 16 + 16 bit complex data every cycle, and delivers a 16 bit + 12 bit Polar equivalent after 24 clock cycles. The input data can be in 2s' Complement or Sign Magnitude format selected via the FORM input. The output is in a magnitude format for both the Magnitude output and the Phase. Phase data is zero for data with a zero Y input and positive X, and is 400 hex for zero X data and positive Y, is 800 hex for zero Y data and negative X, and is C00 hex for zero X and negative Y. The LSB weighting (bit 0) is 2 x  $\pi$ /4096 radians. The 16 bit Magnitude result may be scaled by shifting one, two, or three places in the more significant direction, effectively multiplying the Magnitude result by 2,4 or 8 respectively. Any of these shifts can under certain conditions cause an invalid result to be output from the device. Under these circumstances the OVR output will become active. The PDSP16330 has independent clock enables and three state output controls for all ports.

#### **FORM**

This input selects the format of the X and Y input data. A low level on FORM indicates that the Input data is twos' complement format (Note: input data 8000 hex is not valid in 2s' complement mode). This input refers to the format of the current Input data and may be changed on a per cycle basis if desired. The level of FORM is latched at the same time as the data to which it refers.

#### **S1-0**

These inputs select the scaling factor to be applied to the Magnitude output. They are latched by the rising edge of CLK and determine the scaling of the output in the cycle after they are loaded into the device. The scale factor applied is determined by the table. Should the scaling factor applied cause an invalid Magnitude result to be output on the M Port, then the OVR Flag will become active for the period that the M Port output is invalid.

S1	S0	Scaling Factor
0	0	x1
0	1	x2
1	0	x4
1	1	x8
l		

The output number range is from 0 to 2 when the scaling factor is set at x1.

# **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Symbol	Pin Name and Description
CLK	Clock: Common Clock to device Registers. Register contents change on the rising edge of clock.
	Both pins must be connected.
CEX	Clock Enable: Clock Enable for X Port. The clock to the X port is enabled by a low level.
CEY	Clock Enable: Clock Enable for Y Port The clock to the Y port is enabled by a low level.
X15-X0	X Data Input Data presented to this input is loaded into the device by the rising edge of CLK.  X15 is the MSB
Y15-Y0	Y Data Input Data presented to this input is loaded into the device by the rising edge of CLK. Y15 is the MSB
M15-M0	<b>M Data Output:</b> Magnitude data generated by the device is output on this port. Data changes on the rising edge of CLK, M15 is the MSB. The weighting of M15 is determined by the Scale factor selected.
P11-P0	<b>P Data Output:</b> Phase data generated by the device is output on this port. Data changes on the rising edge of CLK, P11 is the MSB. The weighting of P11 is $\pi$ radians.
OEM	Output Enable: Output Enable for M Port. The M Port is in a high impedance state when this input is high.
OEP	Output Enable: Output Enable for P Port. The P Port is in a high impedance state when this input is high.
FORM	Format Select This input selects the format of the Cartesian Data input on the X and Y ports.  This input is latched by the rising edge of CLK, and is applied at the same time as the data to which it refers. A low !evel indicates that two's complement data is applied, a high indicates Sign-Magnitude
S1-S0	Scaling Control: Control input for scaling of Magnitude Data. This input is latched by the rising edge of CLK, and determines the scaling to be applied to the Magnitude result. The Scaling is applied to the output data in the cycle following the cycle in which the control was latched.
OVR	Overflow: Overflow flag. This signal becomes active if the scaling currently selected causes an invalid value to be presented to the Magnitude output.
Vcc	+5V supply. All Vcc pins must be connected.
GND	<b>0V supply.</b> All GND pins must be connected.

