



041756 (157)
041901 (158)

HS-C²MOS™ INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

PRELIMINARY DATA

M54/74HC157 QUAD 2-CHANNEL MULTIPLEXER M54/74HC158 QUAD 2-CHANNEL MULTIPLEXER (INV.)

DESCRIPTION

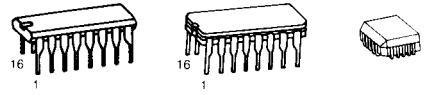
The M54/74HC157 and the M54/74HC158 are high speed CMOS QUAD 2-CHANNEL MULTIPLEXER's fabricated with silicon gate C²MOS technology. They achieve the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

These devices consist of four 2-input digital multiplexers with common select and strobe inputs. The HC158 is an inverting multiplexer while the HC157 is a non-inverting multiplexer. When the STROBE input is held "H" level, selection of data is inhibited and all the outputs become "L" level in case of 157 and all the outputs become "H" level in case of 158. The SELECT decoding determines whether the A or B inputs get routed to their corresponding Y outputs.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

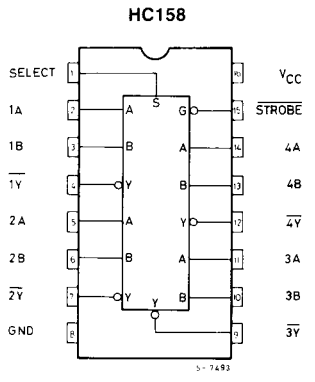
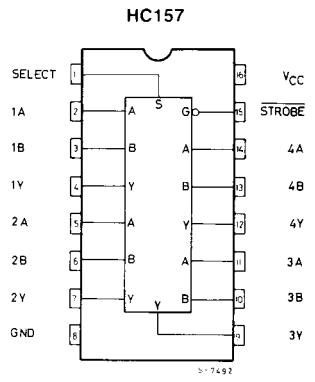
FEATURES

- High Speed
 $t_{PD} = 12 \text{ ns (Typ.)}$ at $V_{CC} = 5V$
- Low Power Dissipation
 $I_{CC} = 4 \mu A \text{ (Max.)}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ C$
- High Noise Immunity
 $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC} \text{ (Min.)}$
- Output Drive Capability
10 LSTTL Loads
- Symmetrical Output Impedance
 $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA (Min.)}$
- Balanced Propagation Delays
 $t_{PLH} = t_{PHL}$
- Wide Operating Voltage Range
 $V_{CC} \text{ (opr)} = 2V \text{ to } 6V$
- Pin and Function compatible with 54/74LS157/158

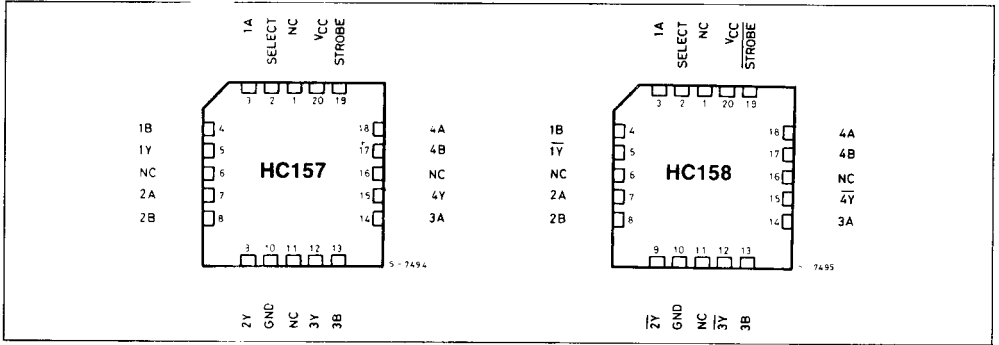


B1 Plastic Package **F1** Ceramic Package **C1** Chip Carrier
ORDERING NUMBERS: M54HCXXX F1
M74HCXXX B1
M74HCXXX F1
M74HCXXX C1

