SIEMENS

4N32/4N33

PHOTODARLINGTON OPTOCOUPLER

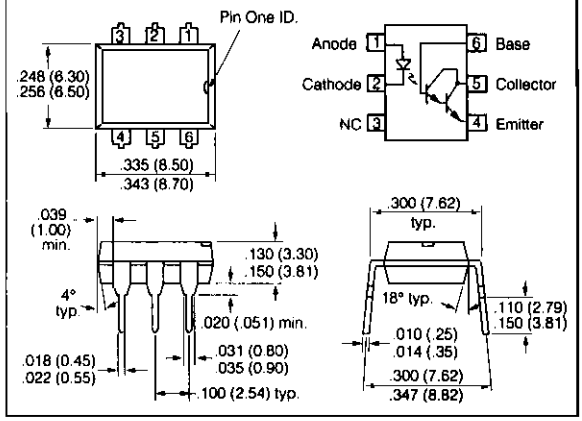
FEATURES

- **Very High Current Transfer Ratio, 500% Min.**
- **High Isolation Resistance, 10^{11} Ω Typical**
- **Standard Plastic DIP Package**
- **Underwriters Lab File #E52744**
- **VDE Approvals #0884 (Available with Option 1)**

DESCRIPTION

The 4N32 and 4N33 are optically coupled isolators with a Gallium Arsenide infrared LED and a silicon photodarlington sensor. Switching can be achieved while maintaining a high degree of isolation between driving and load circuits. These optocouplers can be used to replace reed and mercury relays with advantages of long life, high speed switching and elimination of magnetic fields.

Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)



Maximum Ratings

Emitter

Peak Reverse Voltage ..... 3 V
Continuous Forward Current ..... 60 mA
Power Dissipation at 25°C ..... 100 mW
Derate Linearly from 55°C ..... 1.33 mW/°C

Detector

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage, BV_{CEO} ..... 30 V
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage, BV_{EBO} 8V
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage, BV_{CBO} ..... 50 V
Emiter-Collector Breakdown Voltage BV_{ECO} ..... 5 V
Collector (load) Current ..... 125 mA
Power Dissipation at 25°C Ambient ..... 150 mW
Derate Linearly from 25°C ..... 2.0 mW/°C

Package

Total Dissipation at 25°C Ambient ..... 250 mW
Derate Linearly from 25°C ..... 3.3 mW/°C
Isolation Test Voltage ..... 5300 VAC_{RMS}
Between Emitter and Detector
Refered to Standard Climate
23°C/50%RH, DIN 50014
Leakage Path ..... 7 mm min.
Air Path ..... 7 mm min.
Isolation Resitance
V_{IO}=500 V/25°C ..... $\geq 10^{12}\Omega$
V_{IO}=500 V/100°C ..... $\geq 10^{11}\Omega$
Storage Temperature ..... -55°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature ..... -55°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Time at 260°C ..... 10 sec.

Electrical Characteristics (T_A=25°C)

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Emitter					
Forward Voltage*		1.25	1.5	V	I_F=50 mA
Reverse Current*		0.1	100	µA	V_R=3.0 V
Capacitance		25		pF	V_R=0 V
Detector					
BV_{CEO}*	30			V	I_C=100 µA, I_F=0
BV_{CBO}*	50			V	I_C=100 µA, I_F=0
BV_{EBO}*	8			V	I_C=100 µA, I_F=0
BV_{ECO}*	5	10		V	I_E=100 µA, I_F=0
I_{CEO}		1.0	100	nA	V_{CE}=10 V, I_F=0
H_{FE}		13K			V_{CE}=5 V, I_C=0.5 mA
Package					
Current Transfer Ratio*	500			%	I_F=10 mA V_{CE} =10 V
$V_{CE\ sat}$		1.0		V	I_C=2 mA I_F=8 mA
Coupling Capacitance		1.5		pF	
Turn-On Time			5	µs	V_{CC}=10 V I_C=50 mA
Turn -Off Time			100	µs	I_F=200 mA R_L=180 Ω