# **INPUT DATA RANGE**

2's Complement	Sign Magnitude
7FFF	7FFF
0001	0001
0000	0000
FFFF	8000
-	•
8001	FFF

#### **PIN FUNCTION**

Pin No. AC	GC	Function	Pin No. AC	GC	Function	Pin No. AC	GC	Function
F3	91	M7	L9	23	YO	A9	59	X1
G3	92	M6	L10	24	CEY	B8	60	X2
G1	93	M5	K9	25	CLK	A8	61	X3
G2	94	M4	L11	26	Vcc	B6	62	X4
F1	95	M3	K10	31	GND	B7	63	X5
H1	96	M2	J10	32	GND	A7	64	X6
H2	97	M1	K11	33	GND	C7	65	X7
J1	98	M0	J11	34	GND	C6	66	X8
K1	99	S0	H10	35	GND	A6	67	X9
J2	100	S1	H11	36	GND	A5	68	X10
L1	1	GND	F10	37	GND	B5	69	X11
K2	6	Vcc	G10	38	OEP	C5	70	X12
K3	7	FORM	G11	39	P0	A4	71	X13
L2	8	Y15	G9	40	P1	B4	72	X14
L3	9	Y14	F9	41	P2	A3	73	X15
K4	10	Y13	F11	42	P3	A2	74	CLK
L4	11	Y12	E11	43	P4	B3	75	OVR
J5	12	Y11	E10	44	P5	A1	76	Vcc
K5	13	Y10	E9	45	P6	B2	81	GND
L5	14	Y9	D11	46	P7	C2	82	OEM
K6	15	Y8	D10	47	P8	B1	83	M15
J6	16	Y7	C11	48	P9	C1	84	M14
J7	17	Y6	B11	49	P10	D2	85	M13
L7	18	Y5	C10	50	P11	D1	86	M12
K7	19	Y4	A11	51	GND	E3	87	M11
L6	20	Y3	B10	52	Vcc	E2	88	M10
L8	21	Y2	B9	57	CEX	E1	89	M9
K8	22	Y1	A10	58	X0	F2	90	M8

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Test conditions (unless otherwise stated): T<sub>amb</sub> (Commercial) = 0°C to + 70°C, T<sub>amb</sub> (Industrial) = -40°C to + 85°C  $V_{cc}$  (Commercial) = 5.0V  $\pm$  5%,  $V_{cc}$  (Industrial and Military) = 5.0V  $\pm$  1%, GND = 0V

# STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol		Value			Sub- group	Conditions	
	- J	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	group		
* Output high voltage     * Output low voltage	V <sub>OH</sub> V <sub>OL</sub>	2.4		0.6	V V	1,2,3 1,2,3	IOH = 3.2mA IOL=-3.2mA	
* Input high voltage (CMOS)	V <sub>IH</sub>	3.0			V	1,2,3	Inputs $\overline{CEX}$ , $\overline{CEY}$ and CLK only	
Input low voltage (CMOS)     Input high voltage (TTL)     Input low voltage (TTL)	VIL VIH V.	2.2		1.0 0.8	\ \ \ \	1,2,3 1,2,3 1,2,3	Inputs CEX, CEY and CLK only All other inputs All other inputs	
* Input leakage current (Note 1)	I L	-10	10	+ 120	μA	1,2,3	$GND \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$	
† Input capacitance  * Output leakage current  † Output SC current	C <sub>IN</sub> I <sub>oz</sub> I <sub>OS</sub>	-50 -50	10	+ 50 230	pF μA mA	1,2,3	$\begin{array}{l} GND \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC} \\ V_{cc} = Max \end{array}$	

# NOTES

- 1. All inputs except clock inputs have high value pull-down resistors
- 2. All parameters marked \* are tested during production. Parameters marked † are guaranteed by design and characterisation.

