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**2N4199  
 thru  
 2N4204**

**Designers Data Sheet**

**REVERSE BLOCKING TRIODE THYRISTOR**

... fast switching, high-voltage Thyristors especially designed for pulse modulator applications in radar and other similar equipment.

- Guaranteed Limits on All Critical Parameters
- High-Voltage:  $V_{DRM} = 300$  to 800 Volts
- Maximum Turn-On Times Specified – 300 to 400 ns
- Repetitive Pulse Current to 100 Amperes
- Stable Switching Characteristics Over an Operating Temperature Range From  $-65$  to  $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Pulse Repetition Rates as High as 20,000 pps
- Jan Versions Available

**SILICON  
 CONTROLLED  
 RECTIFIERS**

**100 AMPERE PULSE  
 300 thru 800 VOLTS**

**Designers Data for  
 "Worst Case" Conditions**

The Designers Data Sheets permit the design of most circuits entirely from the information presented. Limit curves – representing boundaries on device characteristics – are given to facilitate "worst case" design.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

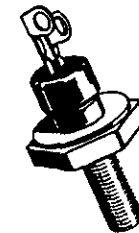
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Reverse Blocking Voltage (1) ( $T_J = 105^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$V_{RRM}$	50	Volts
*Peak Forward Blocking Voltage (1) 2N4199 ( $T_C = 105^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$V_{DRM}$	300	Volts
2N4200		400	
2N4201		500	
2N4202		600	
2N4203		700	
2N4204		800	
Repetitive Peak On-State Current (PW = 3.0 $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle = 0.6%, $T_C = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$I_{TRM}$	100	Amp
Continuous On-State Current ( $T_C = 65^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	$I_T$	5.0	Amp
Current Application Rate (2)	$di/dt$	5000	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
Peak Forward Gate Power	$P_{GFM}$	20	Watts
Average Forward Gate Power	$P_{GF(AV)}$	1	Watt
Peak Forward Gate Current	$I_{GFM}$	5.0	Amp
Peak Gate Voltage – Forward	$V_{GFM}$	10	Volts
Reverse (3)	$V_{GRM}$	10	
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Blocking State		$-65$ to $+105$	
Conducting State		$-65$ to $+200$	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	$-65$ to $+200$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Stud Torque		15	in. lb.

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

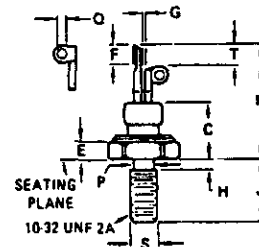
Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
*Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	3.0	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

- (1) Characterized for unilateral applications where reverse blocking capability is not important. Higher voltage units available upon request.  $V_{DRM}$  and  $V_{RRM}$  may be applied as a continuous dc voltage for zero or negative gate voltage but positive gate voltage must not be applied concurrently with a negative potential on the anode. When checking blocking capability, do not permit the applied voltage to exceed the rated voltage.
- (2) Minimum Gate Trigger Pulse:  $I_G = 200$  mA,  $PW = 1$   $\mu\text{s}$ ,  $t_r = 20$  ns.
- (3) Do not reverse bias gate during forward conduction if anode current exceeds 10 amperes.

\*JEDEC Registered Data



STYLE 1.  
 PIN 1. CATHODE  
 2. GATE  
 STUD – ANODE



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	12.57	12.83	0.495	0.505
B	10.77	11.10	0.424	0.437
C	–	10.80	–	0.425
D	3.94	4.70	0.155	0.185
E	–	3.56	–	0.140
J	10.16	11.51	0.400	0.453
K	–	21.72	–	0.855
L	–	17.78	–	0.700
M	–	7.11	–	0.280
Q	1.02	1.91	0.040	0.075

