



### Automotive AEC-Q100 Qualified 1-to-1 Differential-to-LVCMOS/LVTTL Translator

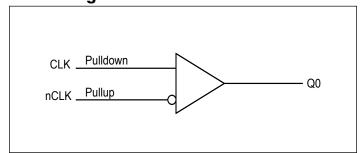
#### **Features**

- → One LVCMOS/LVTTL output
- → Differential CLK/nCLK input pair
- → CLK/nCLK pair can accept the following differential input levels: LVPECL, LVDS, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL
- → Output frequency: 360MHz
- → Part-to-part skew: 500ps (maximum)
- → Additive phase jitter, RMS: 0.09ps (typical), 3.3V output
- → Full 3.3V and 2.5V operating supply
- → -40°C to 105°C ambient operating temperature
- → AEC-Q100 Qualified
- → Automotive Grade 2 temperature range (-40 to 105 °C)
- → Automotive Grade 3 temperature range (-40 to 85 °C)
- → Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- → Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- → The PI6C49CB01Q is suitable for automotive applications requiring specific change control and is AEC-Q100 qualified, has a grade 2, -40 to 105 °C temperature rating and grade 3, -40 to 85 °C temperature rating, is PPAP capable, and is manufactured in IATF16949:2016 certified facilities.
- → Package: 8-Pin, SOIC (W)

### **Description**

The PI6C49CB01Q is a 1-to-1 Differential-to-LVCMOS/LVTTL Translator High Performance Buffer. The differential input is highly flexible and can accept LVPECL, LVDS, LVHSTL, SSTL, and HCSL. The small 8-lead SOIC footprint makes this device ideal for use in applications with limited board space.

### **Block Diagram**



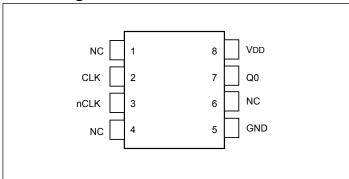
#### Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.





**Pin Configuration** 



# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin#	Pin Name	Pin Type		Pin Description
1, 4, 6	NC	Unused		No connect.
2	CLK	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential clock input.
3	nCLK	Input	Pullup	Inverting differential clock input.
5	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
7	Q0	Output		Single-ended clock output. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
8	VDD	Power		Positive supply pin.

Note: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors.

### **Pin Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	<b>Test Conditions</b>	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
$C_{_{\mathrm{IN}}}$	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R <sub>PULLDOWN</sub>	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ
$C_{pD}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance	VDD = 3.6V		23		pF
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Impedance		5	7	13	Ω

2





## **Maximum Ratings**

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

, .	
Supply Voltage, VDD	4.6V
Inputs, V <sub>1</sub>	0.5V to VDD+0.5V
Output, $V_0$	
Storage Temperature, T <sub>STG</sub>	
Junction Temperature	125°C (Max)

#### Note:

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the DC Characteristics or AC Characteristics is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

### **Recommended Operation Conditions**

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Ambient Operating Temperature (Automotive Grade 2)	-40		105	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature (Automotive Grade 3)	-40		85	°C
Power Supply Voltage (measured in respect to GND)	2.375		3.465	V

## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Power Supply DC Characteristics, VDD =  $3.3V \pm 0.3V$  or  $2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_{_{\!A}} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $105^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
VDD	VDD Positive Supply Voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
VDD			2.375	2.5	2.625	V
IDD Bosses Complex Company		25MHz, unloaded			25	mA
IDD	Power Supply Current	250MHz, unloaded			35	mA

# **LVCMOS / LVTTL DC Characteristics,** VDD = $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $105^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V	Output High Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	VDD = 3.6V	2.6		3.6	V
V <sub>OH</sub>		VDD = 2.625V	1.8		2.625	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	VDD = 3.6V or 2.625V			0.5	V

### Note:

# **Differential DC Characteristics,** VDD = $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ or $2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $105^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
T	Input High Current	nCLK	$V_{IN} = VDD = 3.6V \text{ or } 2.625V$			5	μΑ
1 <sub>IH</sub>		CLK	$V_{IN} = VDD = 3.6V \text{ or } 2.625V$			150	μΑ
T	Input Low Current	nCLK	$V_{IN} = 0V, VDD = 3.6V \text{ or } 2.625V$	-150			μΑ
¹IL		CLK	$V_{IN} = 0V$ , VDD = 3.6V or 2.625V	-5			μΑ
$V_{pp}$	Peak-to-Peak Input Vo	ltage		0.15		1.3	V
V <sub>CRM</sub>	Common Mode Input	Voltage <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		GND + 0.5		VDD – 0.85	V

#### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Outputs terminated with  $50\Omega$  to VDD/2.

<sup>1.</sup> For single ended applications, the maximum input voltage for CLK, nCLK is VDD + 0.3V.

<sup>2.</sup> Common mode voltage is defined as  $(V_{IH} + V_{IL})/2$ .





### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

AC Characteristics, VDD = 3.3V  $\pm$  0.3V,  $T_{\!_A}$  = -40°C to 105°C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
$f_{MAX}$	Output Frequency		4		360	MHz	
$t_{PD}$	Propagation Delay <sup>(1)</sup>	<i>f</i> ≤ 350MHz	1.6	1.8	2.0	ns	
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew <sup>(2)(3)</sup>				500	ps	
4::4	Duffer Addition Dhaga Litter DMS	156.25MHz, Integration Range (12kHz – 20MHz)		0.09			
tjit Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RM	Butter Additive Phase Jitter, RMS	125MHz, Integration Range (12kHz – 20MHz)		0.15		ps	
$t_{\rm R}/t_{\rm F}$	Output Rise/Fall Time	0.8V to 2V	80	250	350	ps	
odc	Output Duty Cycle	<i>f</i> ≤ 166MHz	45	50	55	%	
ouc	Output Duty Cycle	$166 \text{MHz} < f \le 350 \text{MHz}$	40	50	60	%	

#### Note:

All parameters measured at f<sub>MAX</sub> unless noted otherwise.

- 2. Measured from the differential input crossing point to the output at VDD/2.
- 3. Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at VDD/2.

### **AC Characteristics,** VDD = $2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_{\Delta} = -40^{\circ}C$ to $105^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
$f_{MAX}$	Output Frequency		4		360	MHz
$t_{_{\mathrm{PD}}}$	Propagation Delay <sup>(1)</sup>	$f \le 350 \text{MHz}$	1.9	2.2	2.5	ns
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew <sup>(2)(3)</sup>				500	ps
	Duffer Addition Dhaga Litter DMC	156.25MHz, Integration Range (12kHz – 20MHz)		0.04		ps
tjit	jit Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS	125MHz, Integration Range (12kHz – 20MHz)		0.14		
$t_{\rm R}/t_{\rm F}$	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	180		350	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \le 250 \text{MHz}$	45	50	55	%
	Output Duty Cycle	$250 \text{MHz} < f \le 350 \text{MHz}$	40	50	60	%

#### Note:

All parameters measured at  $f_{\text{MAX}}$  unless noted otherwise.

- 2. Measured from the differential input crossing point to the output at VDD/2.
- 3. Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at VDD/2.

<sup>1.</sup> Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

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# **Application Information**

### Wiring the differential input to accept single ended levels

Figure 1 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage  $V_REF = VDD/2$  is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin. The ratio of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to postion the  $V_REF$  in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and VDD = 3.3V,  $V_REF$  should be 1.25V and R1/R2 = 0.609.

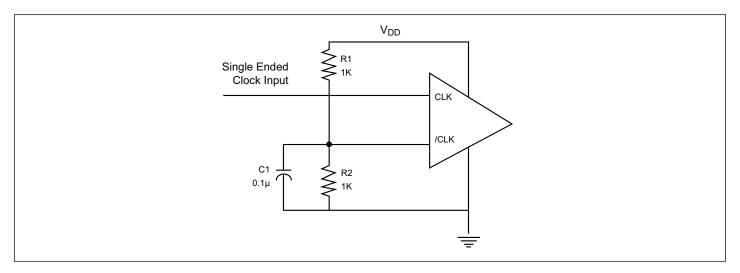


Figure 1. Single-ended Input to Differential Input Device

### **Thermal Information**

Symbol	Description	Condition	
$\Theta_{_{ m JA}}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	Still air	157 °C/W
$\Theta_{ m JC}$	Junction-to-case thermal resistance		42 °C/W

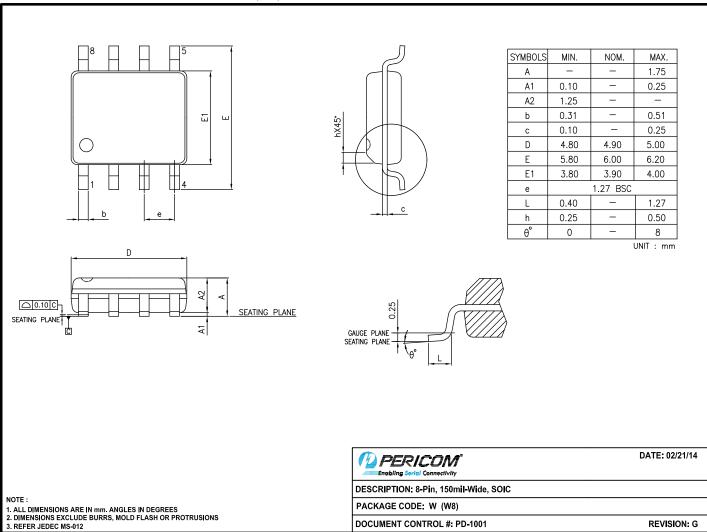
### **Part Marking**

Top mark not available at this time. To obtain advance information regarding the top mark, please contact your local sales representative.





# Packaging Mechanical: 8-SOIC (W)



#### For latest package info.

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# **Ordering Information**

Ordering Code	Package Code	Operating Temperature	Package Description
PI6C49CB01Q2WEX	W	-40 to 105°C	8-pin, 150mil-Wide (SOIC)
PI6C49CB01Q3WEX	W	-40 to 85°C	8-pin, 150mil-Wide (SOIC)

### Notes:

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- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- 4. Q = Automotive Compliant
- 5. 2 and 3 = AEC-Q100 Grade Level
- 6. E = Pb-free and Green
- 7. X suffix = Tape/Reel

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