## **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

		Value							
Characteristic		PDSP16330		PDSP16330A		PDSP16330B		Units	Conditions
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
† † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † † †	Input data setup to clock rising edge Input data Hold after clock rising edge CEX, CEY Setup to clock rising edge CEX, CEY Hold aher clock rising edge FORM, S1:0 Setup to clock rising edge FORM, S1:0 Hold after clock rising edge Clock rising edge to valid data Clock period Clock high time Clock low time Latency OEM, OEP low to data high data valid OEM, OEP low to data low data valid OEM, OEP high to data high impedance OEM, OEP low to data high impedance Vcc current (TTL input levels)	15 2 30 0 15 7 5 100 25 25 24	40 24 30 30 30 30 110	12 2 12 0 12 2 5 50 15 15 24	25 24 25 25 25 25 180	12 2 12 0 12 2 5 40 15 15 24 25 25 25 25 225	25 24	ns ms mA	2 x LSTTL + 20pF  2 x LSTTL + 20pF 2 x LSTTL + 20pF 2 x LSTTL + 20pF 2 x LSTTL + 20pF V <sub>CC</sub> = Max Outputs unloaded Clock freq. = Max Outputs unloaded Clock freq. = Max Outputs unloaded Clock freq. = Max

#### NOTES

- LSTTL is equivalent to I<sub>OH</sub> = 20μA, I<sub>OL</sub> = -0.4mA
   Current is defined as negative into the device
   CMOS input levels are defined as: V<sub>IH</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub> 0.5V, V<sub>IL</sub> = +0.5V
   All parameters marked \* are tested during production.
   Parameters marked † are guaranteed by design and characterisation.
- 5. All timings are dependent on silicon speed. This speed is tested by measuring clock period. This guarantees all other timings by characterisation and design.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply voltage, V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5V to + 7.0V
Input voltage, V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5V to VCC + 0.5V
Output voltage, $\ddot{V}_{our}$	-0.5V to VCC + 0.5V
Clamp diode current per pin, I <sub>k</sub> (see N	ote 2) ±18mA
Static discharge voltage (HMB), V <sub>STAT</sub>	500V
Storage temperature. T <sub>stq</sub>	-65°C to + 150°C
Ambient temperature with	
power applied T <sub>amb</sub> :	
Commercial	0°C to + 70°C
Industrial	-40°C to + 85°C
Military	-55 °C to + 125°C
Package power dissipation P <sub>TOT</sub>	1200mW
Junction temperature	150°C

# THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Package Type	<i>θ</i> ɹc° <b>C/W</b>	<i>θ</i> JA° <b>C/W</b>
AC	12	36
GC	12	35

# **NOTES**

- 1. Exceeding these ratings may cause permanent damage. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.
- 2. Maximum dissipation or 1 second should not be exceeded; only one output to be tested at any one time.
- 3. Exposure to Absoulte Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

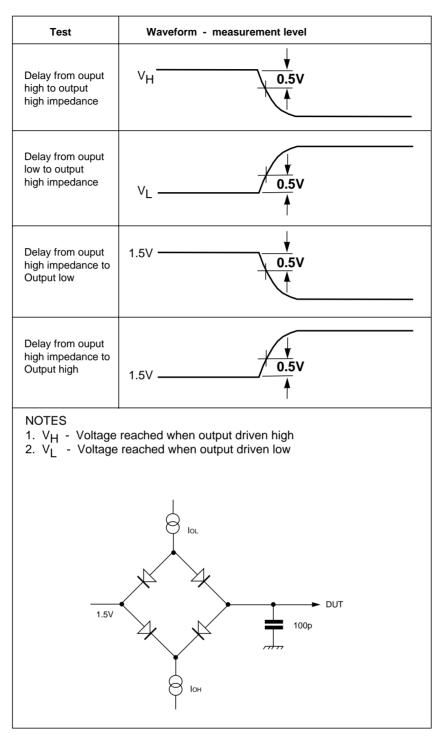
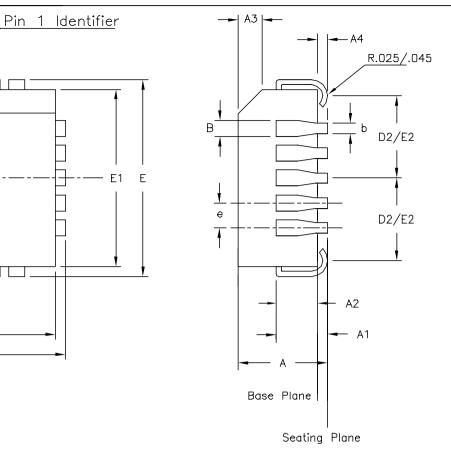