CASE 63-03

## 2N4199 thru 2N4204

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Fig. No.	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
*Peak Forward and Reverse Blocking Current (Rated $V_{DRM}$ and $V_{RRM}$ , $T_C = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , gate open)	17	$I_{DRM}$ $I_{RRM}$	—	2.0	mA
Gate Trigger Current (Continuous dc) (Anode Voltage = 7.0 Vdc, $R_L = 100$ ohms, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) • (Anode Voltage = 7.0 Vdc, $R_L = 100$ ohms, $T_C = -65^\circ\text{C}$ )	14	$I_{GT}$	—	50 100	mA
Gate Trigger Voltage (Continuous dc) • (Anode Voltage = rated $V_{DRM}$ , $R_L = 100$ ohms, $T_C = 105^\circ\text{C}$ ) (Anode Voltage = 7.0 Vdc, $R_L = 100$ ohms, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) • (Anode Voltage = 7.0 Vdc, $R_L = 100$ ohms, $T_C = -65^\circ\text{C}$ )	12	$V_{GT}$	0.2	— 1.5 2.0	Volts
*Holding Current (Anode Voltage = 7.0 Vdc, gate open, $T_C = 105^\circ\text{C}$ )	18	$I_H$	3.0	—	mA
*Forward "On" Voltage ( $I_{TM} = 5$ Adc, PW = 1.0 ms max, Duty cycle < 1%)	8	$V_{TM}$	—	—	Volts
*Dynamic Forward "On" Voltage (0.5 $\mu\text{s}$ after 50% decay point on dynamic forward voltage waveform.) Forward Current: 30 A pulse Gate Pulse: at 200 mA, PW = 1.0 $\mu\text{s}$ , $t_r = 20$ ns	7	$v_{TM}$	—	25	Volts
*Turn-On Time (2) $I_{TM} = 30$ A Delay Time Rise Time	1, 9 1, 11	$t_d$ $t_r$	—	200 200 150 130 100	ns
*Pulse Turn-Off Time Test Conditions: PFN discharge; Forward Current = 30 A pulse; Reverse Current = 5.0 A, $T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ , $dv/dt = 250$ V/ $\mu\text{s}$ to Rated $V_{DRM}$ ; Reverse anode voltage during turn-off interval = 0 V; Reverse gate bias during turn-off interval = 6.0 V.	2, 13	$t_q$	—	20	$\mu\text{s}$
*Forward Voltage Application Rate (Linear Rise of Voltage) ( $T_C = 105^\circ\text{C}$ , gate open, $V_D = \text{Rated } V_{DRM}$ )	16	$dv/dt$	250	—	V/ $\mu\text{s}$

\* $V_{DRM}$  for all types can be applied on a continuous dc basis without incurring damage. Ratings apply for zero or negative gate voltage. When checking forward or reverse blocking capability, these devices should not be tested with a constant current source in a manner that the voltage applied exceeds the rated blocking voltage. Other voltage units available upon request.

### TEST CIRCUITS

FIGURE 1 — TURN-ON TIME

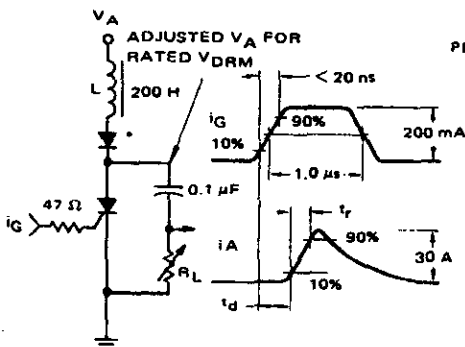
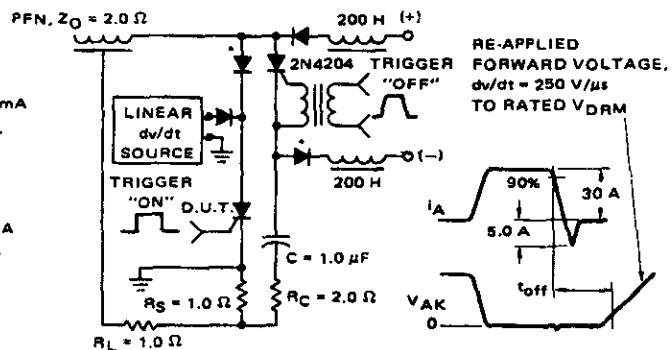


FIGURE 2 — TURN-OFF TIME



\*Two 1N4937 fast-recovery diodes in series each shunted by a 180 k $\Omega$  resistor.