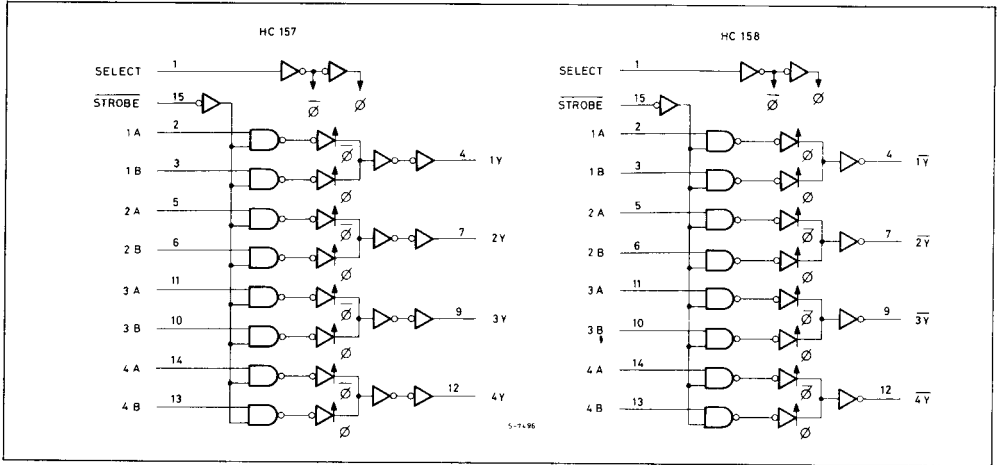
PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



CHIP CARRIER



LOGIC DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS				OUTPUTS	
STROBE	SELECT	A	B	Y (157)	\bar{Y} (158)
H	X	X	X	L	H
L	L	L	X	L	H
L	L	H	X	H	L
L	H	X	L	L	H
L	H	X	H	H	L

X: Don't Care



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 7	V
V_I	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
V_O	DC Output Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I_{IK}	DC Input Diode Current	± 20	mA
I_{OK}	DC Output Diode Current	± 20	mA
I_O	DC Output Source Sink Current Per Output Pin	± 25	mA
I_{CC} or I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} or Ground Current	± 50	mA
P_D	Power Dissipation	500 (*)	mW
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

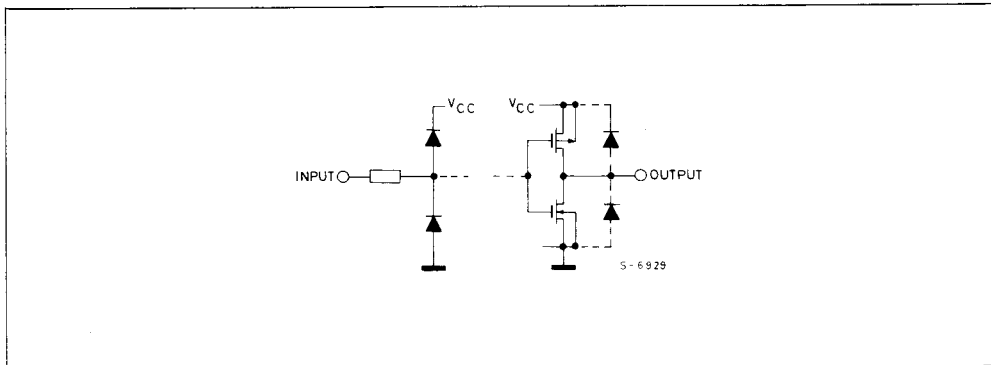
Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

(*) 500 mW: $\cong 65^{\circ}C$ derate to 300 mW by 10 mW/ $^{\circ}C$: $65^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Limit	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	2 to 6	V
V_I	Input Voltage	0 to V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output Voltage	0 to V_{CC}	V
T_A	Operating Temperature 74HC Series 54HC Series	-40 to 85 -55 to 125	$^{\circ}C$
t_r, t_f	Input Rise and Fall Time	$V_{CC} \begin{cases} 2 \text{ V} & 0 \text{ to } 1000 \\ 4.5 \text{ V} & 0 \text{ to } 500 \\ 6 \text{ V} & 0 \text{ to } 400 \end{cases}$	ns

