

C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLCX



Features

- Duplex LC Single Mode Transceiver
- Small Form Factor Multi-sourced 2x5 Pin Package
- Complies with IEEE 802.3 Gigabit Ethernet
- 1270 nm to 1610 nm Wavelength, CWDM DFB Laser
- Single +3.3V Power Supply
- LVPECL Differential Inputs and Outputs
- LVTTTL Signal Detection Output
- Temperature Range: 0 to 70 °C
- Class 1 Laser International Safety Standard IEC 825 compliant
- Solderability to MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
- Pin Coating is Sn/Pb with minimum 2% Pb content
- Flammability to UL94V0
- Humidity RH 5-85% (5-90% short term) to IEC 68-2-3
- Complies with Bellcore GR-468-CORE
- Uncooled laser diode with MQW structure
- 1.25 Gbps Ethernet Links application
- 1.06 Gbps Fiber Channel application

Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	0	3.6	V	
Output Current	I_{out}	0	30	mA	
Soldering Temperature	-	-	260	°C	10 seconds on leads only
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	0	70	°C	
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40	85	°C	

Recommended Operating Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Operating Temperature (Case)	T_{opr}	0	-	70	°C
Data rate		-	1250	-	Mbps

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Transmitter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Optical						
Optical Transmit Power	P_o	-5	-	0	dBm	C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLC2
Optical Transmit Power	P_o	-3	-	+2	dBm	C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLC3
Optical Transmit Power	P_o	0	-	+5	dBm	C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLC4
Output center Wavelength	λ	$\lambda_p-5.5$	λ_p	$\lambda_p+7.5$	nm	$\lambda_p=1XX0$ nm, C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLCX
Output Spectrum Width	$\Delta\lambda$	-	-	1	nm	-20 dB width
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	Sr	30	35	-	dBm	CW, $P_o=5mW$
Extinction Ratio	ER	9	-	-	dB	
Output Eye		Compliant with IEEE 802.3				
Optical Rise Time	tr	-	-	0.26	ns	20% to 80% Values
Optical Fall Time	tf	-	-	0.26	ns	20% to 80% Values
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN	-	-	-120	dB/Hz	
Total Jitter	TJ	-	-	0.27	ns	Measured with 2^7-1 PRBS

Transmitter Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Electrical						
Power Supply Current	I_{CC}	-	-	180	mA	Maximum current is specified at V_{CC} = Maximum @ maximum temperature
Transmit Enable Voltage	V_{EN}	0	-	0.8	V	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V_D	2.0	-	V_{CC}	V	
Data Input Current-Low	I_{IL}	-200	-	-	μA	
Data Input Current-High	I_{IH}	-	-	200	μA	
Differential Data Input Voltage	$V_{IH}-V_{IL}$	650	-	2000	mV	AC-coupled

Receiver Specifications

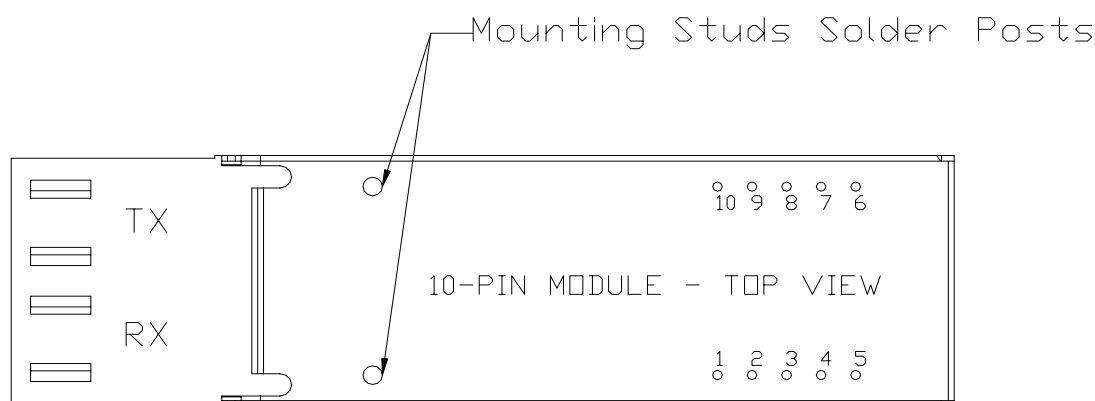
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Optical						
Sensitivity	-	-	-	-22	dBm	Measured with 2^7-1 PRBS, BER = 10^{-12}
Maximum Input Power	P_{in}	-3	-	-	dBm	
Signal Detect-Asserted	Pa	-	-	-22	dBm	Measured on transition: low to high
Signal Detect-Deasserted	Pd	-38	-	-	dBm	Measured on transition: high to low
Signal Detect-Hysteresis		1.0	-	-	dB	
Wavelength of Operation		1100	-	1620	nm	