## 2N4199 thru 2N4204

### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

FIGURE 9 - DELAY TIME

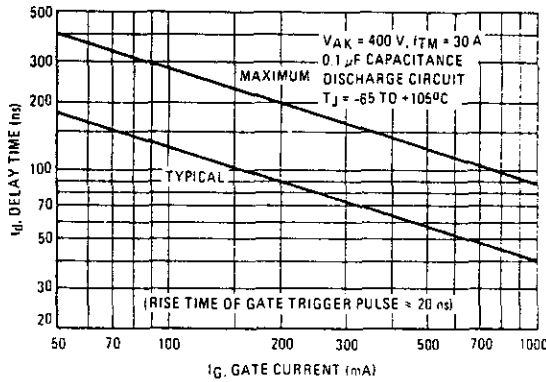


FIGURE 11 - CURRENT RISE TIME

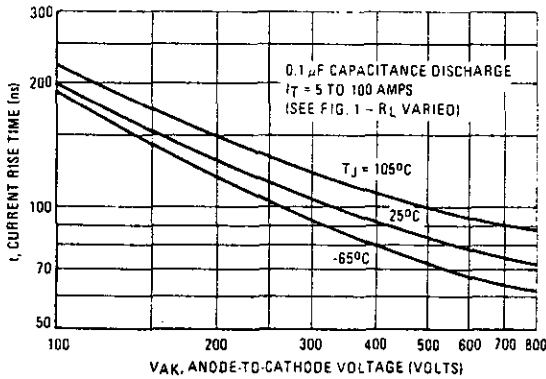
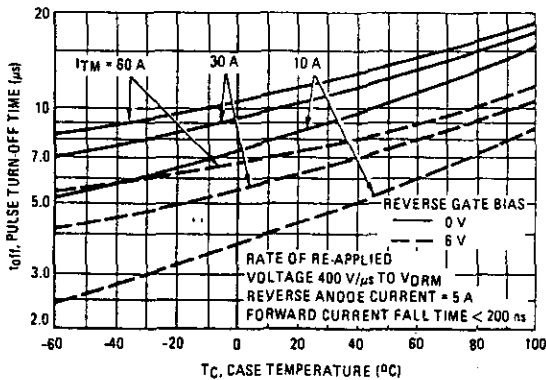


FIGURE 13 - TYPICAL TURN-OFF TIME



### TRIGGERING CHARACTERISTICS

FIGURE 10 - TYPICAL PULSE TRIGGER CHARGE/CURRENT

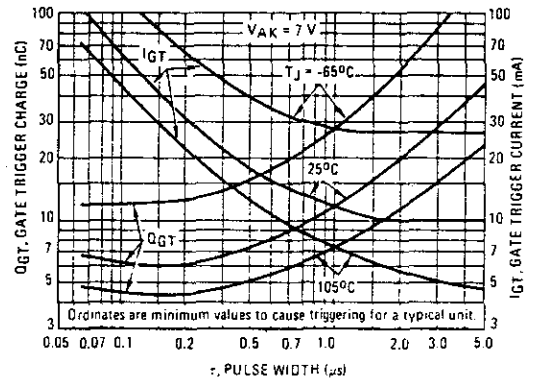


FIGURE 12 - DC GATE TRIGGER VOLTAGE

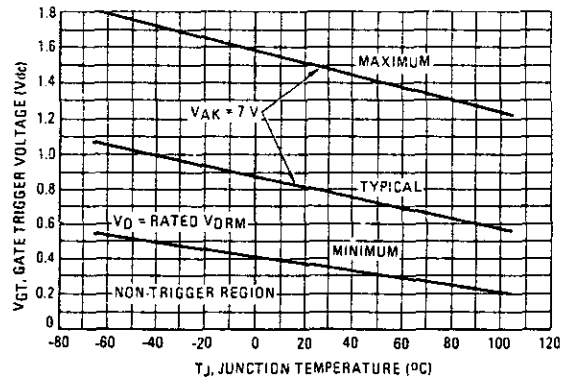
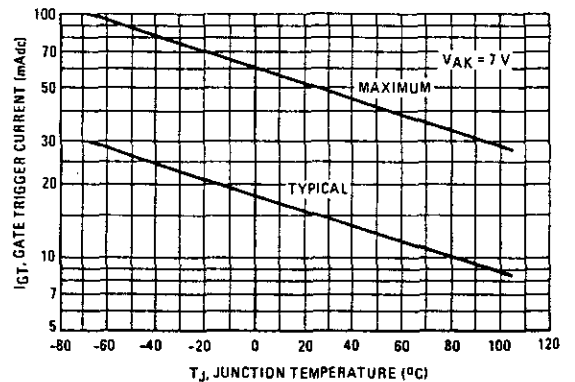
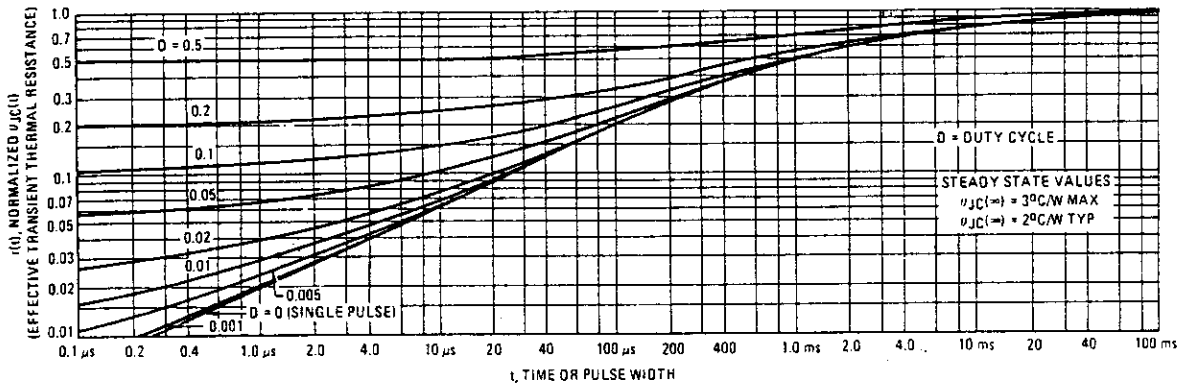


