

**The RF Line**  
**UHF Power Transistor**

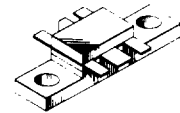
The TP3031 is designed for 960 MHz base stations in both analog and digital applications. It incorporates high value emitter ballast resistors, gold metallizations and offers a high degree of reliability and ruggedness.

- Specified 26 Volts, 960 MHz Characteristics

Output Power 25 Watts  
 Minimum Gain 8.0 dB  
 Class AB  
 $I_Q$  100 mA

**TP3031**

**25 W-960 MHz**  
**UHF POWER**  
**TRANSISTOR**  
**NPN SILICON**



CASE 319-06, STYLE 2

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CER}$	40	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	48	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	4.0	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	4.0	Adc
Total Device Dissipation in $T_C$ 25 C Derate above 25 C	$P_D$	70 0.6	Watts W/C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	65 to +150	C
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	C

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (1) at 70°C Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.5	C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C$  25 C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C$ 50 mA, $R_{BE}$ 75 $\Omega$ )	$V_{(BR)CER}$	45	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C$ 5.0 mAdc)	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	4.0	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E$ 50 mAdc)	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	55	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Leakage ( $V_{CE}$ 26 V, $R_{BE}$ 75 $\Omega$ )	$I_{CER}$	—	—	10	mA

NOTE 1. Thermal resistance is determined under specified RF operating condition.

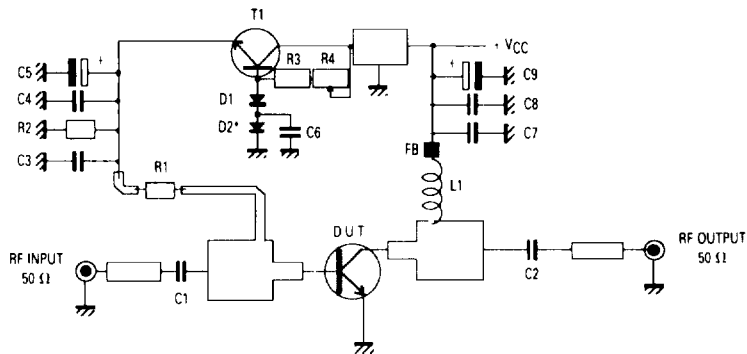
(continued)

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 1.0 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 Vdc)	h <sub>FE</sub>	15	—	100	—
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 26 V, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 1.0 MHz)	C <sub>Ob</sub>	30	—	50	pF
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain (V <sub>CC</sub> = 26 V, P <sub>Out</sub> = 25 W, I <sub>CQ</sub> = 100 mA) (f = 960 MHz)	G <sub>p</sub>	8.0	9.0	—	dB
Load Mismatch at all Phase Angles (V <sub>CC</sub> = 26 V, P <sub>Out</sub> = 25 W, I <sub>CQ</sub> = 100 mA) No degradation in Output Power	ψ	5:1	—	—	VSWR
Collector Efficiency (V <sub>CC</sub> = 26 V, P <sub>Out</sub> = 25 W, f = 960 MHz)	η	50	55	—	%
Power Saturation Pin = 7.0 W	P <sub>sat</sub>	27	—	—	W

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C1 — Capacitor Chip 0805 39 pF 5%  
 C2, C3, C6, C8 — Capacitor Chip 0805 330 pF 5%  
 C4, C7 — Capacitor Chip 0805 15 nF 5%  
 C5, C9 — Capacitor Chip 0805 6.0, 8.0 μF 35 V  
 R1 — Chip Resistor 2.2 Ω 1206 5%  
 FB Bead Ferroxcube 56-590-65-EB

R2 — Chip Resistor 51 Ω 0805 5%  
 R3 — Chip Resistor 220 Ω 0805 5%  
 R4 — Resistor Trimmer 1.0 kΩ  
 T1 — SMD Transistor BCX54 or Similar  
 T3 — Voltage Regulator 7805  
 D1, D2 — SMD Diode  
 Board Material — 0.5 mm, Teflon Glass, Cu Clad 2 Sides,  
 35 μm Thick