INPUT AND OUTPUT EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



DC SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	Test Condition		T _A = 25°C 54HC and 74HC			- 40 to 85°C 74HC		- 55 to 125°C 54HC		Unit
					Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	2.0 4.5 6.0			1.5 3.15 4.2	— — —	— — —	1.5 3.15 4.2	— — —	1.5 3.15 4.2		V
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	2.0 4.5 6.0			— — —	— — —	0.5 1.35 1.8	— — —	0.5 1.35 1.8		0.5 1.35 1.8	V
V _{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5 6.0	V _I	I _O	1.9	2.0	—	1.9	—	1.9		V
					V _{IH} or V _{IL}	- 20 μA	4.4	4.5	—	4.4	—	
			V _{IH} or V _{IL}	- 4.0 mA	4.18	4.31	—	4.13	—	4.10		
				- 5.2 mA	5.68	5.8	—	5.63	—	5.60		
V _{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	2.0 4.5 6.0 4.5 6.0	V _{IH} or V _{IL}	20 μA	—	0	0.1	—	0.1		0.1	V
					—	0	0.1	—	0.1		0.1	
			V _{IH} or V _{IL}	4.0 mA	—	0.17	0.26	—	0.33		0.40	
				5.2 mA	—	0.18	0.26	—	0.33		0.40	
I _I	Input Leakage Current*	6.0	V _I = V _{CC} or GND		—	—	±0.1	—	±1		±1	μA
I _{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	6.0	V _I = V _{CC} or GND I _O = 0		—	—	4	—	40		80	μA

* Applicable only to DIR, G, \bar{G} input

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = 25°C, C_L = 15pF, Input t_r = t_f = 6ns)

Symbol	Parameter	54HC and 74HC			Unit
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
t _{TLH} t _{THL}	Output Transition Time		4	8	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (A, B - Y) HC158		11	18	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (SELECT - Y) HC158		15	24	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (STROBE - Y) HC158		14	23	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (A, B - Y) HC157		12	20	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (SELECT - Y) HC157		17	27	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (STROBE - Y) HC157		16	26	ns



AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Input $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ns}$)

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC}	Test Condition	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 54HC and 74HC			- 40 to 85°C 74HC		- 55 to 125°C 54HC		Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{TLH} t_{THL}	Output Transition Time	2.0		—	28	75	—	90			ns
		4.5		—	8	15	—	18			
		6.0		—	7	13	—	16			
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (A, B - Y) HC 157	2.0		—	49	125	—	150			ns
		4.5		—	15	25	—	30			
		6.0		—	13	21	—	26			
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (SELECT - Y) HC157	2.0		—	70	150	—	180			ns
		4.5		—	20	30	—	36			
		6.0		—	17	26	—	32			
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (STROBE - Y) HC 158	2.0		—	62	145	—	175			ns
		4.5		—	19	29	—	35			
		6.0		—	16	25	—	33			
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (A, B - Y) HC 158	2.0		—	42	110	—	135			ns
		4.5		—	13	22	—	27			
		6.0		—	11	19	—	23			
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (SELECT - Y) HC158	2.0		—	58	140	—	170			ns
		4.5		—	18	28	—	34			
		6.0		—	16	25	—	30			
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time (STROBE - Y) HC158	2.0		—	56	135	—	165			ns
		4.5		—	17	27	—	33			
		6.0		—	15	24	—	31	—		
C_{IN}	Input capacitance			—	6	10	—	10			pF
C_{PD} (*)	Power Dissipation		HC157	—	53	—	—	—			pF
	Capacitance		HC158	—	51	—	—	—			pF

Note (*) C_{PD} is defined as the value the IC's of internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation hereunder.

$$I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/4 \text{ (per Channel).}$$