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Receiver Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Note
Electrical						
Power Supply Current	I_{CC}	-	-	120	mA	The current excludes the output load current
Differential Data Output Voltage	$V_{OH}-V_{OL}$	800	-	1600	mV	AC-coupled
Signal Detect Output Voltage-Low	$V_{SDL}-V_{CC}$	-	-	0.5	V	LVTTTL
Signal Detect Output Voltage-High	$V_{SDH}-V_{CC}$	2.0	-	-	V	

Connection Diagram



PIN	Symbol	Notes
1	RxGND	Directly connect this pin to the receiver ground plane
2	TxVcc	+3.3 V dc power for the receiver section
3	SD	Active high on this indicates a received optical signal(LVTTTL)
4	RD-	Receiver Data Out Bar (LVPECL)
5	RD+	Receiver Dat Out (LVPECL)
6	TxVcc	+3.3 V dc power for the transmitter section
7	TxGND	Directly connect this pin to the transmitter ground plane
8	TxDIS	Transmitter disable (LVTTTL)
9	TD+	Transmitter Data In (LVPECL)
10	TD-	Transmitter Data In Bar (LVPECL)
Attaching Posts		The attaching posts are at case potential and may be connected to chassis ground. They are isolated from circuit ground.

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Signal Detect

The C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLCX transceivers are equipped with LVTTTL signal detect output. The standard LVTTTL output eliminates the need for a LVPECL to LVTTTL level shifter in most applications.

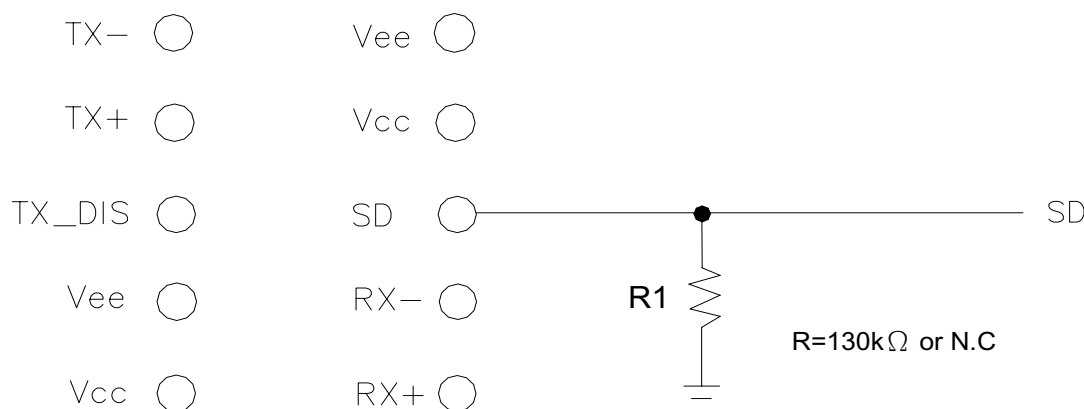
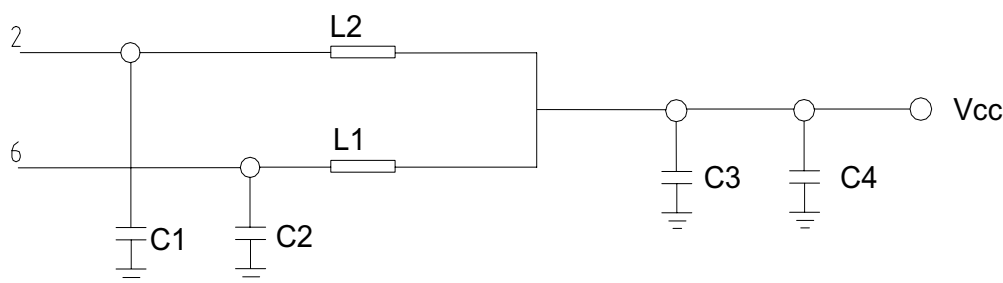