Figure 1. 960 MHz Test Circuit

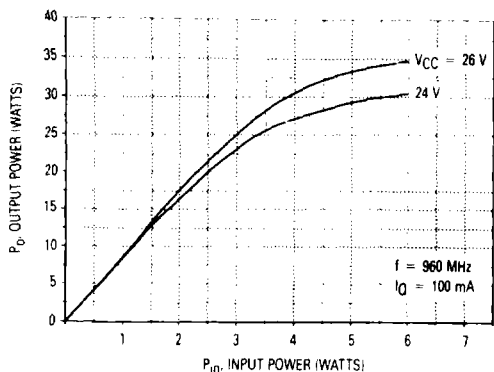


Figure 2. Output Power versus Input Power

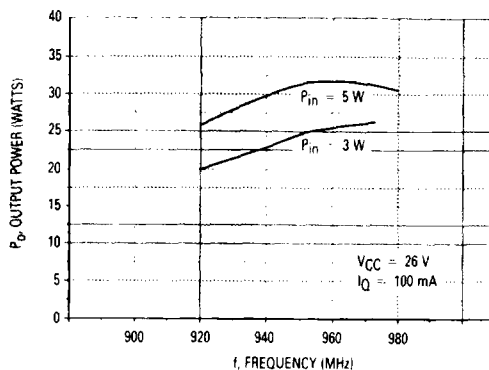


Figure 3. Output Power versus Frequency

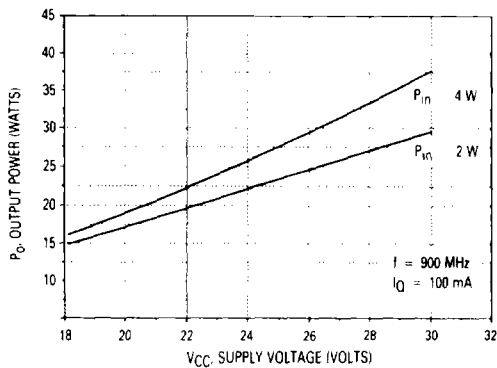


Figure 4. Output Power versus Supply Voltage

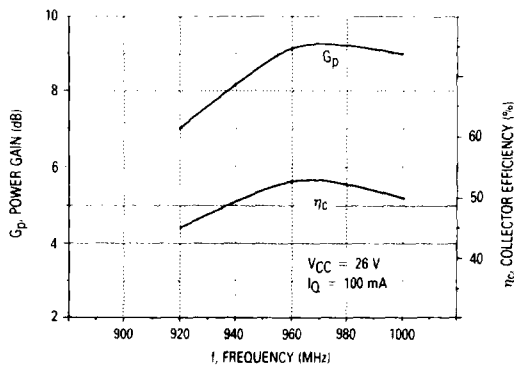


Figure 5. Typical Broadband Circuit Performance

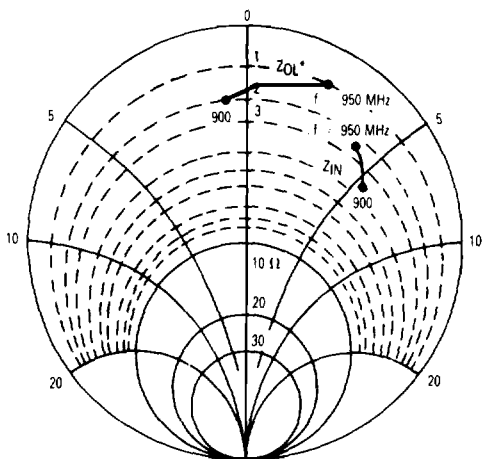


Figure 6. Series Equivalent Input/Output Impedances

$P_{out} = 25\text{ W}$   $V_{CE} = 26\text{ V}$

f MHz	$Z_{iN}$ OHMS	$Z_{oL}^*$ OHMS
900	$4.2 + j5.2$	$1.9 - j0.8$
950	$2.3 + j3.9$	$1.0 + j2.9$

$Z_{oL}^*$  = Conjugate of the optimum load impedance. Into which the device operates at a given output power, voltage, and frequency.

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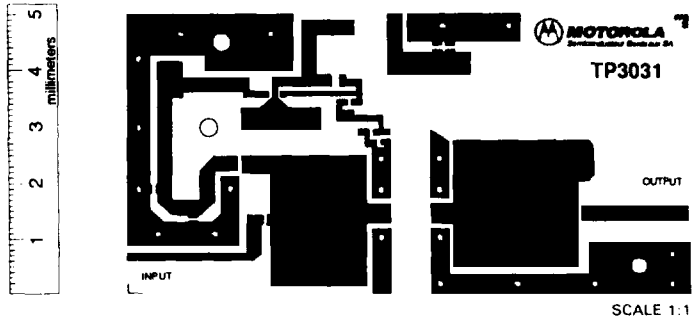


Figure 7. Test Circuit — Photomaster

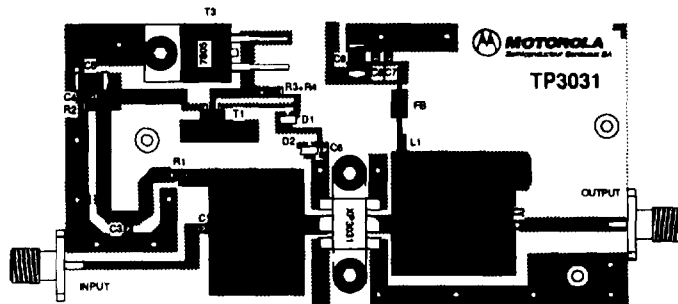


Figure 8. Test Circuit — Component Locations