



Power line chokes

Current-compensated D core double chokes
250 V AC, 0.4 ... 2.2 A, 3.3 ... 100 mH

Series/Type: **B82732R/W**
Date: October 2008

Rated voltage 250 V AC

Rated current 0.4 A to 2.2 A

Rated inductance 3.3 mH to 100 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated double choke
- Closed rectangular ferrite core
- Closed polycarbonate coil former (UL 94 V-0)
- Without encapsulation
- 2-section winding
- Clearance and creepage distances > 3 mm

Features

- High resonance frequency due to 2-section winding
- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Low leakage due to closed core shape
- High pulse strength
- Low whirring noise
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- UL and VDE approvals 
- Recyclable owing to omission of encapsulation and glue
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Switch-mode power applications
- Electronic ballasts in lamps

Terminals

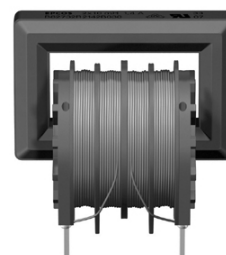
- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins 0.6 × 0.6 (mm)
- Lead spacing 10 × 12.5 (mm)

Marking

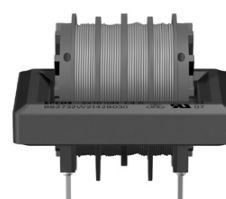
Manufacturer, rated inductance, rated current, ordering code, approval symbols, date of manufacture (WWYY)

Delivery mode

Blister tray in cardboard box



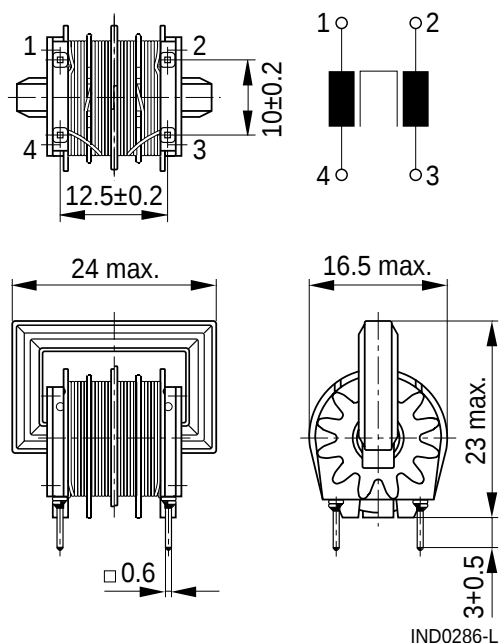
B82732R



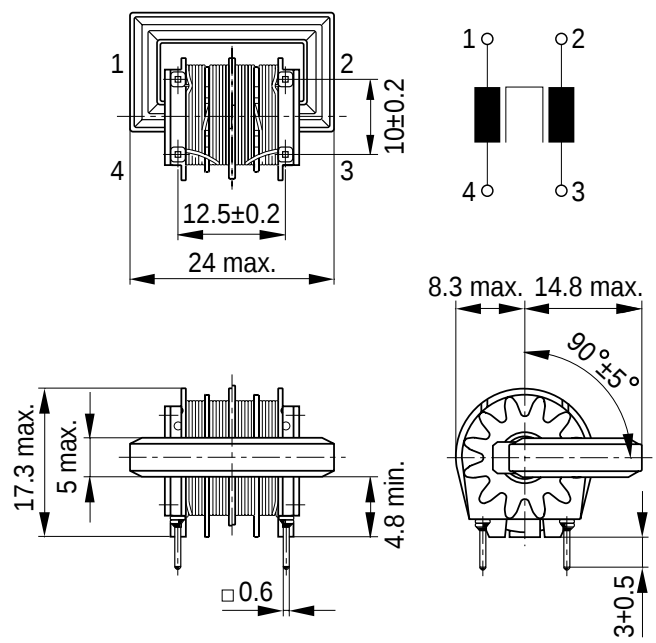
B82732W

Dimensional drawings and pin configuration

Vertical version (B82732R)



Horizontal version (B82732W)



Tolerances to ISO 2768-C
unless otherwise noted.

Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

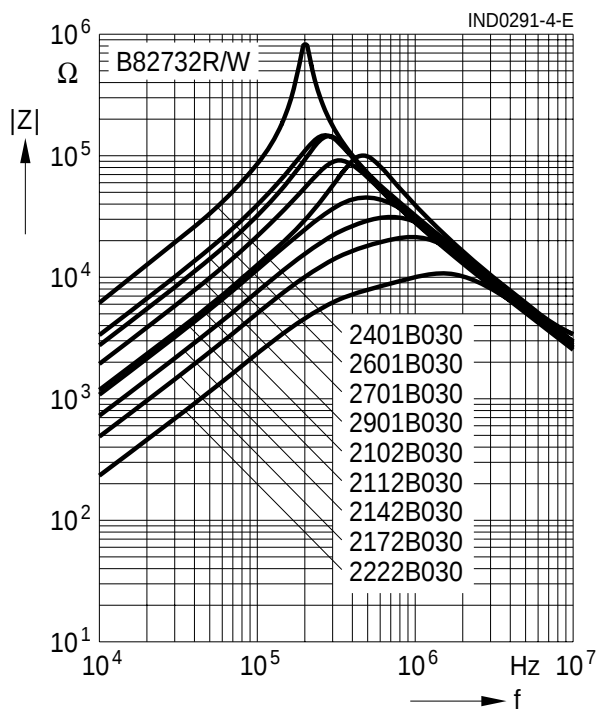
Rated voltage V_R	250 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Test voltage V_{test}	1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)
Rated temperature T_R	40 °C
Rated current I_R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature
Rated inductance L_R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 0.1 mA, 20 °C, 10 kHz. Inductance is specified per winding.
Inductance tolerance	−30/+50% at 20 °C
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I_R , 20 °C
Stray inductance $L_{stray,typ}$	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, 20 °C, typ. values
DC resistance R_{typ}	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
Storage conditions (packaged)	−25 °C ... +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH
Weight	Approx. 11 g
Approvals	EN 60938-2, UL 1283

Characteristics and ordering codes

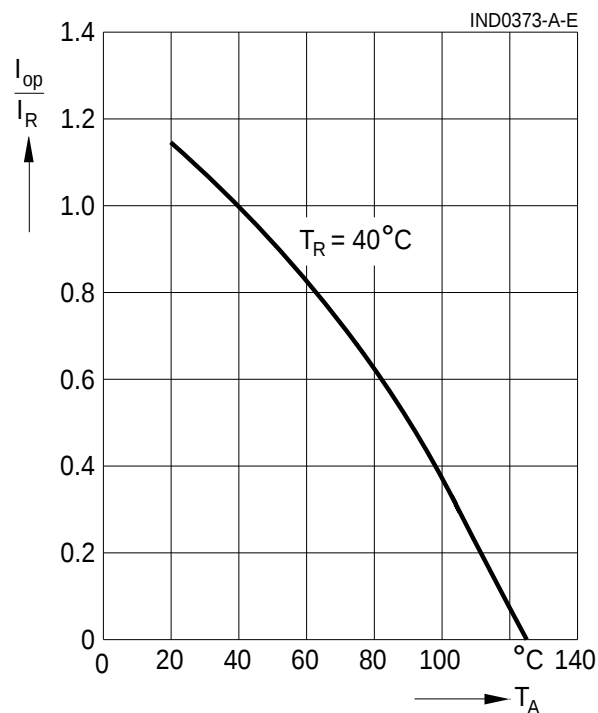
I_R A	L_R mH	$L_{\text{stray,typ}}$ μH	R_{typ} m Ω	Ordering code		Approvals	
				Vertical version	Horizontal version		
0.4	100	850	3000	B82732R2401B030	B82732W2401B030	—	—
0.6	47	400	1400	B82732R2601B030	B82732W2601B030	×	×
0.7	39	330	1100	B82732R2701B030	B82732W2701B030	×	×
0.9	27	230	750	B82732R2901B030	B82732W2901B030	×	×
1.0	22	165	580	B82732R2102B030	B82732W2102B030	—	—
1.1	15	125	440	B82732R2112B030	B82732W2112B030	×	×
1.4	10	85	300	B82732R2142B030	B82732W2142B030	×	×
1.7	6.8	55	190	B82732R2172B030	B82732W2172B030	×	×
2.2	3.3	27	110	B82732R2222B030	B82732W2222B030	×	×

× = approval granted

Impedance $|Z|$ versus frequency f
measured with windings in parallel at 20 °C
typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R
versus ambient temperature T_A



Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

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2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
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