Figure 2: Signal Detect

Power Coupling

A suggested layout for power and ground connections is given in figure 3A below. Connections are made via separate voltage and ground planes. The mounting posts are at case ground and should not be connected to circuit ground. The mounting posts are at case ground and should not be connected to circuit ground. The ferrite bead should provide a real impedance of 50 to 100 ohms at 100 to 1000 MHz. Bypass capacitors should be placed as close to the 10-pin connector as possible.



VALUES:

C1, C2 = 1000pF,

C3, = 0.1 uF

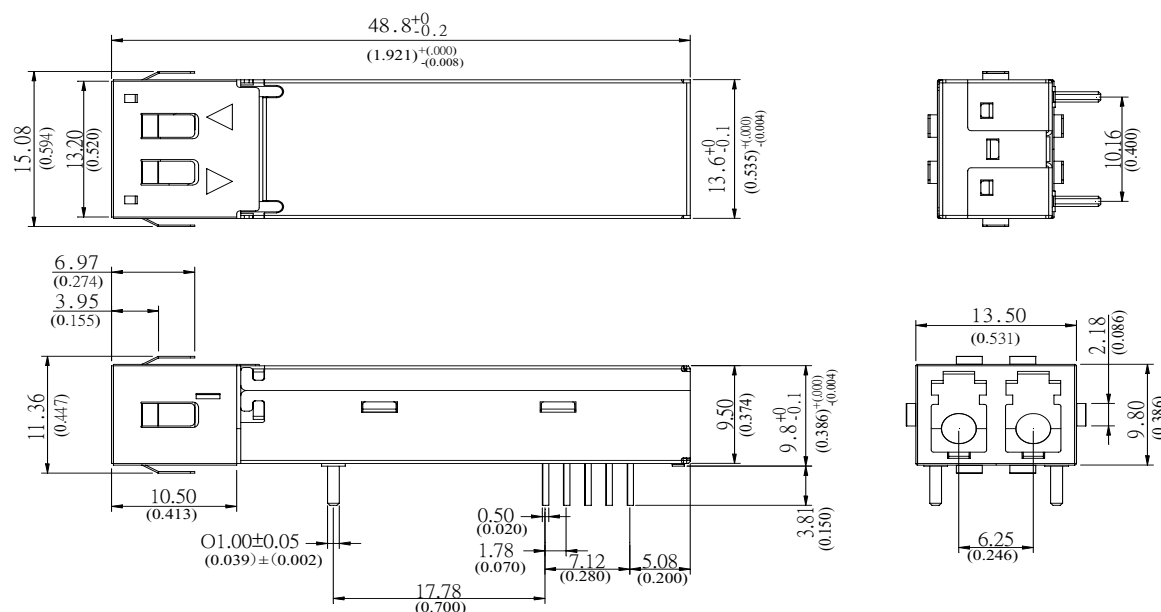
C4, = 10 uF,

L1, L2 = Real impedance of 50 to
100 Ohms to 1000 MHz.

Figure 3: Suggested Power Coupling-Electrical Schematic

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Package Diagram



Units in mm(inch)

Printed Circuit Board Layout Consideration

A fiber-optic receiver employs a very high gain, wide bandwidth transimpedance amplifier. This amplifier detects and amplifies signals that are only tens of nA in amplitude when the receiver is operating near its limit. Any unwanted signal current that couples into the receiver circuitry causes a decrease in the receiver's sensitivity and can also degrade the performance of the receiver's signal detect (SD) circuit. To minimize the coupling of unwanted noise into the receiver, careful attention must be given to the printed circuit board.

