

11 -

## VSPA8436SY-M025J, Shunt Sensor (Lead / Halogen Free)

#### Features / Applications :

- High power rating is up to 36W
- Low inductance (< 5 nH)
- Low thermal EMF (< 3 μV/°C)</p>
- Welding construction; Excellent long-term stability
- RoHS compliant & AEC-Q200 qualified
- Automotive applications & Current sensing for BMS
- Sn plating assists with PCB mounting and corrosion protection

### **Electrical Specifications :**

Characteristics	Feature
Power Rating*	36 W
Resistance Value	25 μΩ
Temperature Coefficient of Resistance	± 150 ppm/°C
Operation Temperature Range	-65°C~ +170°C
Resistance Tolerance	± 5% (J)
Maximum Working Voltage (V)	( P*R) <sup>1/2</sup>

\*Note :

For sensors operated at terminal temperature in excess of 140°C, the maximum load shall be derated in accordance with the following curve.

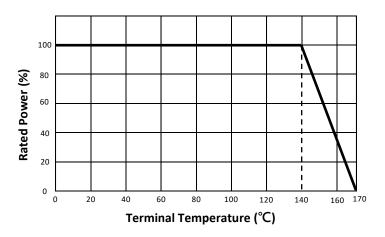
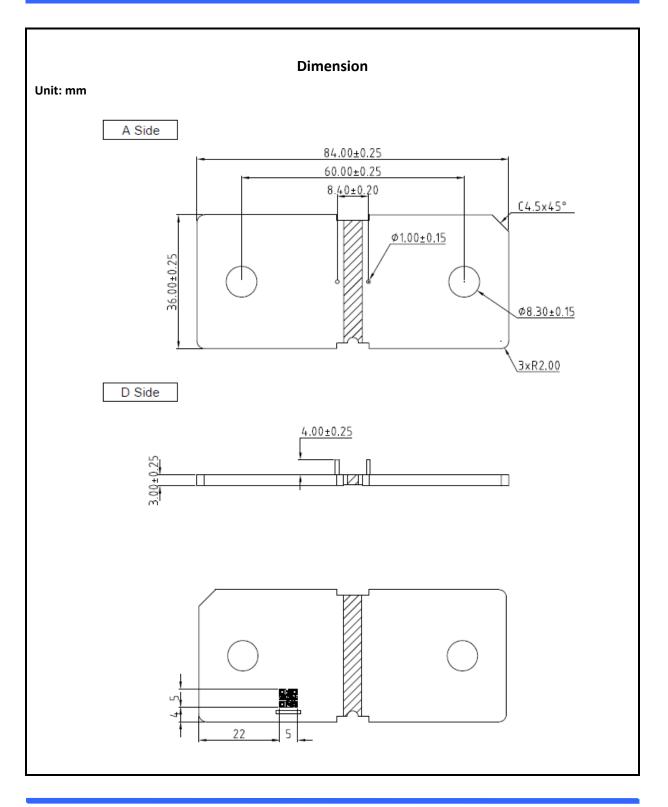


Figure 1. : Power derating curve at terminal temperature

DOCUMENT : CYNP-199-004 Page : 1 REVISION : A2



### Outline Drawing :



DOCUMENT : CYNP-199-004 Page : 2 REVISION : A2



### Type Designation :

V S P A 8 4 3 6 S Y - M 0 2 5 J (1) (2) (3) (4) - (5) (6) Note :

- (1) Series No.
- (2) Size
- (3) Terminal type : S = Short terminal
- (4) Power Rating : Y = 36W
- (5) Resistance value : M025 = 25  $\mu\Omega$
- (6) Tolerance :  $J = \pm 5\%$

### Characteristics :

#### Electrical

Item	Specification and Requirement	Test Method
Temperature Coefficient (TCR)	As follow specification	JIS-C-5201 +25℃/ +125℃.
Short Time Overload	$\triangle R: \pm 0.5\%$ Without damage by flashover, spark, arcing, burning or breakdown	JIS-C-5201-1 4.13 5 x rated power for 5 seconds.
ESD	△R:±1%	AEC-Q200-002 Human body, 8KV.