**Indicates JEDEC registered values*

Figure 1. Forward voltage versus forward current

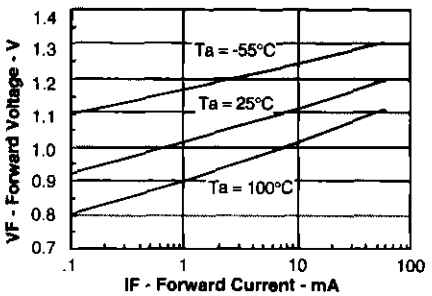


Figure 2. Normalized non-saturated and saturated CTRce versus LED current

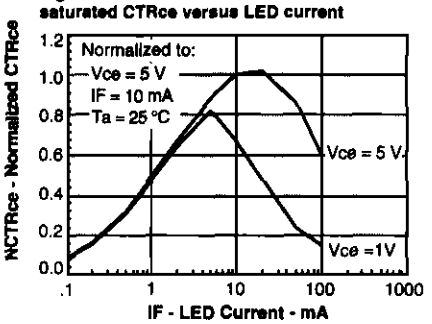


Figure 3. Normalized non-saturated and saturated collector-emitter current versus LED current

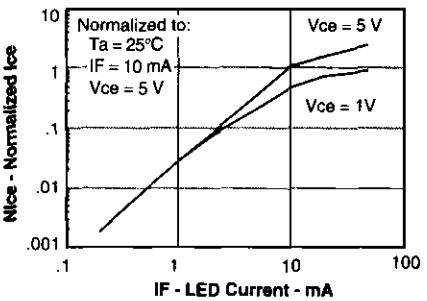


Figure 4. Normalized collector-base photocurrent versus LED current

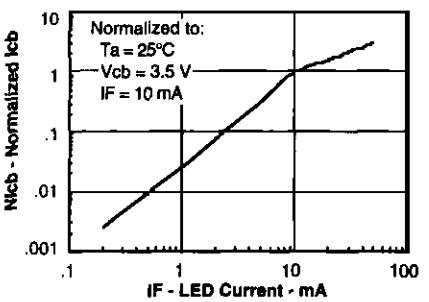


Figure 5. Non-saturated and saturated HFE versus base current

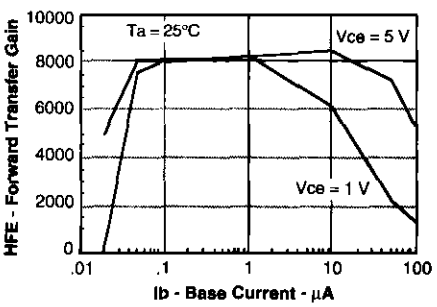


Figure 6. Low to high propagation delay versus collector load resistance and LED current

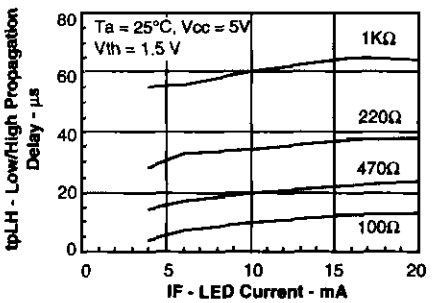


Figure 7. High to low propagation delay versus collector load resistance and LED current

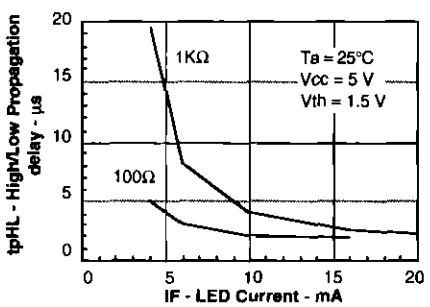


Figure 8. Switching waveform and switching schematic