At a minimum, a double-sided printed circuit board (PCB) with a large component side ground plane beneath the transceiver must be used. In applications that include many other high speed devices, a multi-layer PCB is highly recommended. This permits the placement of power and ground on separate layers, which allows them to be isolated from the signal lines. Multilayer construction also permits the routing of signal traces away from high level, high speed signal lines. To minimize the possibility of coupling noise into the receiver section, high level, high speed signals such as transmitter inputs and clock lines should be routed as far away as possible from the receiver pins.

Noise that couples into the receiver through the power supply pins can also degrade performance. It is recommended that a pi filter be used in both transmitter and receiver power supplies.

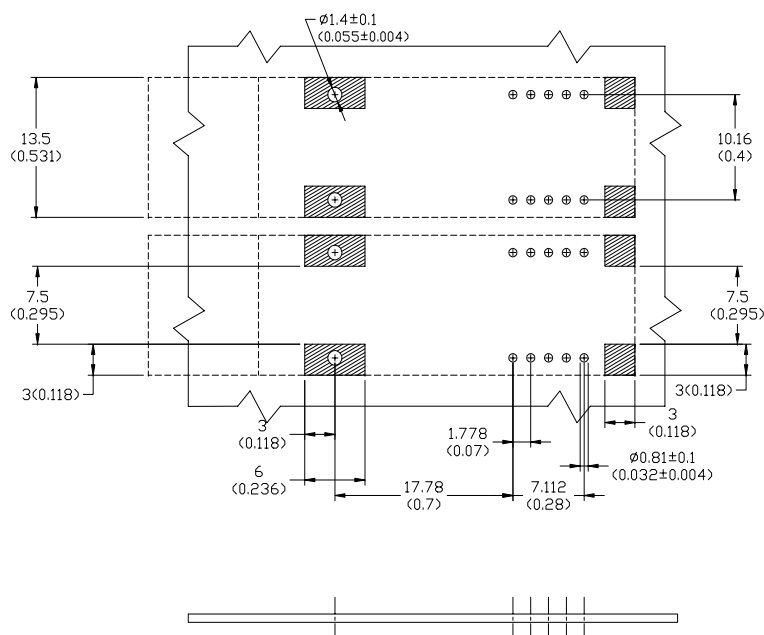
EMI and ESC Consideration

LuminentOIC transceivers offer a metalized plastic case and a special chassis grounding clip. As shown in the drawing, this clip connects the module case to chassis ground then installs flush through the panel cutout. This way, the grounding clip brushes the edge of the cutout in order to make a proper contact. The use of a grounding clip also provides increased electrostatic protection and helps reduce radiated emission from the module or the host circuit board through the chassis faceplate. The attaching posts are at case potential and may be connected to chassis ground. They should not be connected to circuit ground.

Plastic optical subassemblies are used to further reduce the possibility of radiated emission by eliminating the metal from the transmitter and receiver diode housings, which extend into connector space. By providing a non-metal receptacle for the optical cable ferrule, the gigabit speed RF electrical signal is isolated from the connector area thus preventing radiated energy leakage from these surfaces to the outside of the panel.

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Recommended Board Layout Hole Pattern

