

## SKiiP 1242 GB 120 - 407 CTV

Absolute Maximum Ratings		Values	Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>		
$V_{isol}$ <sup>4)</sup>	AC, 1min	3000	V
$T_{OP}, T_{stg}$	Operating / stor. temperature	-25...+85	°C
IGBT and Inverse Diode			
$V_{CES}$		1200	V
$V_{CC}$ <sup>5)</sup>	Operating DC link voltage	900	V
$I_C$	IGBT	1200	A
$T_j$ <sup>3)</sup>	IGBT + Diode	-40...+150	°C
$I_F$	Diode	1200	A
$I_{FM}$	Diode, $t_p < 1$ ms	2400	A
$I_{FSM}$	Diode, $T_j = 150$ °C, 10ms; sin	8640	A
$I^2t$ (Diode)	Diode, $T_j = 150$ °C, 10ms	373	kAs <sup>2</sup>
Driver			
$V_{S1}$	Stabilized Power Supply	18	V
$V_{S2}$	Non-stabilized Power Supply	30	V
$f_{smax}$	Switching frequency	14	kHz
$dV/dt$	Primary to secondary side	75	kV/μs

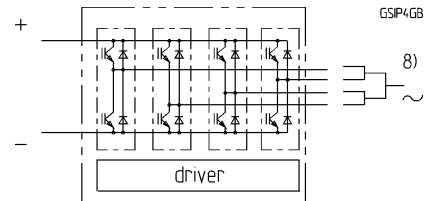
Characteristics		min.	typ.	max.	Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>				
IGBT <sup>11)</sup>					
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Driver without supply	$\geq V_{CES}$	-	-	V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0, T_j = 25$ °C	-	-	1,8	mA
	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}, T_j = 125$ °C	-	60	-	mA
$V_{TO}$	$T_j = 125$ °C	-	-	1,38	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 125$ °C	-	-	1,8	mΩ
$V_{Cesat}$	$I_C = 1000A, T_j = 125$ °C	-	-	3,2	V
$V_{Cesat}$	$I_C = 1000A, T_j = 25$ °C	-	-	3,05	V
$E_{on} + E_{off}$	$V_{CC}=600/900V, I_C=1200A, T_j = 125$ °C	-	-	360/586	mJ
$C_{CHC}$	per SKiiP, AC side	-	5,6	-	nF
$L_{CE}$	Top, Bottom	-	4	-	nH
Inverse Diode <sup>2)</sup>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 1000A; T_j = 125$ °C	-	-	2,43	V
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 1000A; T_j = 25$ °C	-	-	2,55	V
$E_{on} + E_{off}$	$I_F = 1200A; T_j = 125$ °C	-	-	48	mJ
$V_{TO}$	$T_j = 125$ °C	-	0,91	-	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 125$ °C	-	1,0	-	mΩ
Thermal Characteristics <sup>10)</sup>					
$R_{thjs}$	per IGBT	-	-	0,023	°C/W
$R_{thjs}$	per Diode	-	-	0,063	°C/W
$R_{thsa}$ <sup>6,10)</sup>	P16 heatsink; see case S4	-	-	0,033	°C/W
Driver					
$I_{S1}$	Supply current 15V-supply	290+580*f <sub>s</sub> /f <sub>smax</sub> +1,3*I <sub>AC</sub> /A			mA
$I_{S2}$	Supply current 24V-supply	220+420*f <sub>s</sub> /f <sub>smax</sub> +1,0*I <sub>AC</sub> /A			mA
$t_{interlock-driver}$	Interlock-time	3,3			μs
SKiiPPACK protection					
$I_{TRIPSC}$	Short circuit protection	1500 ± 2%			A
$I_{TRIPLG}$	Ground fault protection	-			A
$T_{TRIP}$	Over-temp. protection	115 ± 5%			°C
$U_{DCTRIP}$ <sup>9)</sup>	U <sub>DC</sub> -protection	920 ± 2%			V
Mechanical Data					
M1	DC terminals, SI Units	4	-	6	Nm
M2	AC terminals, SI Units	8	-	10	Nm

## SKiiPPACK®

### SK integrated intelligent Power PACK halfbridge SKiiP

### 1242 GB 120 - 407 CTV <sup>7,9)</sup>

Preliminary Data  
Case S4



### Features

- Short circuit protection, due to evaluation of current sensor signals
- Isolated power supply
- Low thermal impedance
- Optimal thermal management with integrated heatsink
- Pressure contact technology with increased power cycling capability, compact design
- Low stray inductance
- High power, small losses
- Over-temperature protection

- 1)  $T_{heatsink} = 25$  °C, unless otherwise specified
- 2) CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology (soft and fast)
- 3) without driver
- 4) Driver input to DC link/ AC output to heatsink
- 5) with Semikron-DC link (low inductance)
- 6) other heatsinks on request
- 7) C - Integrated current sensors  
T - Temperature protection  
V - 15 V or 24 V power supply
- 8) AC connection busbars must be connected by the user; copper busbars available on request
- 9) options available for driver:  
U - DC link voltage sense  
F - Fiber optic connector
- 10) "s" referenced to temperature sensor
- 11) NPT-technology with homogenous current-distribution