FIGURE 14 - DC GATE TRIGGER CURRENT



## 2N4199 thru 2N4204

FIGURE 6 – NORMALIZED EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE



### FORWARD "ON" VOLTAGE DATA

FIGURE 7 – TYPICAL DYNAMIC FORWARD "ON" VOLTAGE

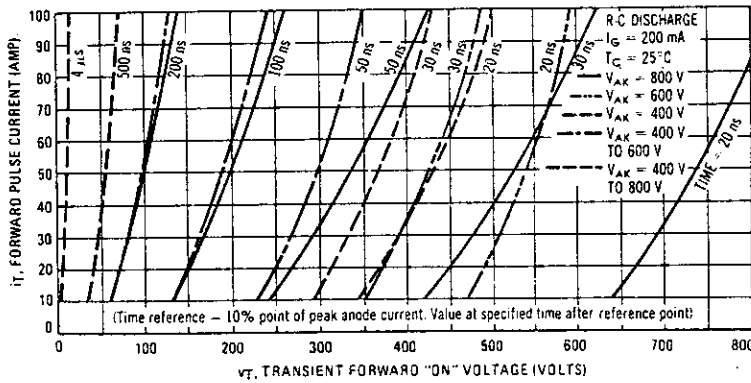
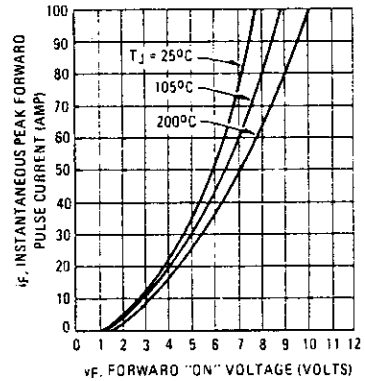


FIGURE 8 – MAXIMUM STEADY-STATE



### DESIGN NOTE CONTINUED

$$\Delta T(t_4) = [ 1000 (0.0205 + (1 - 5.25 \cdot 10^{-3}) 0.27 + 5.25 \cdot 10^{-3} - 0.27) + 700 (1 - 7.75 \cdot 10^{-3}) 0.27 + 7.75 \cdot 10^{-3} - 0.27 ] | 3 = 93.51^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$\Delta T(t_5) = [ 1000 (0.032 + (1 - 5.25 \cdot 10^{-3}) 0.27 + 5.25 \cdot 10^{-3} - 0.27 - 0.0205) + 700 (0.025 + (1 - 7.75 \cdot 10^{-3}) 0.27 + 7.75 \cdot 10^{-3} - 0.27) ] | 3 = 105.6^{\circ}\text{C}$$

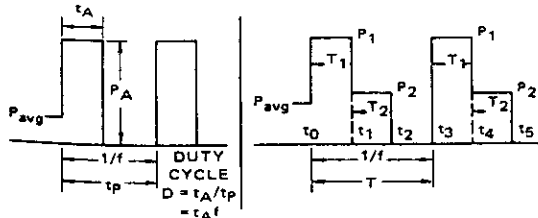


FIGURE A – SIMPLE MODEL FIGURE B – MORE ACCURATE MODEL

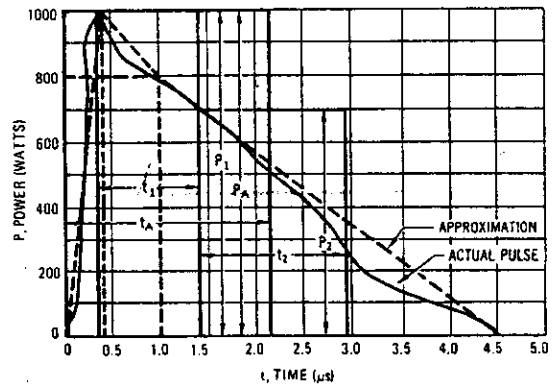


FIGURE C – AN ACTUAL TRANSIENT POWER PULSE