### Mechanical

Item	Specification and Requirement	Test Method
Solderability	The surface of terminal immersed shall be minimum of 95% covered with a new coating of solder	J-STD-002 245 $\pm$ 5°C for 5 $\pm$ 0.5 seconds.
Resistance to Solder Heat	$\triangle R:\pm 0.5\%$	MIL-STD-202 Method 210 $260 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C for $10 \pm 1$ seconds.
Vibration	$ riangle R:\pm 0.5\%$ Without distinct damage in appearance	MIL-STD-202 Method 204 5G's for 20 minutes, 12 cycles each of 3 orientations. Test from 10-2000Hz.
Mechanical Shock	$\triangle R: \pm 0.5\%$ Without distinct damage in appearance	MIL-STD-202 Method 213 100G's peak value, 6ms, Half-sine waveform, 12.3ft/sec.
Pin Strength	Without damage and break from bottom of pin.	Test height <1.6mm from bottom of pin.



#### Endurance

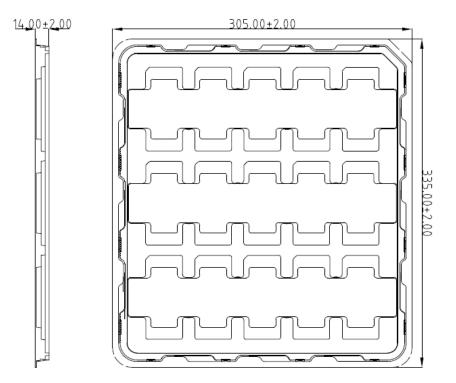
Item	Specification and Requirement	Test Method
Temperature Cycling	△R:±0.5%	JESD22 Method JA-104 1000 cycles, (-55°C~150°C) 30 min maximum dwell time at each temperature.
Biased Humidity	$\triangle R: \pm 0.5\%$	MIL-STD-202 Method 103 1000 hours, 85°C/85%R.H, applied for 10% rated power.
Operational Life	△R: ± 1.0%	MIL-STD-202 Method 108 100% Rate power for 1,000 hours at terminal temperature 140°C.
High Temperature Store	△R: ± 1.0%	MIL-STD-202 Method 108 170°C for 1,000 hours.

Note : Measurement at  $24\pm4$  hours after test conclusion for all reliability tests-parts.



### Packaging :

#### Tray packaging dimensions :



Label Marking :

The following items shall be marked on tray

- (1) Description
- (2) Quantity
- (3) Part No.
- (4) Tapping No.
- Quantity: 15 Pcs / Tray
  - 75 Pcs / Carton



#### Care Note :

#### Care note for storage

- (1) Shunt sensor shall be stored in a environment where temperature and humidity must be controlled (temperature 5 to  $35^{\circ}$ C, humidity < 60% RH). However, the humidity should be maintained as low as possible.
- (2) Shunt sensor shall not be stored under direct sunlight.
- (3) Shunt sensor shall be stored in condition without moisture, dust, any material defect solderability, or hazardous gas (i.e. Chloridation hydrogen, sulfurous acid gas, and sulfuration hydrogen)
- (4) The sensor can be stored for at least one year under the condition mentioned above.

#### Care note for operating and handling

- (1) Protect the edge and coating of the sensors from mechanical stress.
- (2) Avoid bending of printing circuit board (PCB) when cutting and fixing it on support body to reduce mechanical stress on sensors.
- (3) Sensor should be used within the condition of specification.

Note: When a voltage higher than specified value is loaded to the sensor, this may damage the sensor material due to temperature rise.

- (4) The loaded voltage should consult terminal temperature of the sensor according to the derating curve.
- (5) When applying a high current exceeding suggested specification (pulse current, shock current) to the sensor, it is necessary to re-evaluate the operating condition before using it in the system.