Fig.3 Three state delay measurement load



	Control Di	imensions	Altern. Di	mensions				
Symbol	in inc	hes	in millimetres					
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX				
Α	0.165	0.180	4.19	4.57				
A1	0.090	0.120	2.29	3.05				
A2	0.059	0.080	1.57	2.11				
A3	0.042	0.056	1.07	1.42				
A4	0.020	_	0.51	_				
D	1.185	1.195	30.10	30.35				
D1	1.150	1.158	29.21	29.41				
D2	0.541	0.569	13.74	14.45				
E	1.185	1.195	30.10	30.35				
E1	1.150	1.158	29.21	29.41				
E2	0.541	0.569	13.74	14.45				
В	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81				
Ь	0.013	0.021	0.33	0.53				
е	0.050	BSC	1.27	BSC				
	Pin features							
ND	21							
NE	21							
N	84							
Note	Square							
Confo	Conforms to JEDEC MS-018AF Iss. A							

# Notes:

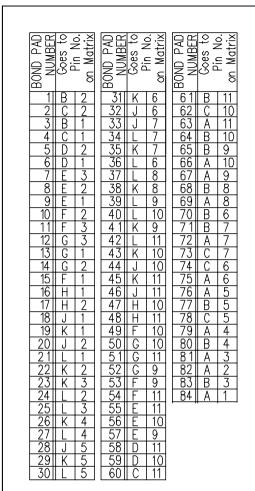
.042/.048

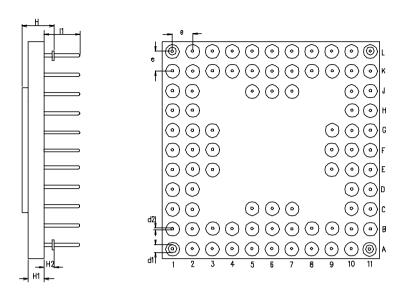
- 1. All dimensions and tolerances conform to ANSI Y14.5M-1982
- 2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mould protrusions.
  Allowable mould protrusion is 0.010" per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 include mould protrusion mismatch and are determined at the parting line, that is D1 and E1 are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
- 3. Controlling dimensions in Inches.

[3] [2] [1] N [

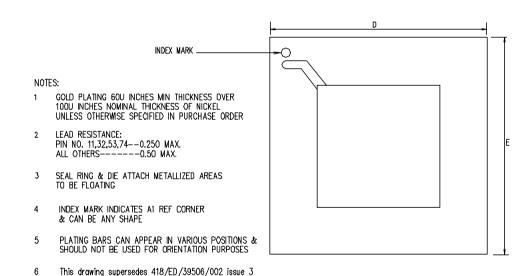
- 4. "N" is the number of terminals.
- 5. Not To Scale
- 6. Dimension R required for 120° minimum bend.

ISSUE	1	2					Title: Package Outline for
ACN	5958	207471				MITEL SEMICONDUCTOR	84 Lead PLCC
DATE	15AUG94	10SEP99					Drawing Number
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	Altern. Di	mensions		Control Dimension in inches				
Symbol	in milli	metres						
	MIN	MAX		MIN	MAX			
Н	3.35	4.14		0.132	0.163			
H1	1.93	2.39		0.076	0.094			
H2	1.14	1.40		0.045	0.055			
D	27.64	28.24		1.088	1.112			
D1	1.14	1.40		0.045	0.055			
D2	0.41	0.51		0.016	0.020			
E	27.64	28.24		1.088	1.112			
е	2.	54		0.100				
11	4.45	4.70		0.175	0.185			
		Pin	feati	ures				
N	84							
ND								
NE								
NOTE		•						



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