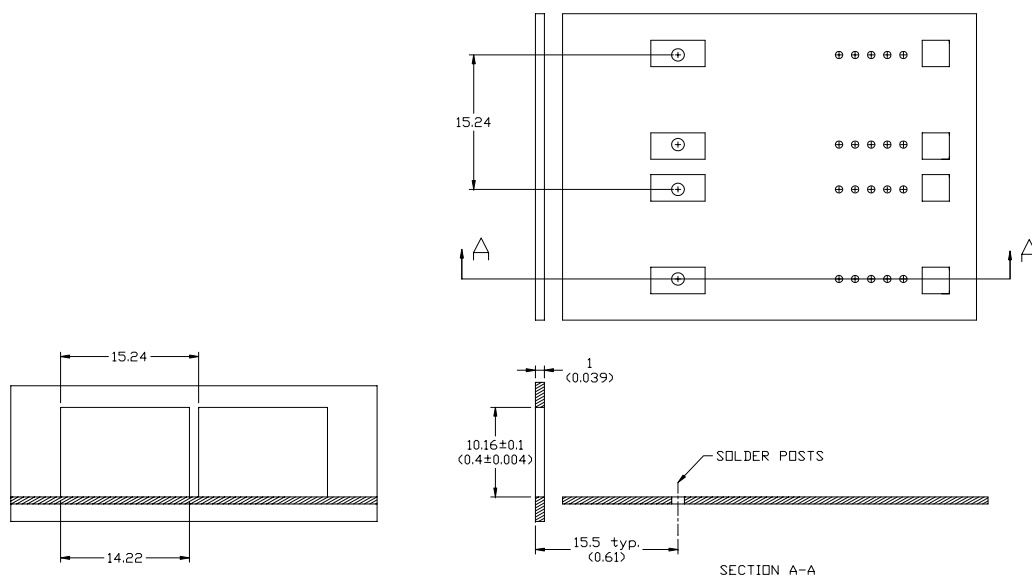


DIMENSION IN MILLIMETER (INCHES)

NOTES:

1. THIS FIGURE DESCRIBE THE RECOMMAND CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT FOR THE SFF TRANSCEIVER.
2. THE HATCHED AREAS ARE KEEP-OUT AREAS RESERVED FOR HOUSING STANDOFF. NO METAL TRACES OR GROUND CONNECTION IN KEEP-OUT AREAS.
3. THE MOUNTING STUDS SHOULD BE SOLDERED TO CHASSIS GROUND FOR MECHANICAL INTEGRITY.

Recommended Panel mounting

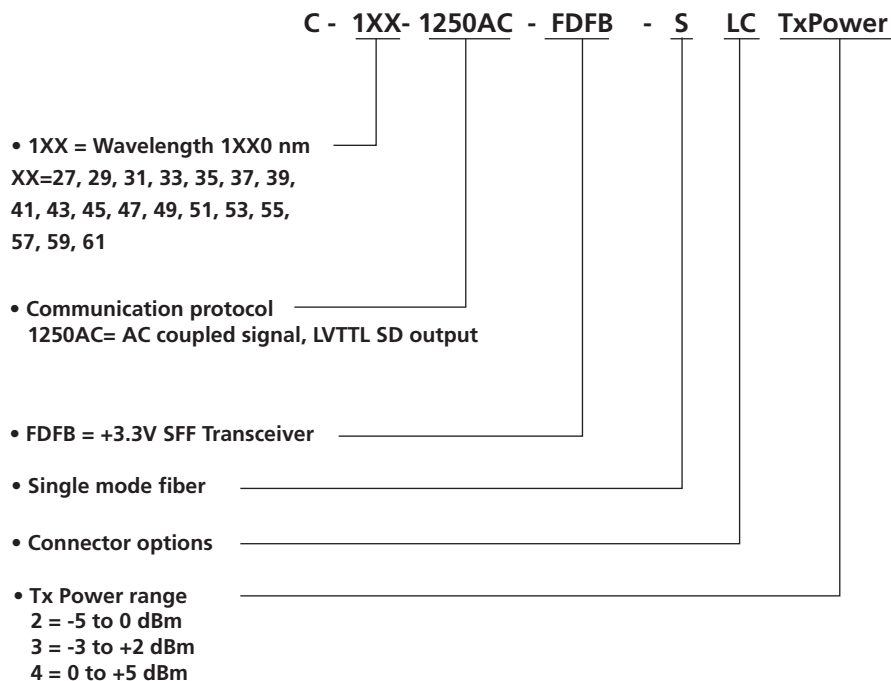


DIMENSION IN MILLIMETER (INCHES)

C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLCX

Ordering Information

Part numbering Definition:



Available Options:

C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLC2
C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLC3
C-1XX-1250AC-FDFB-SLC4

Warnings:

Handling Precautions: This device is susceptible to damage as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). A static free environment is highly recommended. Follow guidelines according to proper ESD procedures.

Laser Safety: Radiation emitted by laser devices can be dangerous to human eyes. Avoid eye exposure to direct or indirect radiation.

Legal Notes:

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